

# **Evaluation of Water Quality Controls in St. Paul Water Utility Watersheds**

**Analysis of 1984-1999 Monitoring Data**

**prepared for**

**Board of Water Commissioners  
St. Paul, Minnesota**

**by**

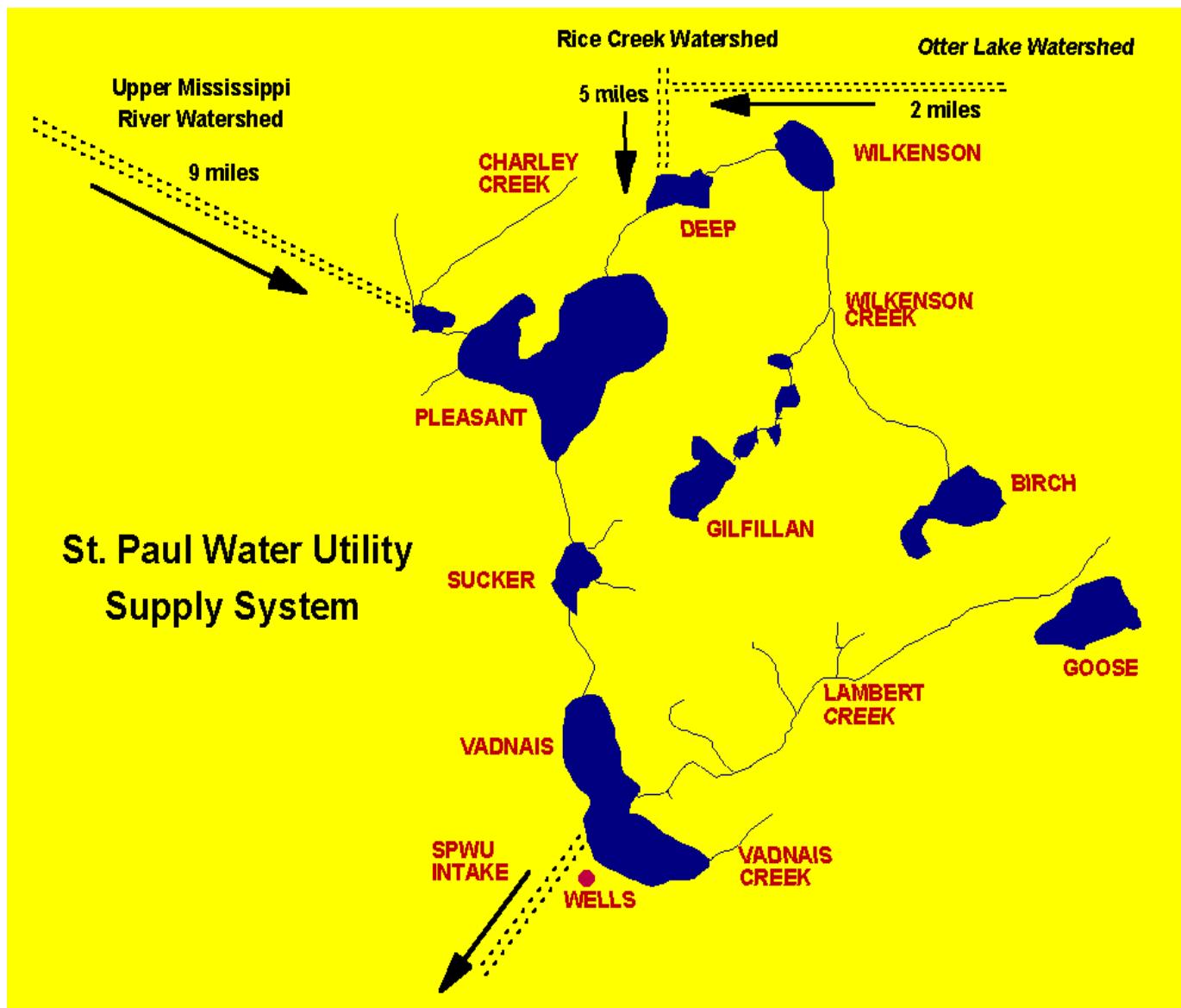
**William W. Walker, Jr., Ph.D.  
Environmental Engineer  
1127 Lowell Road  
Concord, Massachusetts 01742  
978-369-8061  
[wwwalker @shore.net](mailto:wwwalker@shore.net)  
<http://www.shore.net/~wwwalker>**

**May 9, 2000**

# **Evaluation of Water Quality Controls in St. Paul Water Utility Watersheds**

## **Analysis of 1984-1999 Monitoring Data**

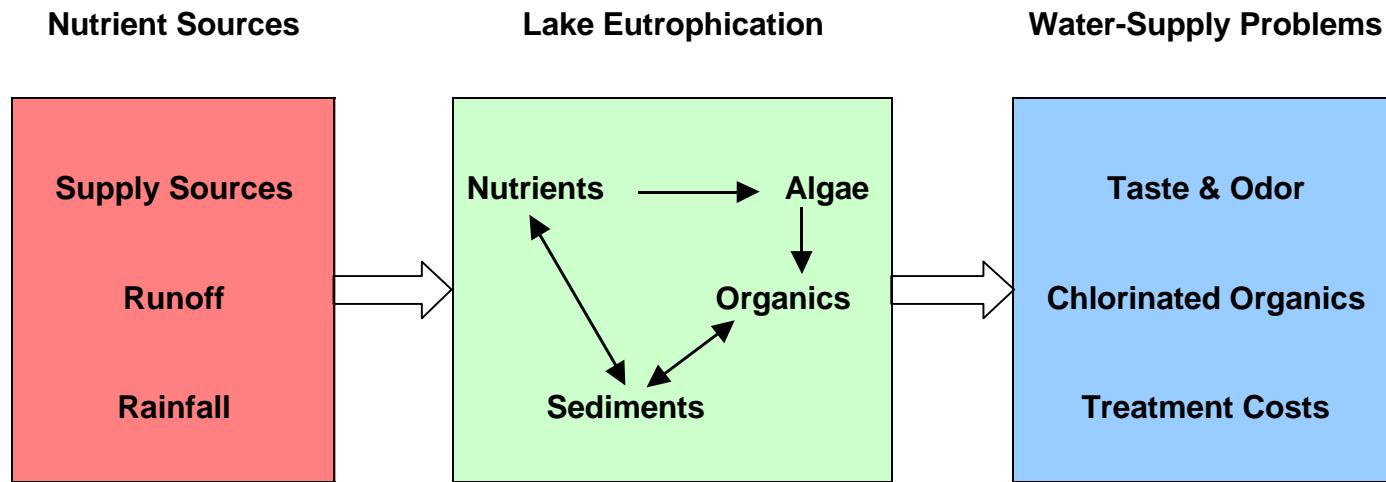
- Project History**
- Objectives**
- Conceptual Model**
- Diagnostic Study Design**
- Control Program**
- Monitoring Results**
- Conclusions**
- Recommendations**

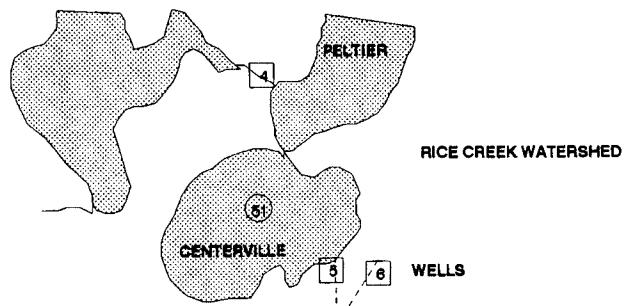


**Objectives**  
**Vadnais Lake Chain Diagnostic Study**  
**SPWU Taste & Odor Control Program**  
**1984 - 1999**

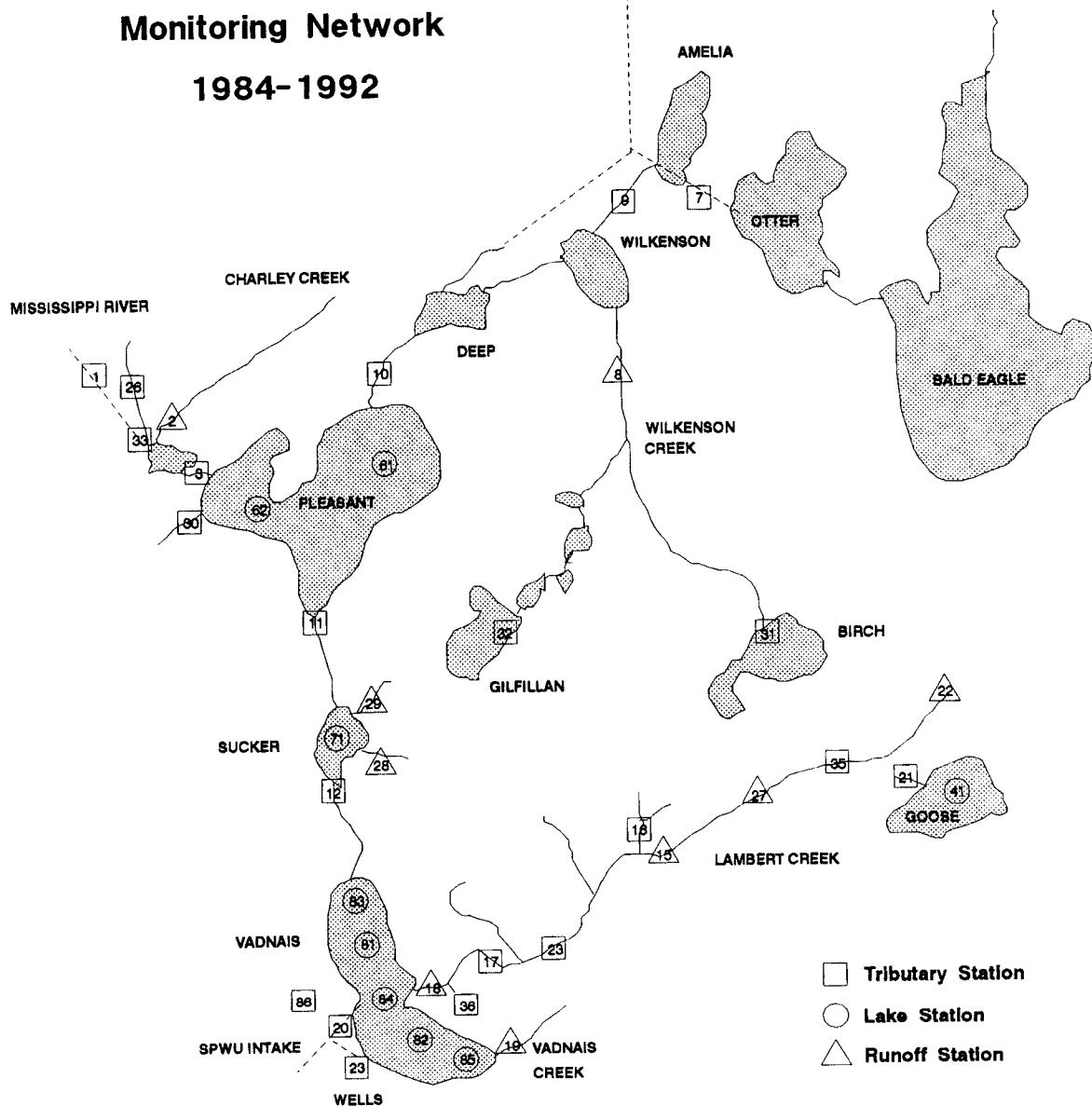
- Characterize basic limnology of supply lakes**
- Quantify runoff & nutrient loadings from supply sources under existing & future land uses**
- Assess cause-effect relationships linking watersheds, diversions, lake water quality, & taste-and-odor episodes**
- Provide data & models for design & evaluation of control measures**
- Track responses to implementation of controls**

## Conceptual Model for Vadnais Lake Diagnostic Study

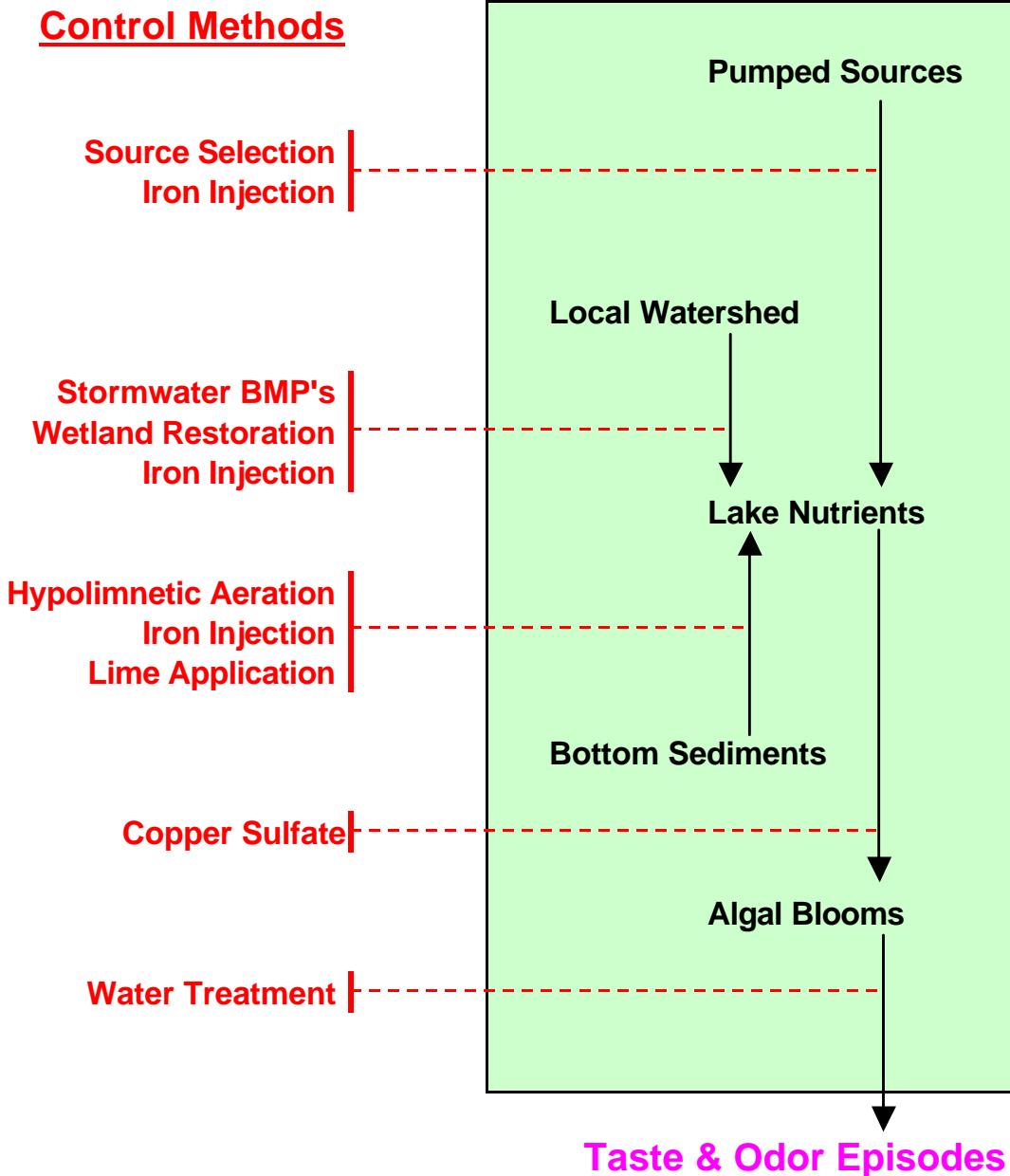


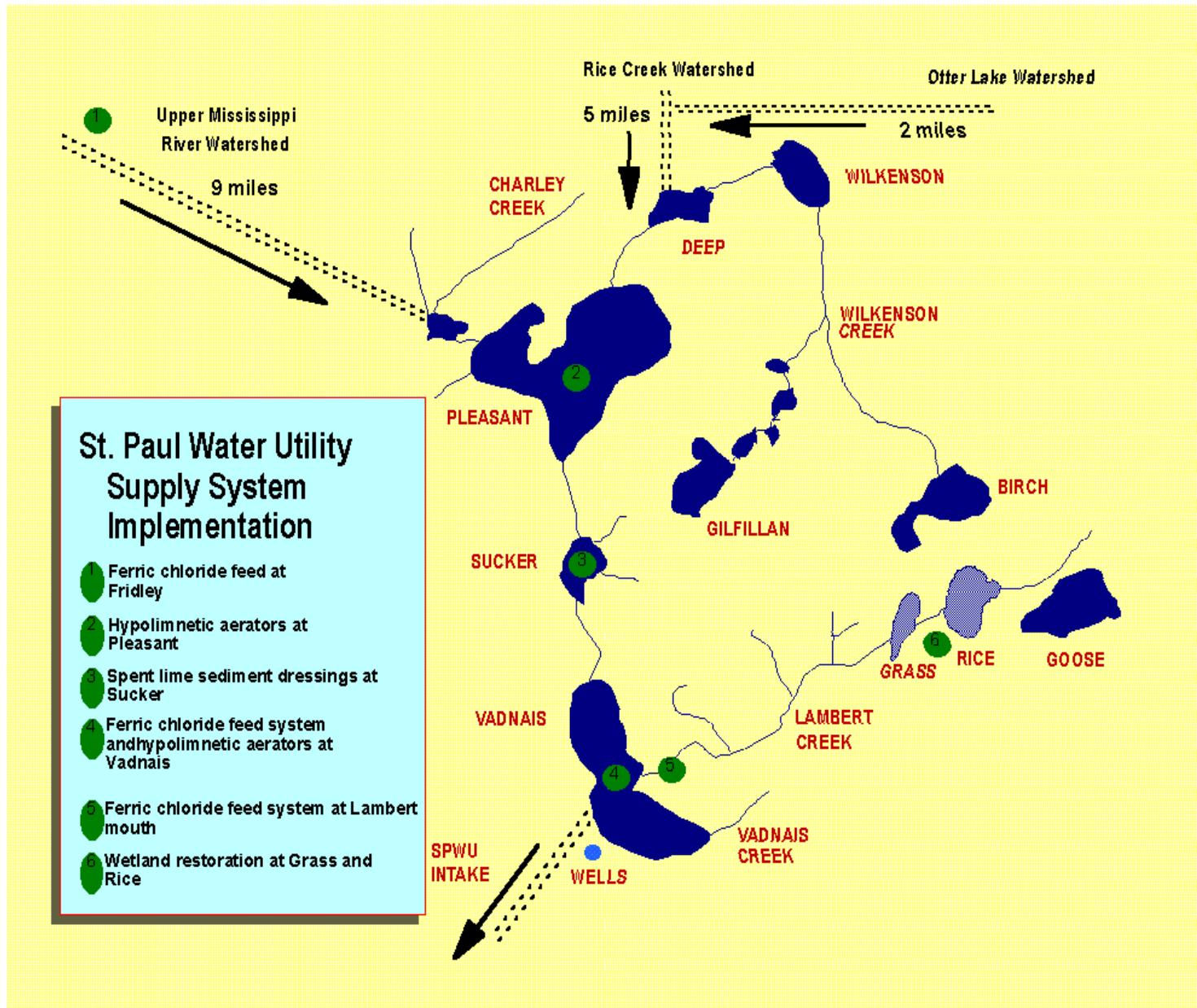


# St. Paul Water Utility Monitoring Network 1984-1992

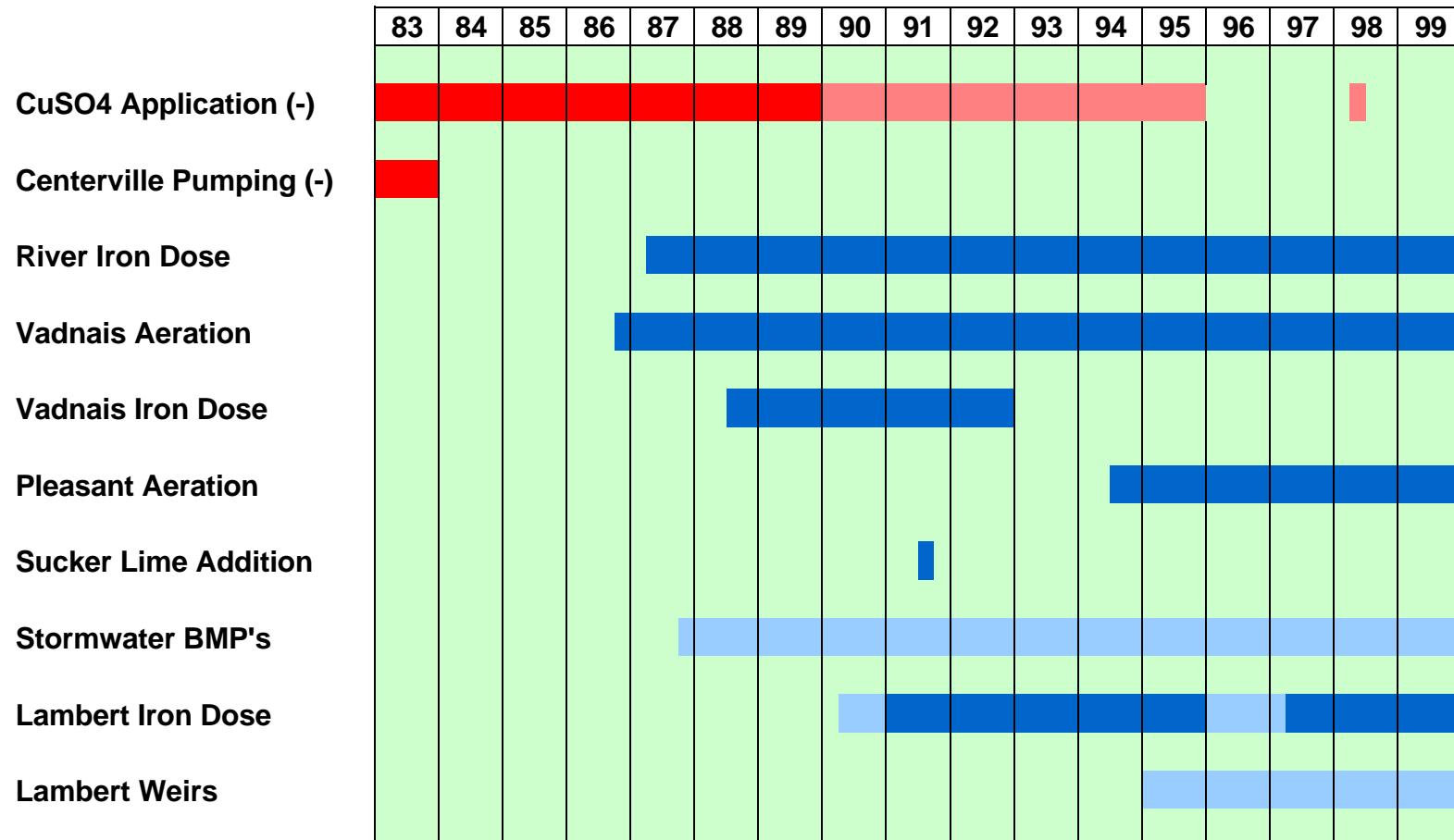


# SPWU Taste & Odor Control Strategy

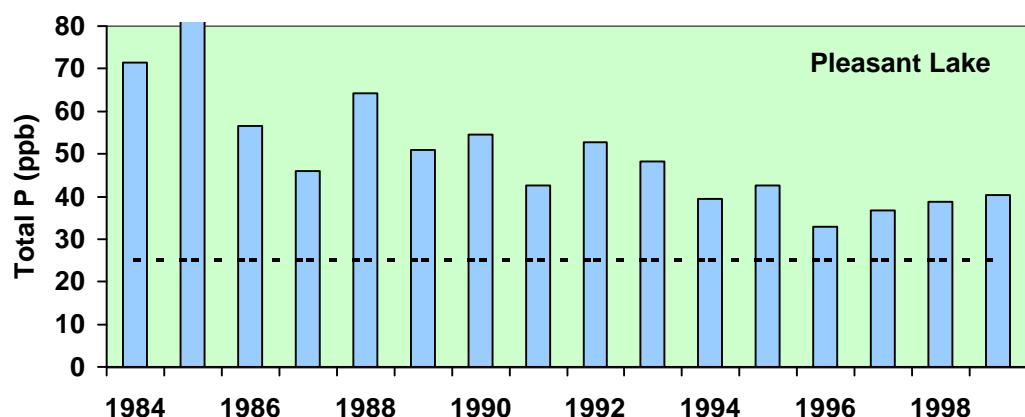
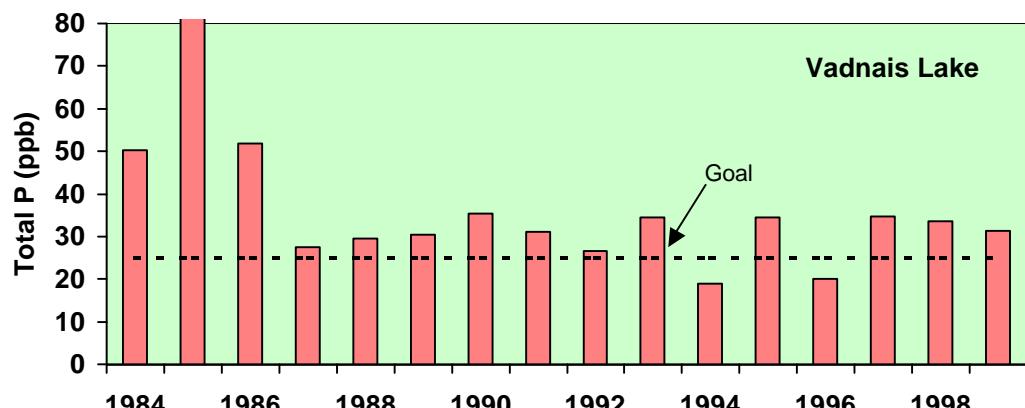
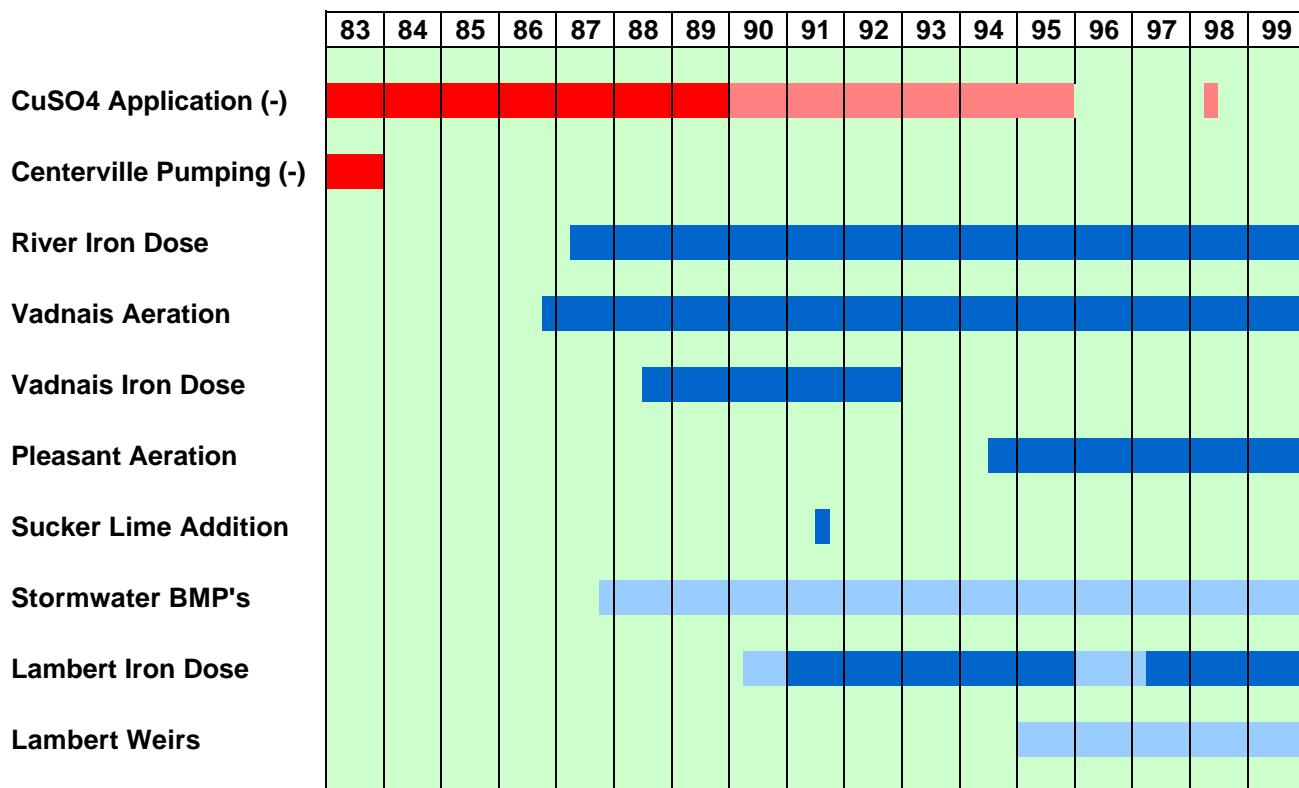




## Implementation of Watershed & Lake Controls



## Implementation of Watershed & Lake Controls



# **Factors Contributing to Water Quality Improvements**

## **Vadnais Lake Chain, 1984-1999**

**- Improvements in Mississippi River Water Quality**

**Point-Source Controls**

**Non-Point Source Controls**

**- SPWU Control Measures**

**Source Selection**

**Aeration**

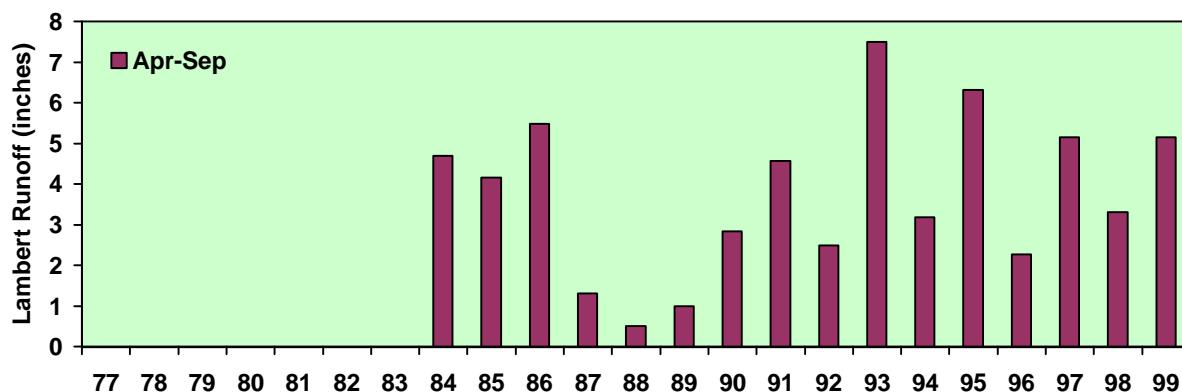
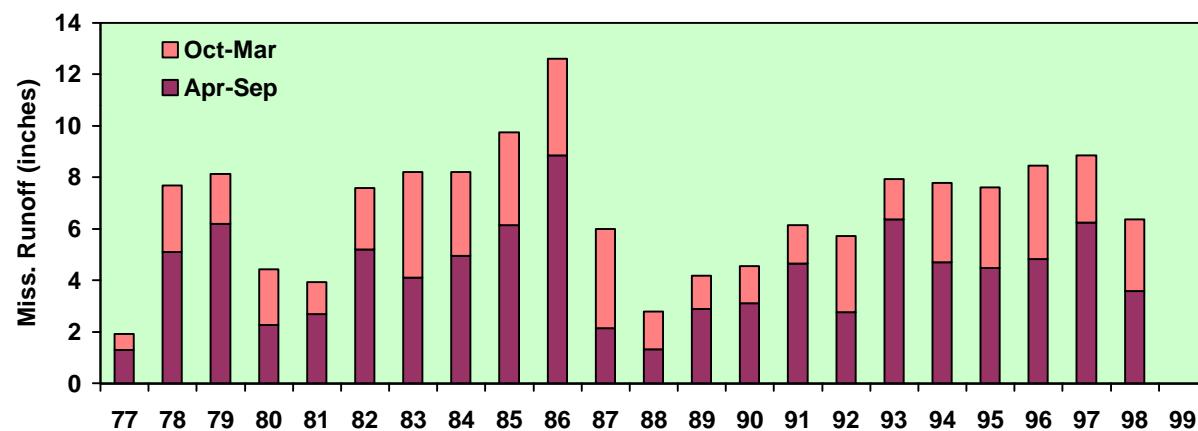
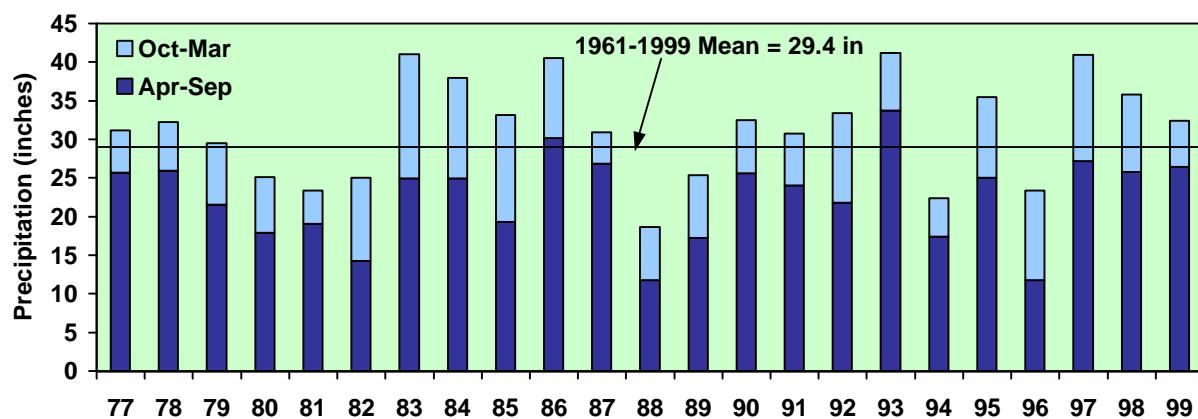
**Iron Injection**

**Stormwater Detention**

**Wetland Restoration**

**- Long-Term Climatologic Variations (?)**

## Long-Term Variations in Precipitation & Runoff

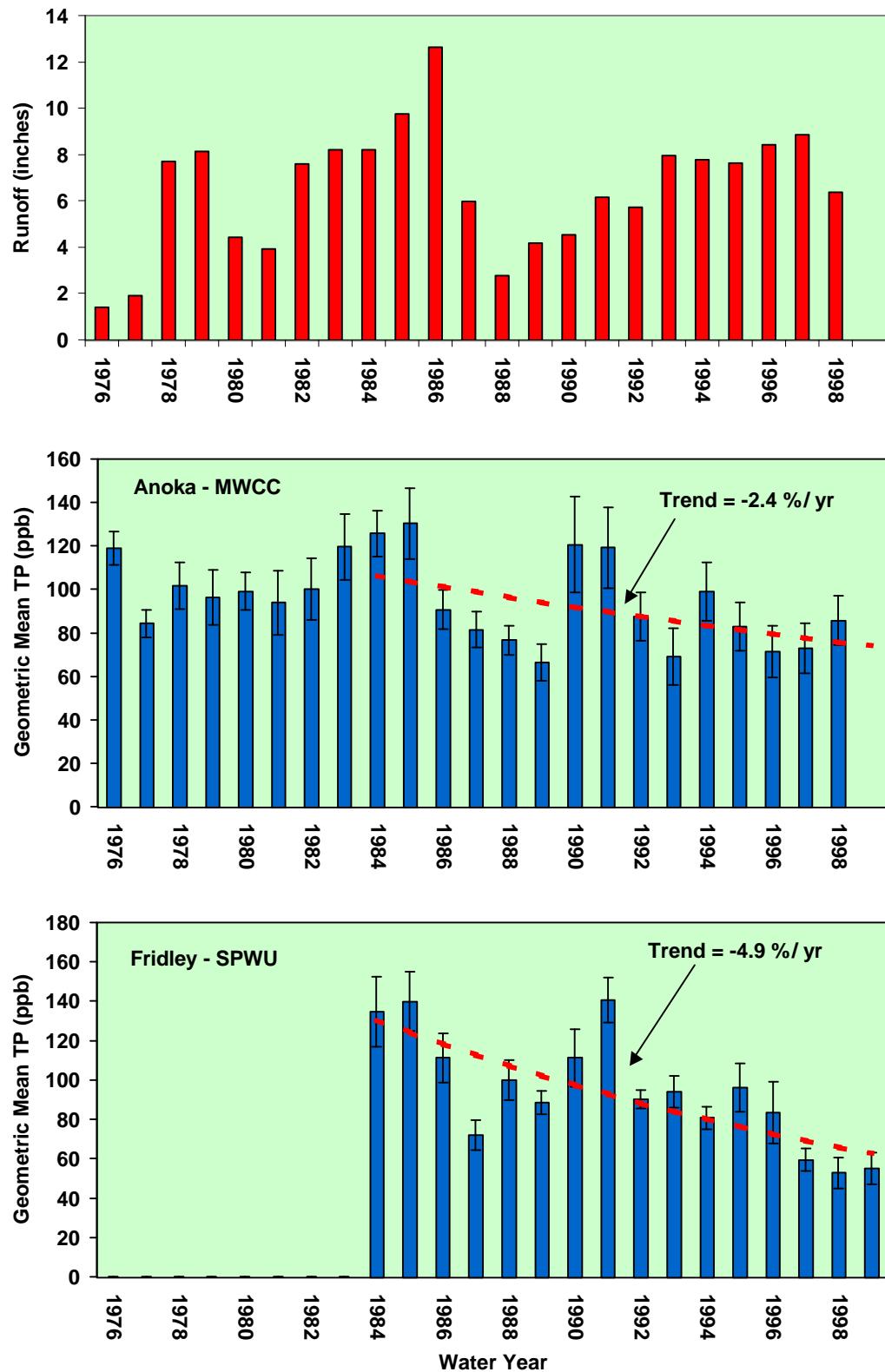


|-----Project Period----->

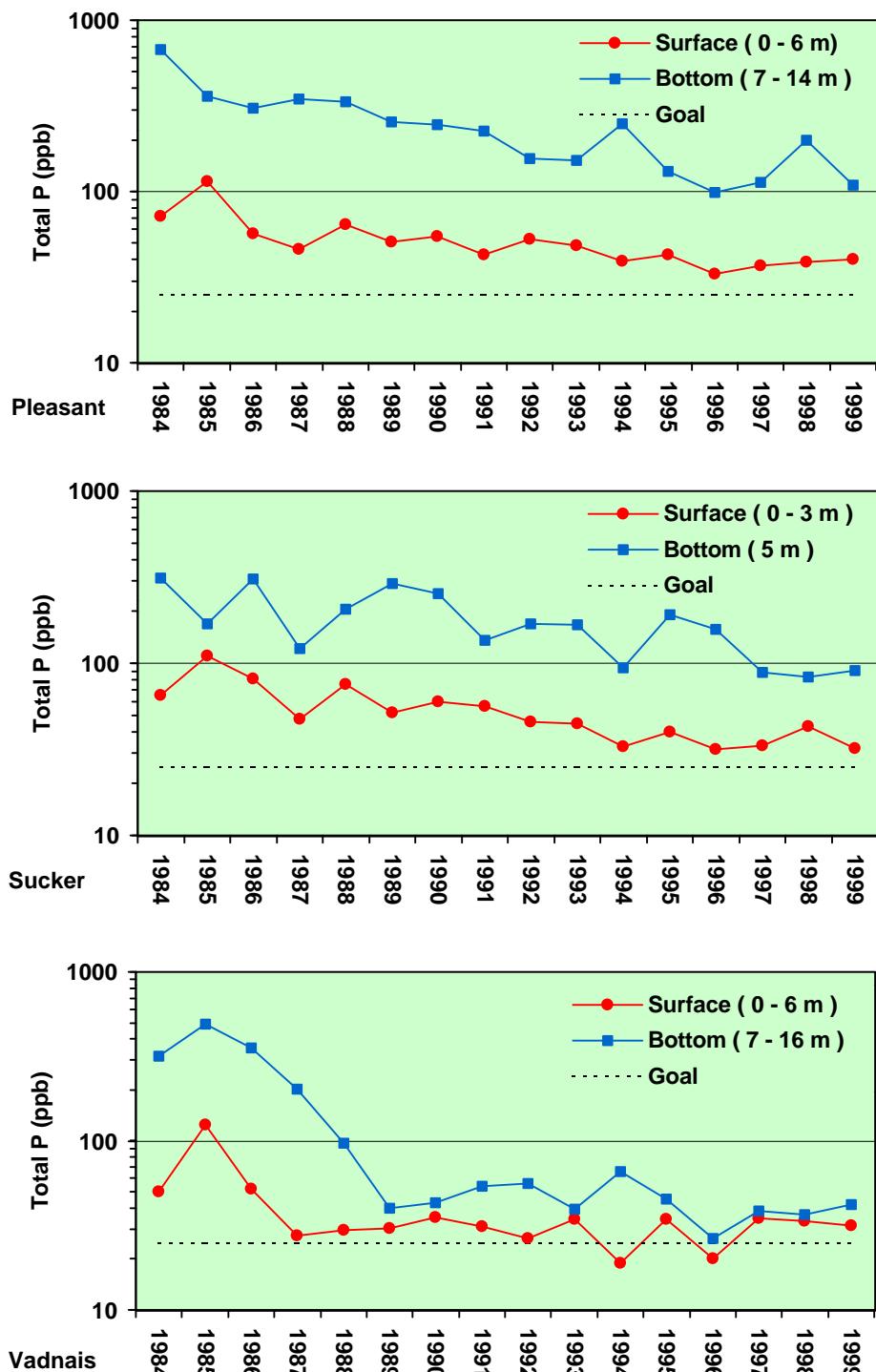
Mississippi River at Anoka  
Lambert Creek Mouth

MSP Airport Precipitation

## Mississippi River Runoff & Phosphorus Concentrations



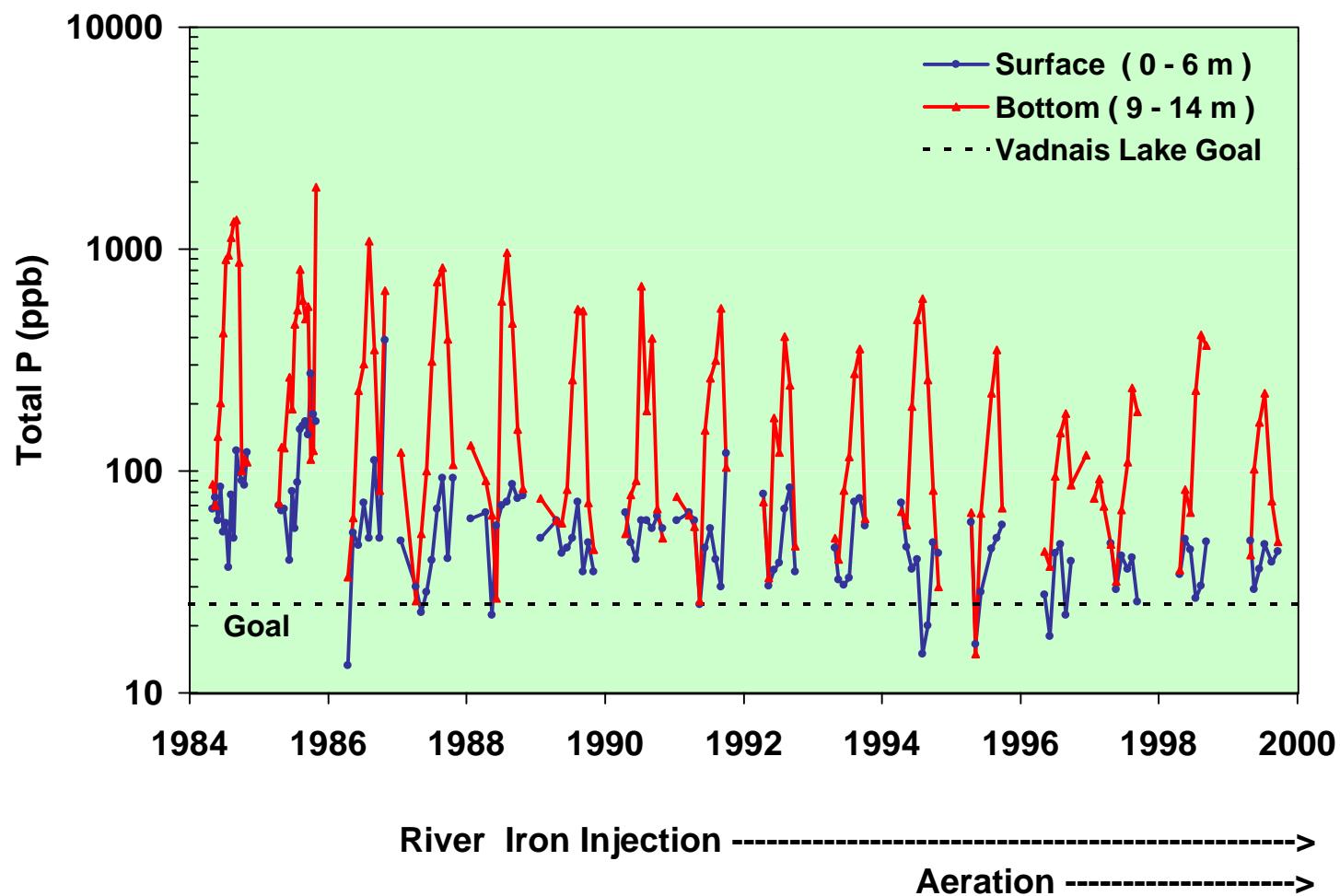
### Lake Total Phosphorus Time Series



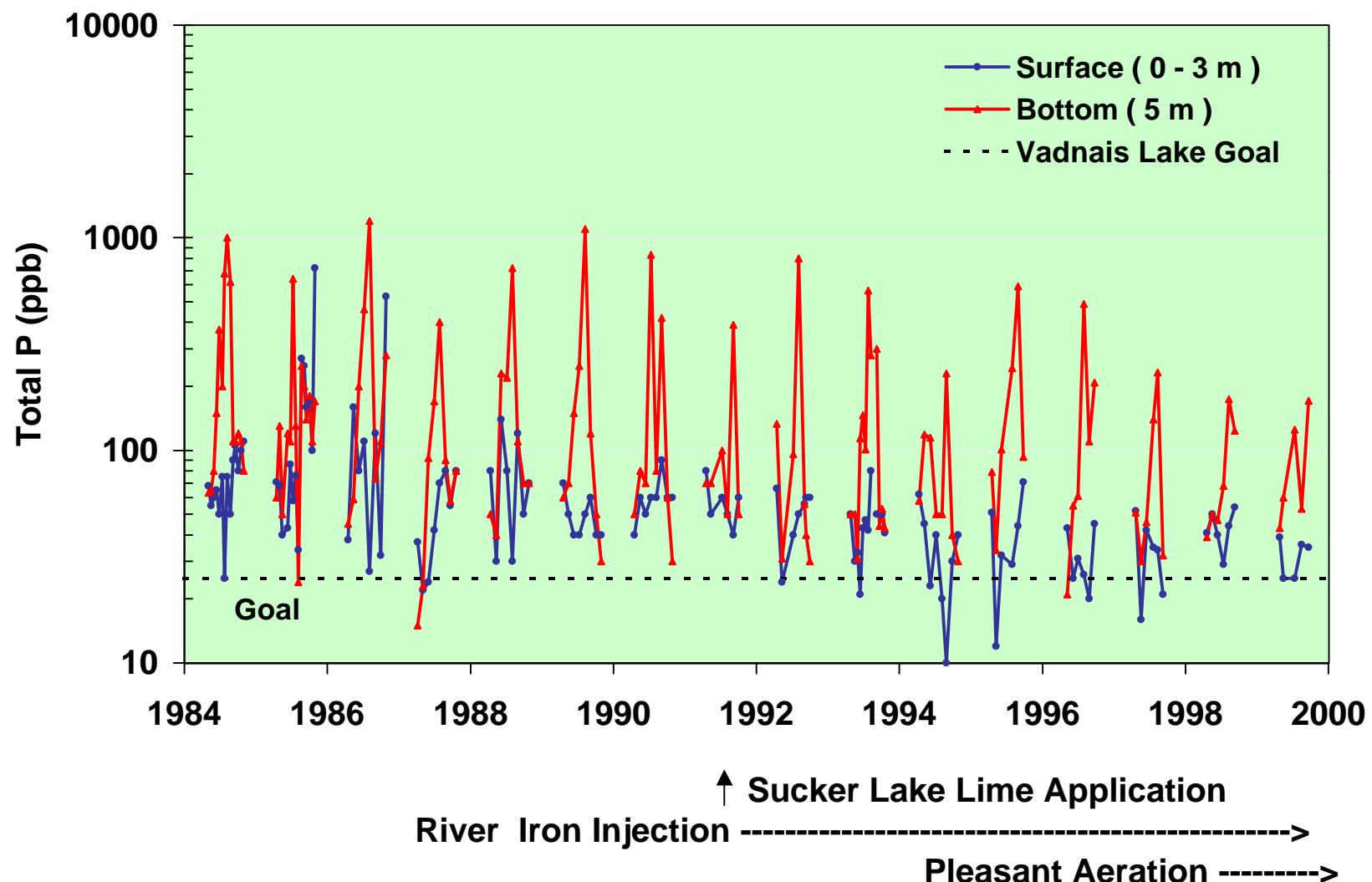
April-September

Control Program ----->

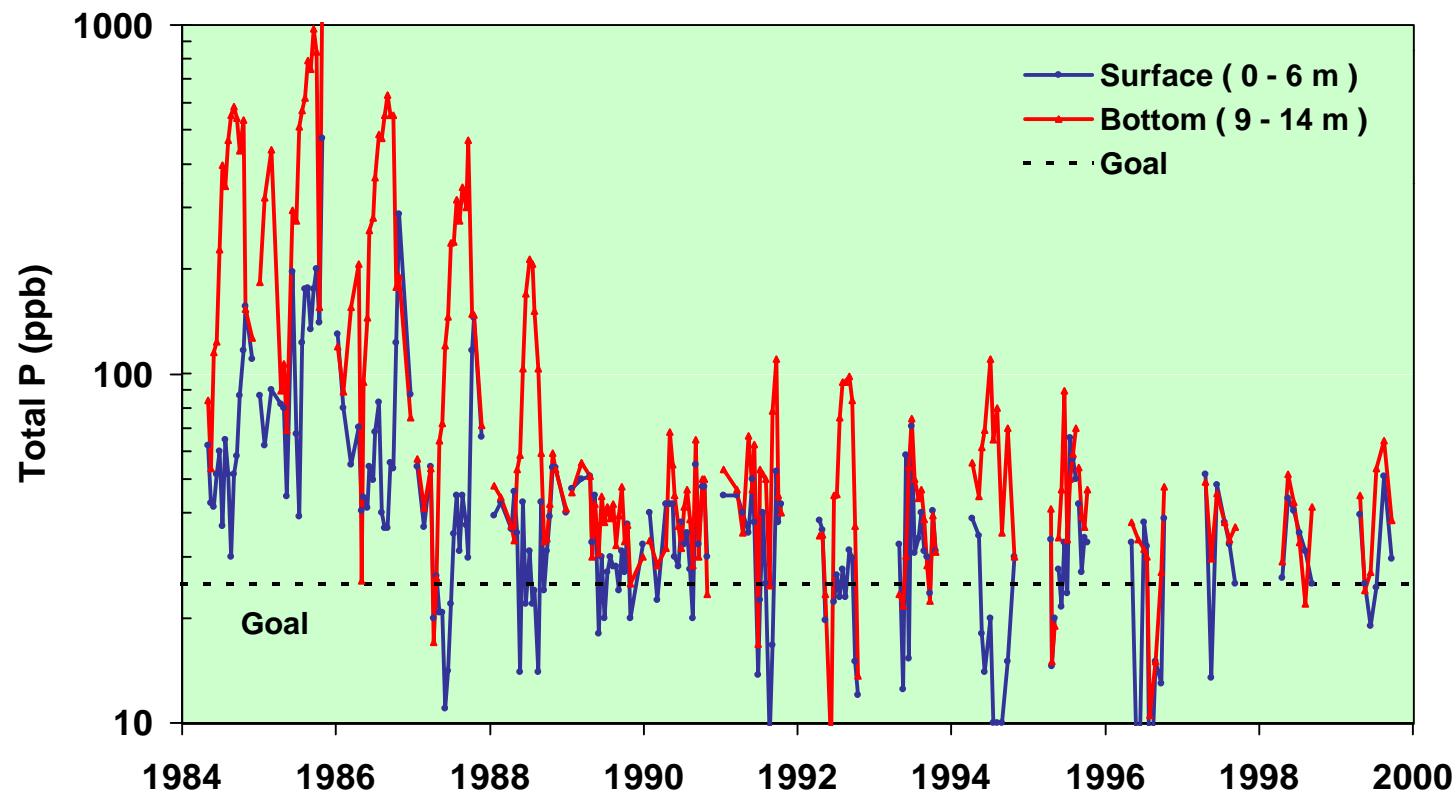
## Pleasant Lake Phosphorus Levels



## Sucker Lake Phosphorus Levels



## Vadnais Lake Phosphorus Levels



River Iron Injection ----->

Vadnais Aeration ----->

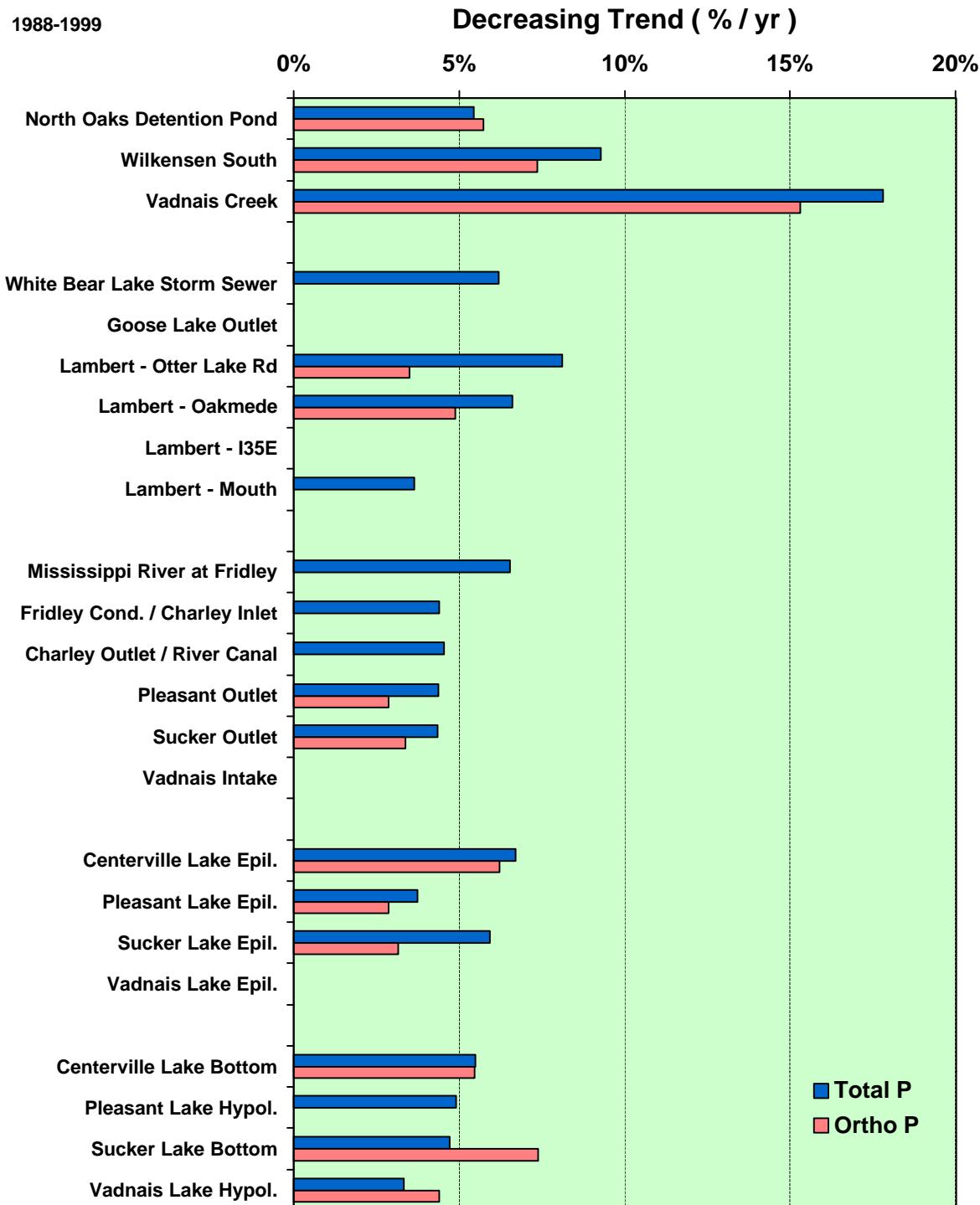
Lake Iron Injection -->

Lambert Creek Iron Injection ----->

Pleasant Aeration ----->

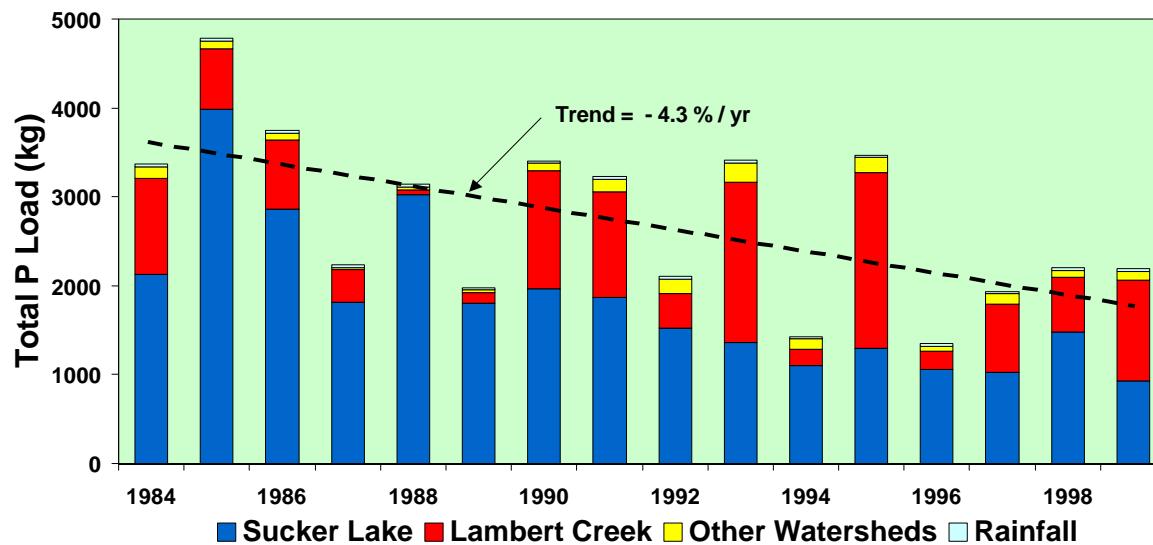
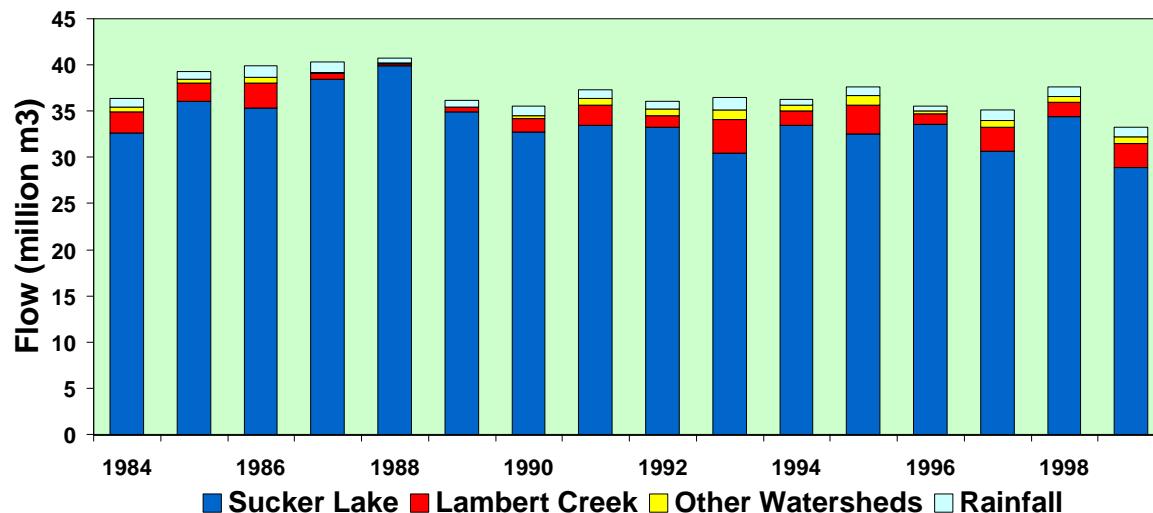
Lambert Wetlands-->

## Trends in Total & Ortho Phosphorus, 1988-1999



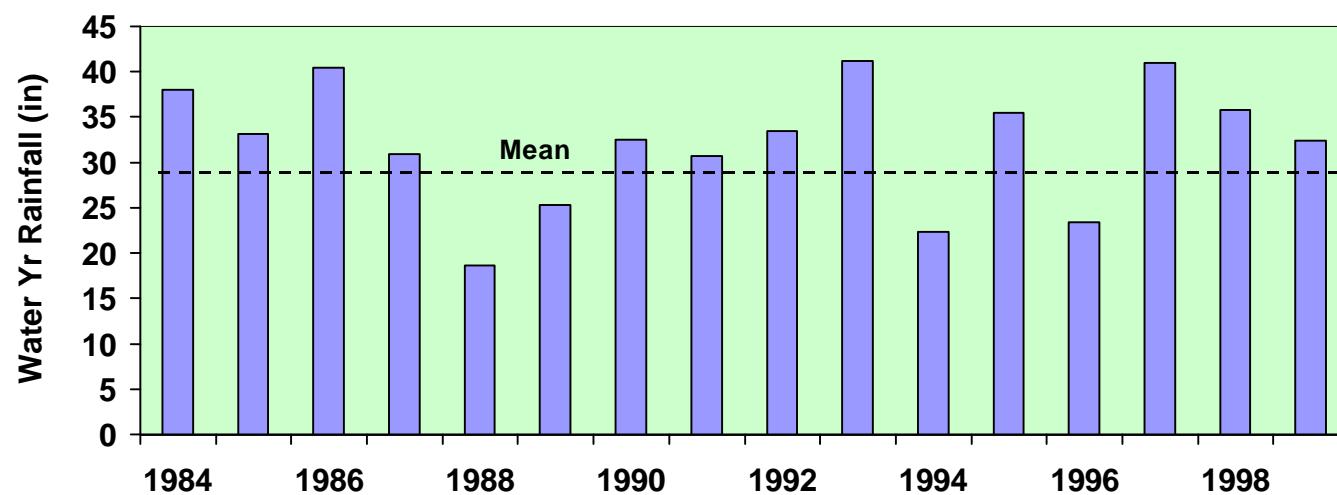
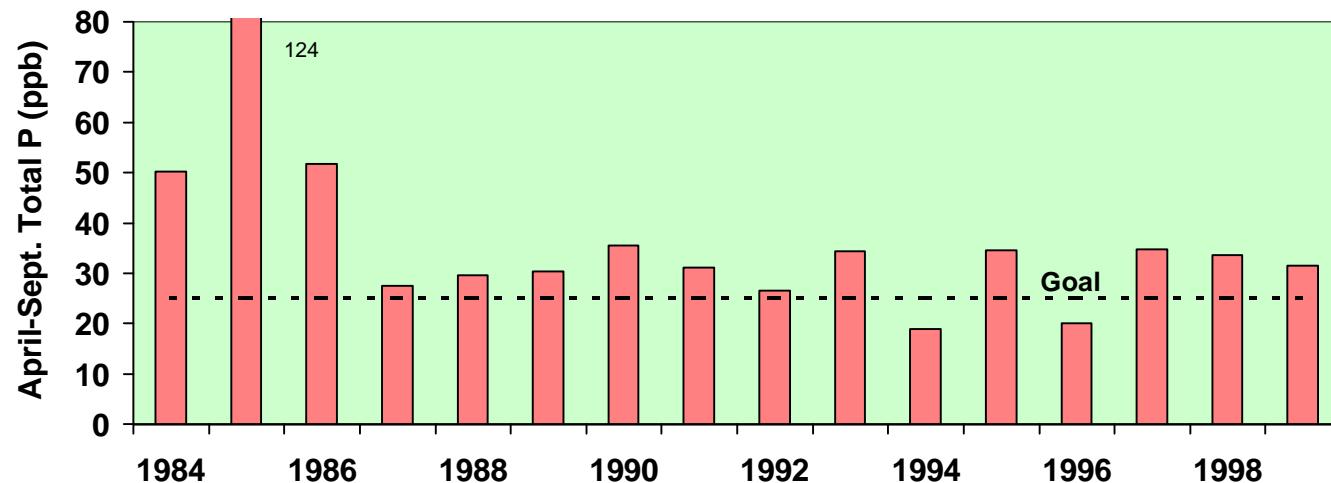
Trends significant at  $p < 0.1$ , 1-Sided Test

## Vadnais Lake Water & Phosphorus Inputs

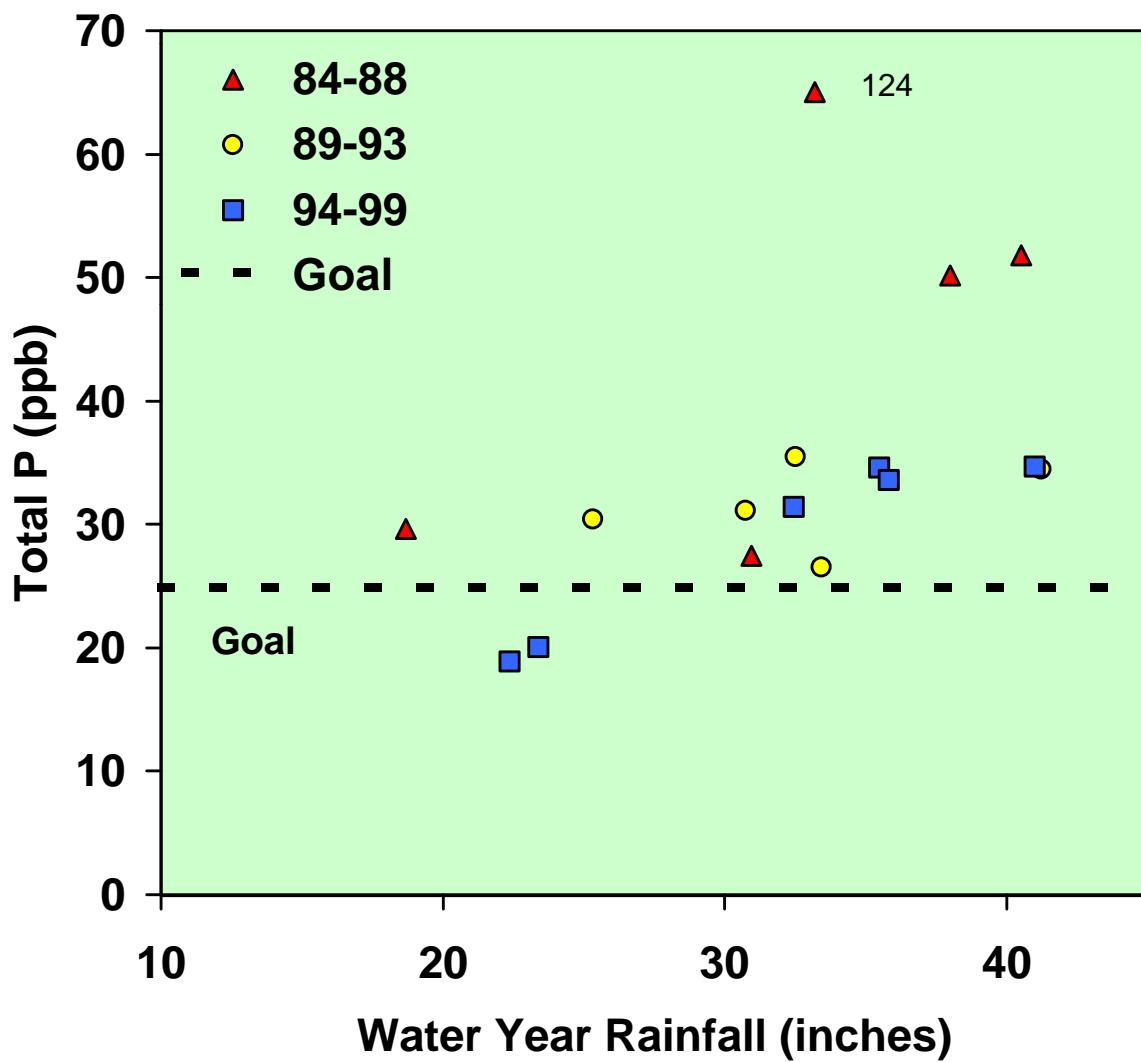


April - September

## Vadnais Lake Phosphorus Levels & Rainfall

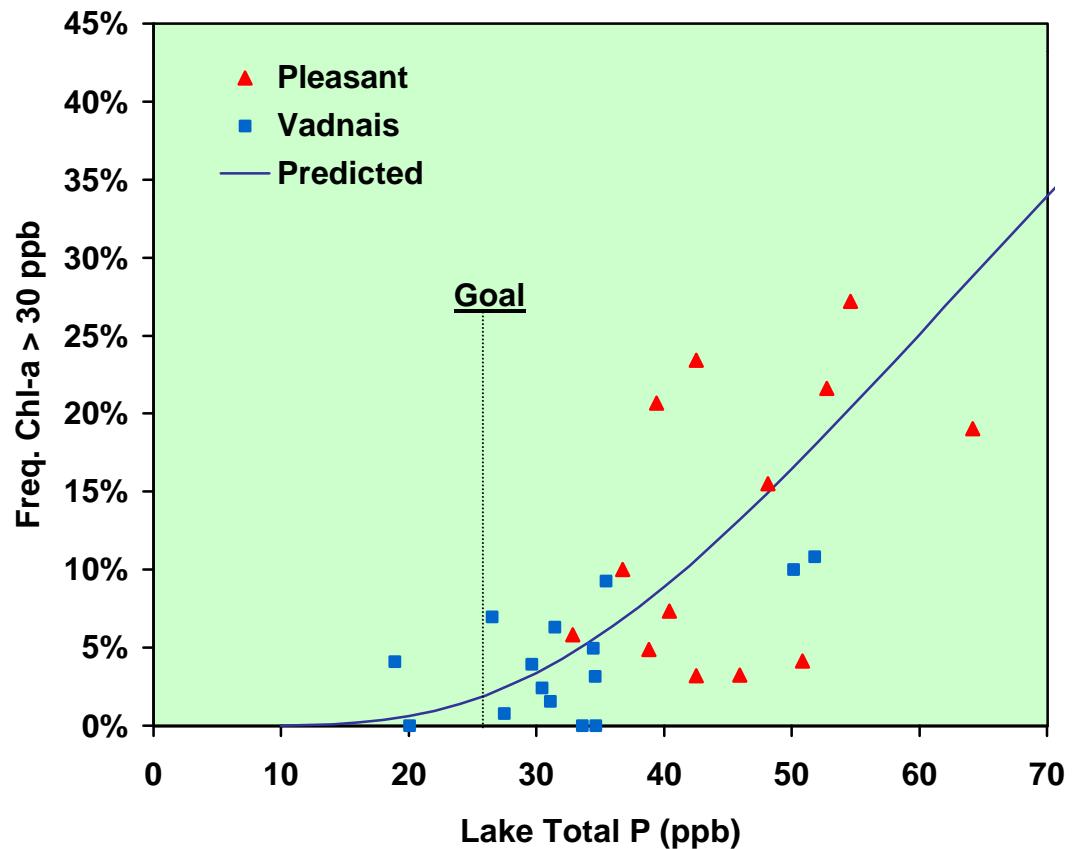


## Vadnais Lake Total P Concentration vs. Rainfall



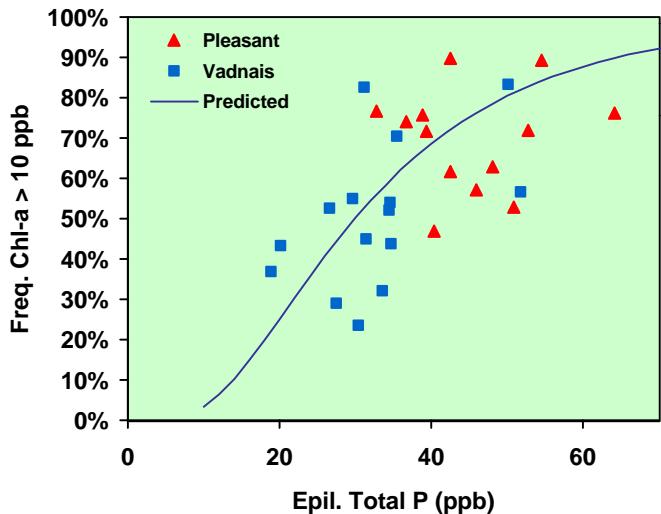
April-September Means, 0 - 6 meters

## Algal Bloom Frequency vs. Total Phosphorus



Bloom Frequencies from daily samples at Vadnais Intake & Pleasant Gatehouse  
Total Phosphorus concentrations measured in Lake Epilimnion ( 0- 6 m )  
April-September Means for Each Year

## Algal Bloom Frequencies vs. Total Phosphorus



Model:

$$B_a = k P$$

$$B_g = B_a / \exp(S^2 / 2)$$

$$Z^* = \ln(B^*/B_g) / S$$

$$\text{Freq}(B > B^*) = 1 - \text{NORMSDIST}(Z^*)$$

Coefficients:

$$k = 0.4$$

$$S = 0.6$$

Variables:

P = april-sept. epilimnetic mean total p (ppb)

B<sub>a</sub> = arithmetic mean chl-a (ppb)

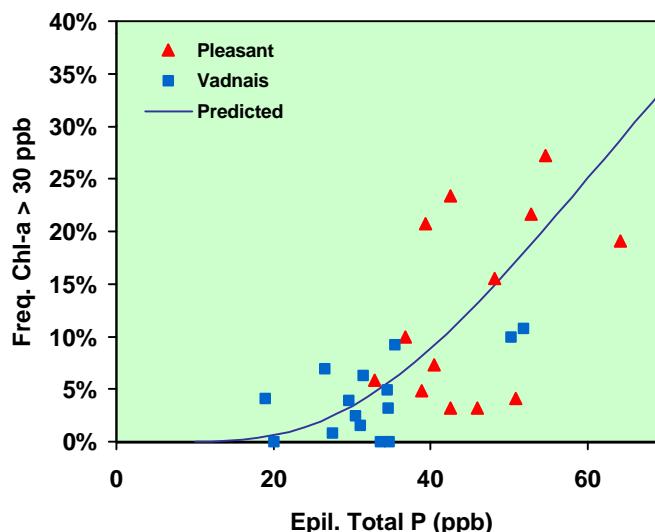
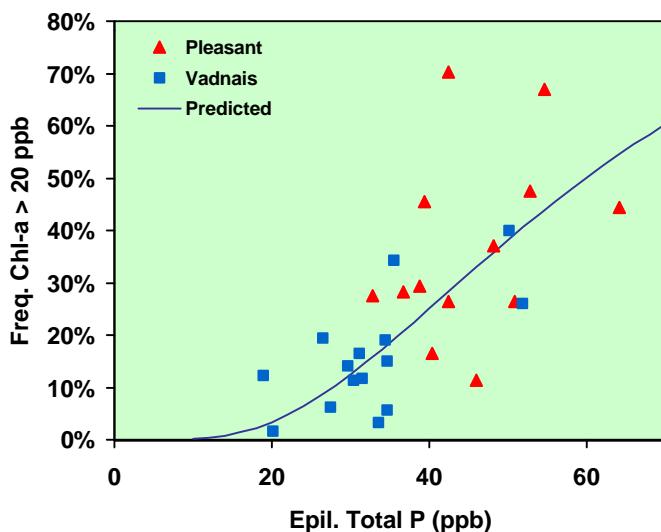
B<sub>g</sub> = geometric mean chl-a (ppb)

B\* = bloom criterion (ppb)

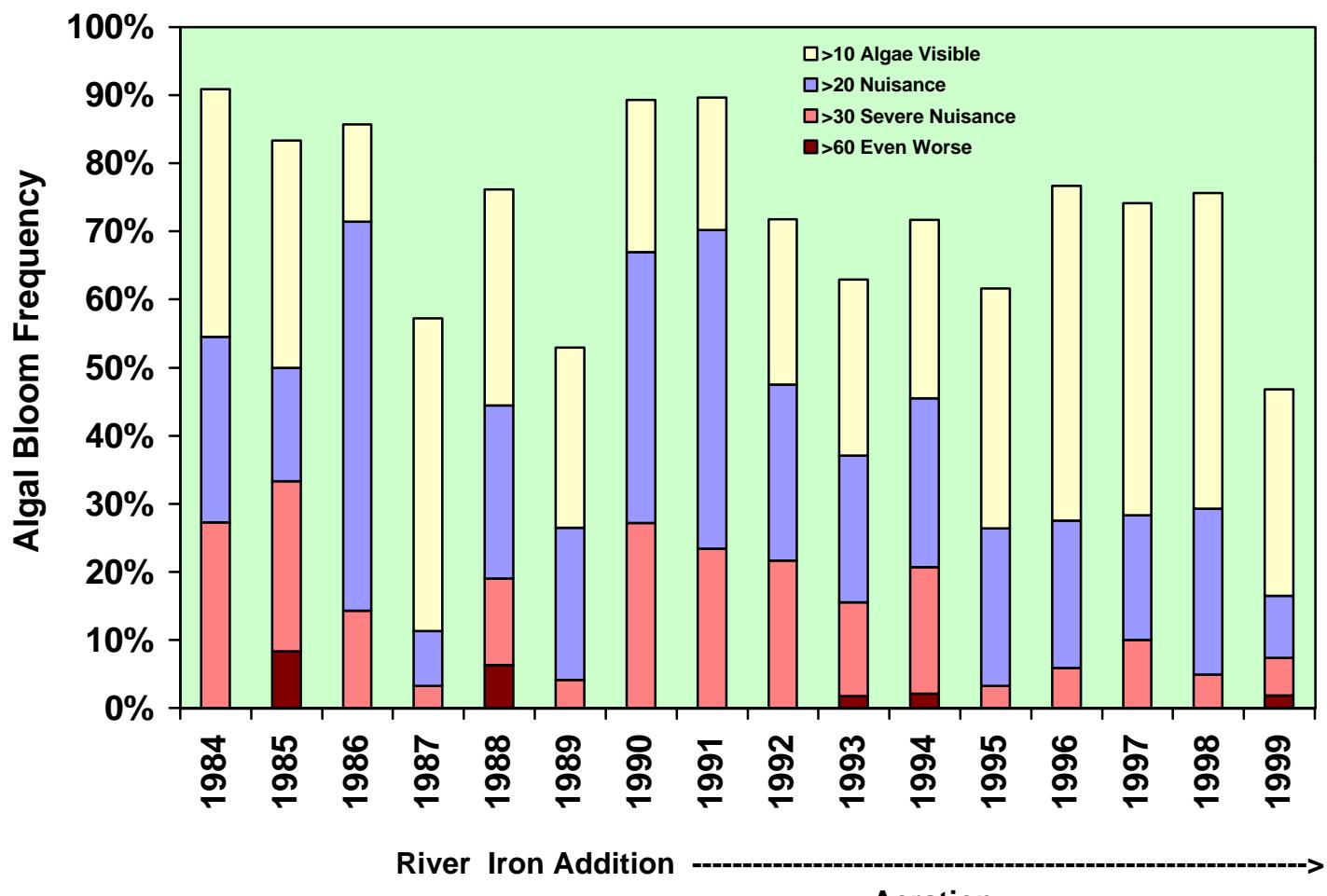
S = standard deviation of ln(Chl-a)

Z\* = standard normal deviate

NORMSDIST = cumulative normal distrib. (Excel)

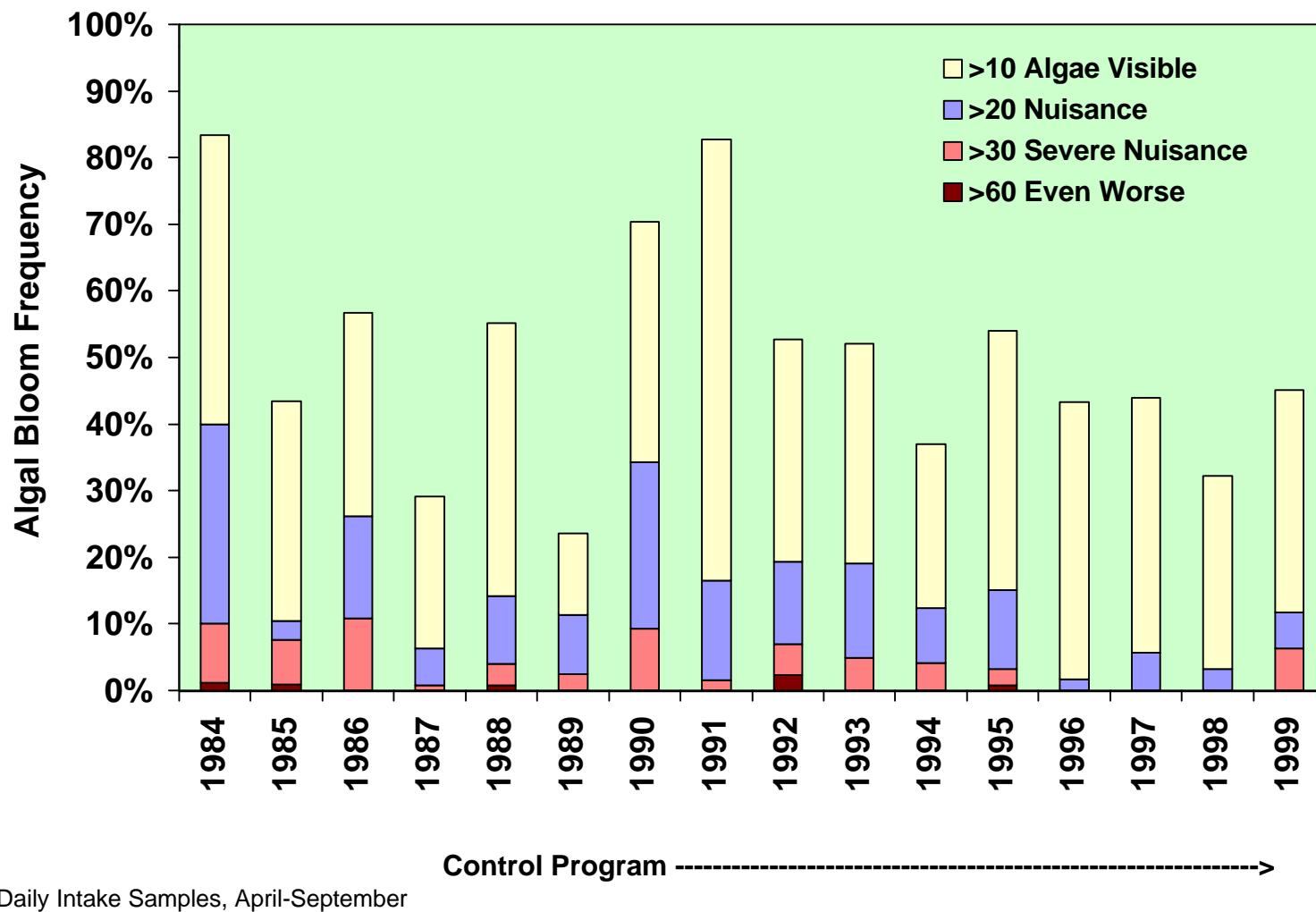


## Algal Bloom Frequencies in Pleasant Lake



Lake Outflow or Lake Epil. Samples, April-September

## Algal Bloom Frequencies in Vadnais Lake



## Vadnais Lake Water Quality Goals

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Factor</u>	<u>Goal</u>	<u>84-86</u>	<u>95-99</u>	<u>Change</u>
			<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Recent</u>	
Total P Concentration	Limit Algal Biomass	< 25 ppb	75	31	-59%
Algal Bloom Frequency	T & O Precursors				
	Chlorophyll-a > 20 ppb	Minimize	26%	8%	-69%
	Chlorophyll-a > 30 ppb	Minimize	9%	2%	-78%
BlueGreen Algal Count	T & O Precursors				
	Frequency > 1000 asu/ml	Minimize	12%	4%	-67%
Threshold Odor No.	Risk of T&O Episode				
	Frequency > 5	Minimize	33%	3%	-91%
Total N / P Ratio	Regulates Algal Species	>30	20	41	105%
Silica / Total P Ratio	Regulates Algal Species	>100	61	165	170%
Hypol. Total Fe/ Total P	Regulate P Cycling	>3	0.5	3.8	660%

### Summary of Vadnais Lake Data Relative to Program Goals

Variable:	TP	TN/TP	SiO2/TP	Fe/TP	Chla>20	Chla>30	BG>1000	TON>5
Units:	ppb	-	-	-	ppb	ppb	asu/ml	-
Location:	Epil.	Epil.	Epil.	Hypol.	Intake	Intake	Intake	Intake
Goal	< 25	> 30	> 100	> 3	< 1%	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 1 %
84	50	19	28	0.4	40%	10%	8%	13%
85	124	14	48	0.4	10%	8%	15%	53%
86	52	28	106	0.7	26%	11%	12%	34%
87	27	33	238	0.5	6%	1%	4%	46%
88	30	29	150	1.0	14%	4%	13%	17%
89	30	31	161	3.7	11%	2%	8%	17%
90	35	32	58	4.3	34%	9%	48%	0%
91	31	41	73	5.5	17%	2%	42%	3%
92	27	46	120	3.3	19%	7%	29%	3%
93	34	28	248	4.1	19%	5%	24%	-
94	19	46	214	2.5	12%	4%	3%	-
95	35	34	77	3.2	15%	3%	5%	-
96	20	69	-	3.0	2%	0%	0%	-
97	35	28	-	3.0	6%	0%	14%	-
98	34	48	-	3.6	3%	0%	0%	-
99	31	27	-	7.6	12%	6%	-	-
84-86	75	20	61	0.5	26%	9%	12%	33%
95-99 (a)	31	41	165	3.8	8%	2%	4%	3%
Increase	-45	21	104	3.3	-17%	-7%	-7%	-30%
% Incr.	-59%	103%	172%	687%	-68%	-76%	-62%	-91%
t	1.81	-2.37	-1.76	-3.98	2.02	4.73	1.84	2.73
p	0.05	0.02	0.08	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.05	0.01

All Values are April-September Means

TP Total Phosphorus

TN/TP Total Nitrogen to Total P Ratio

SiO2/TP Reactive Silica to Total P Ratio

Chla>20 Frequency Chlorophyll-a > 20 ppb, Nuisance Algal Bloom

Chla>30 Frequency Chlorophyll-a > 30 ppb, Severe Nuisance Algal Bloom

BG>1000 Frequency of Bluegreen Algal Counts > 1000 asu/ml, Measured At Filtration Plant

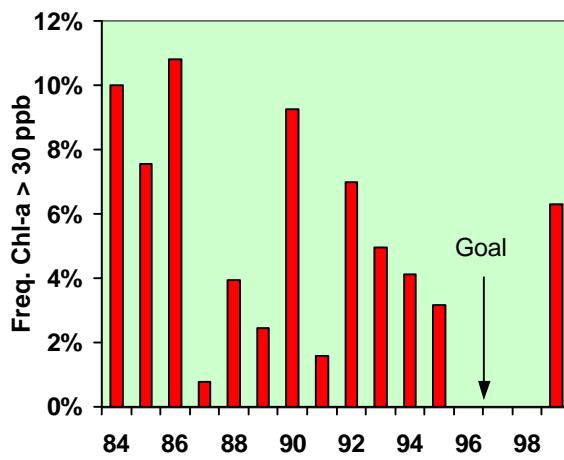
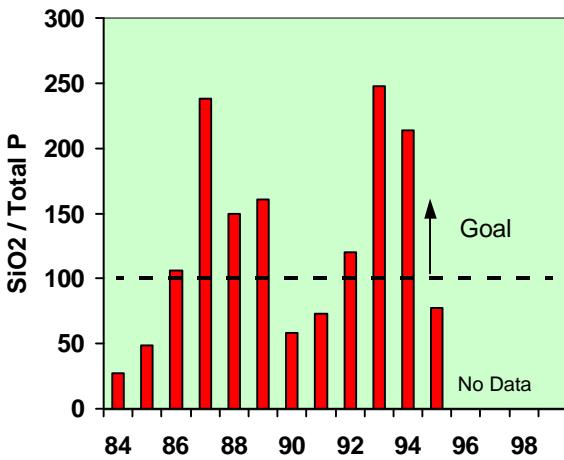
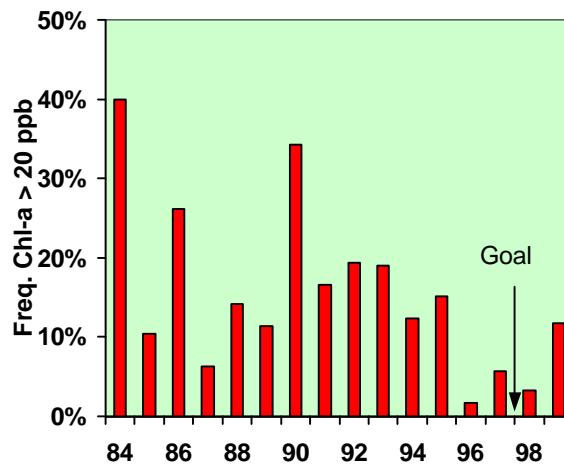
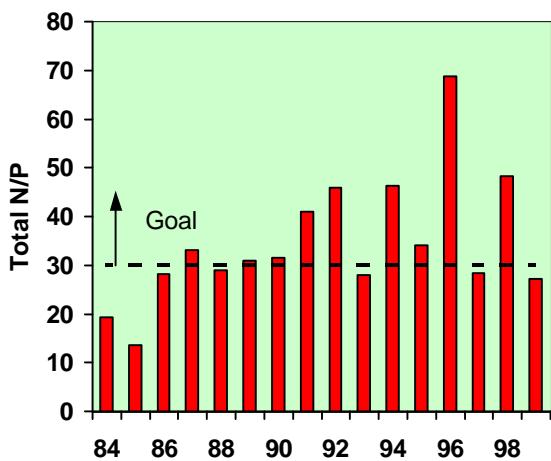
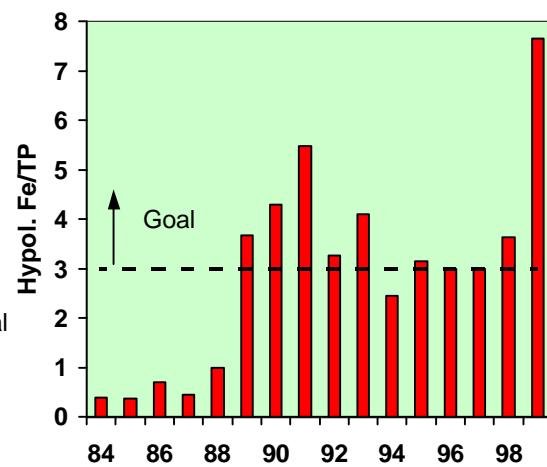
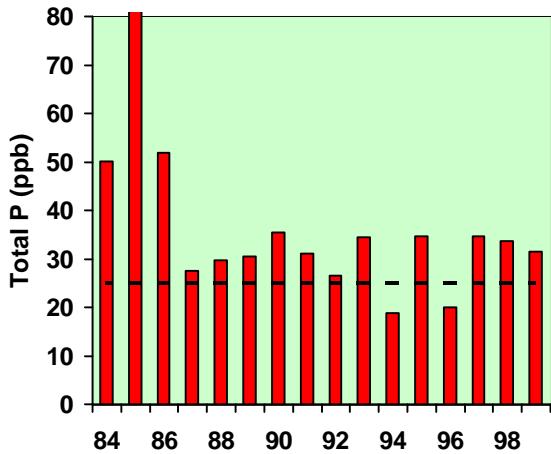
TON>5 Frequency of Threshold Odor Number > 5

t = t-statistic comparing 84-88 vs. 95-99 means

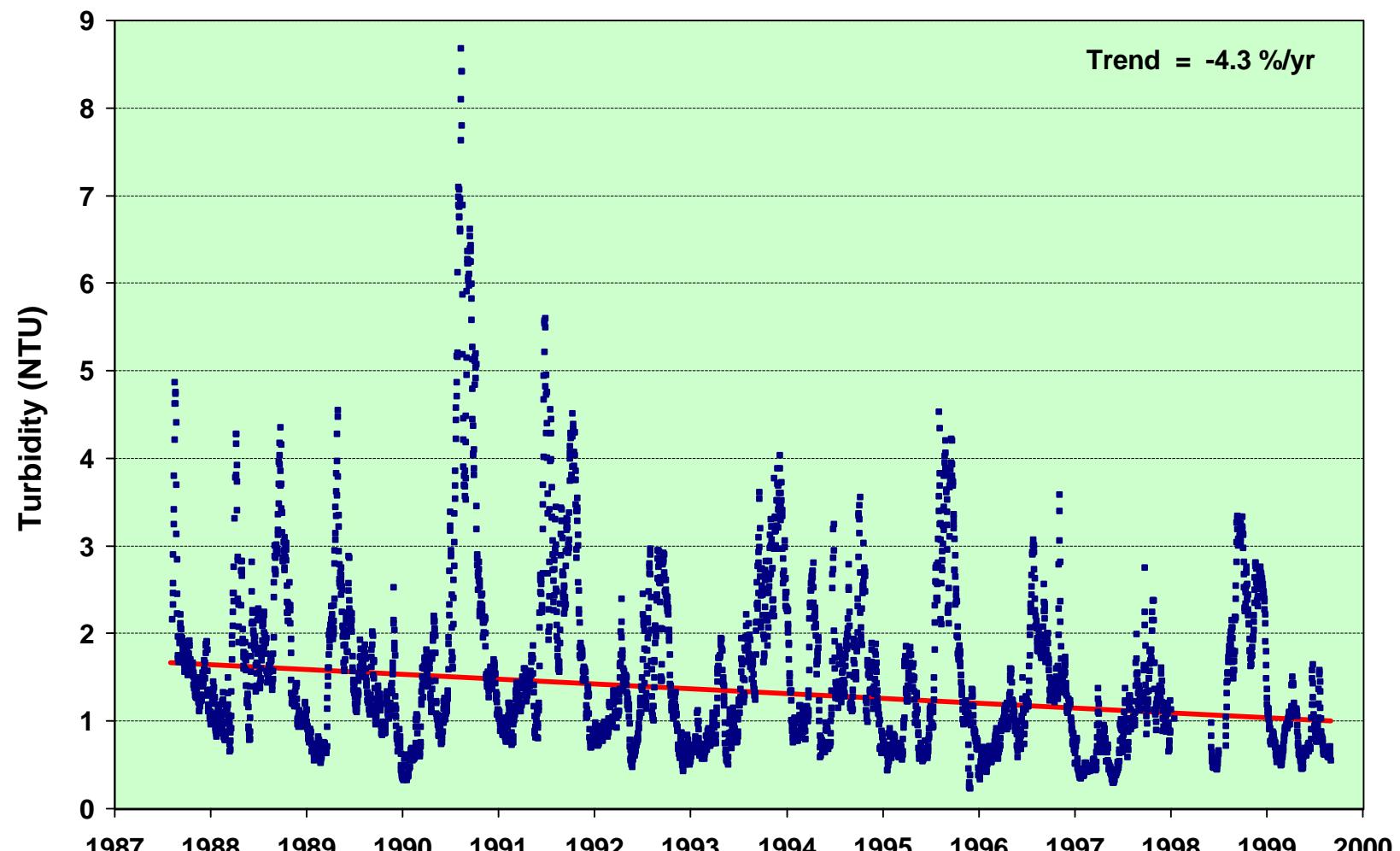
p = significance level, 1-sided test for improvement

a - 90-95 for SiO2/TP & TON

## Yearly Variations in Vadnais Lake Water Quality Relative to Program Goals

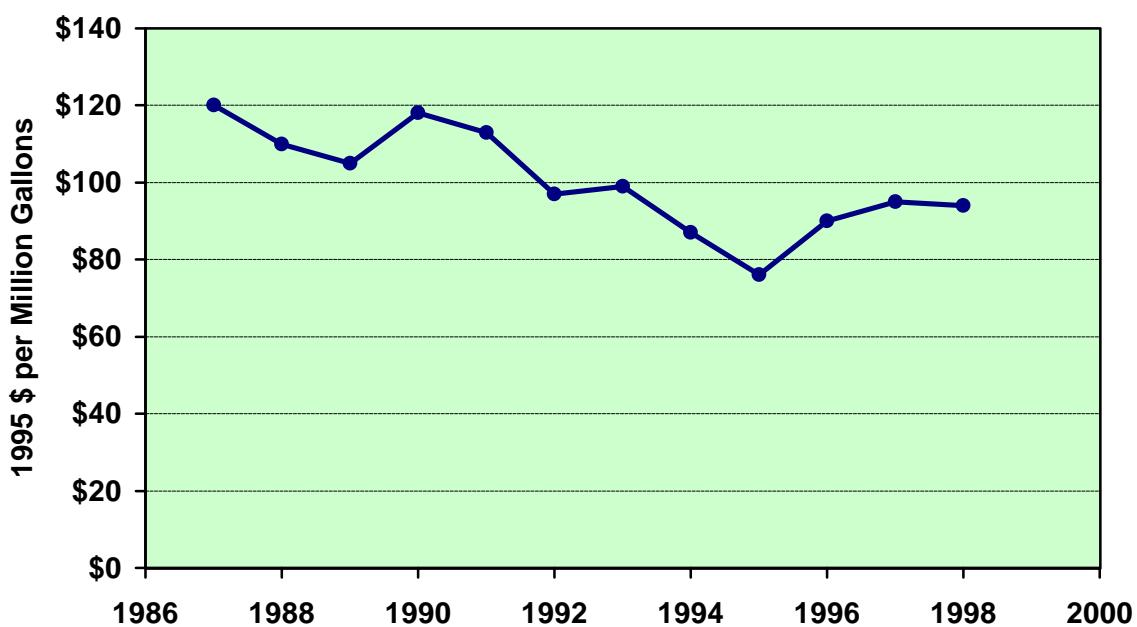
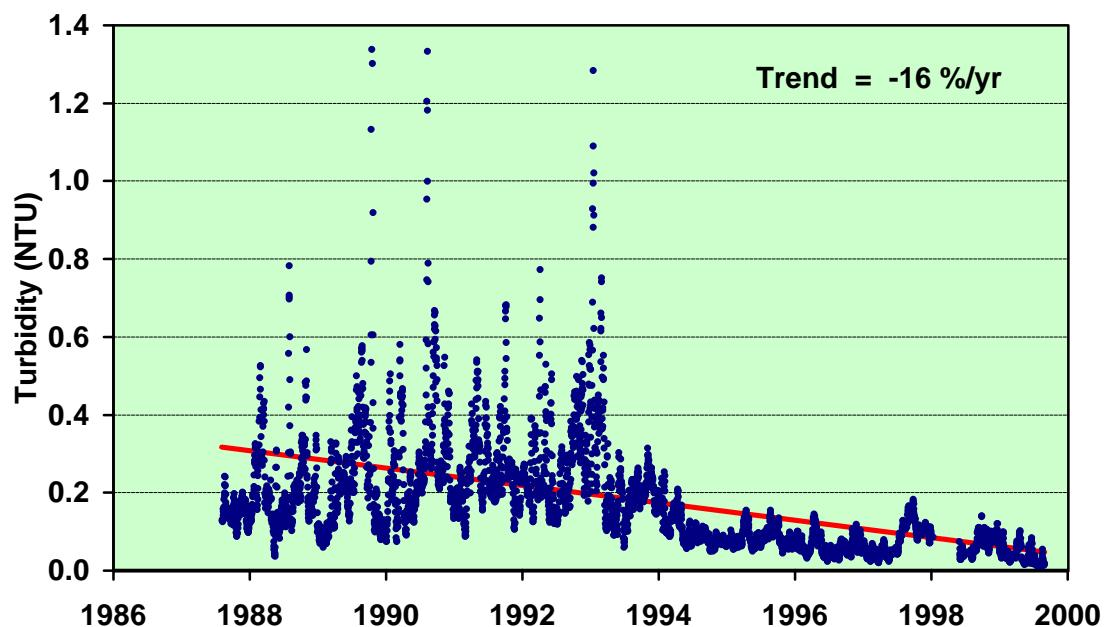


## Vadnais Intake Turbidity

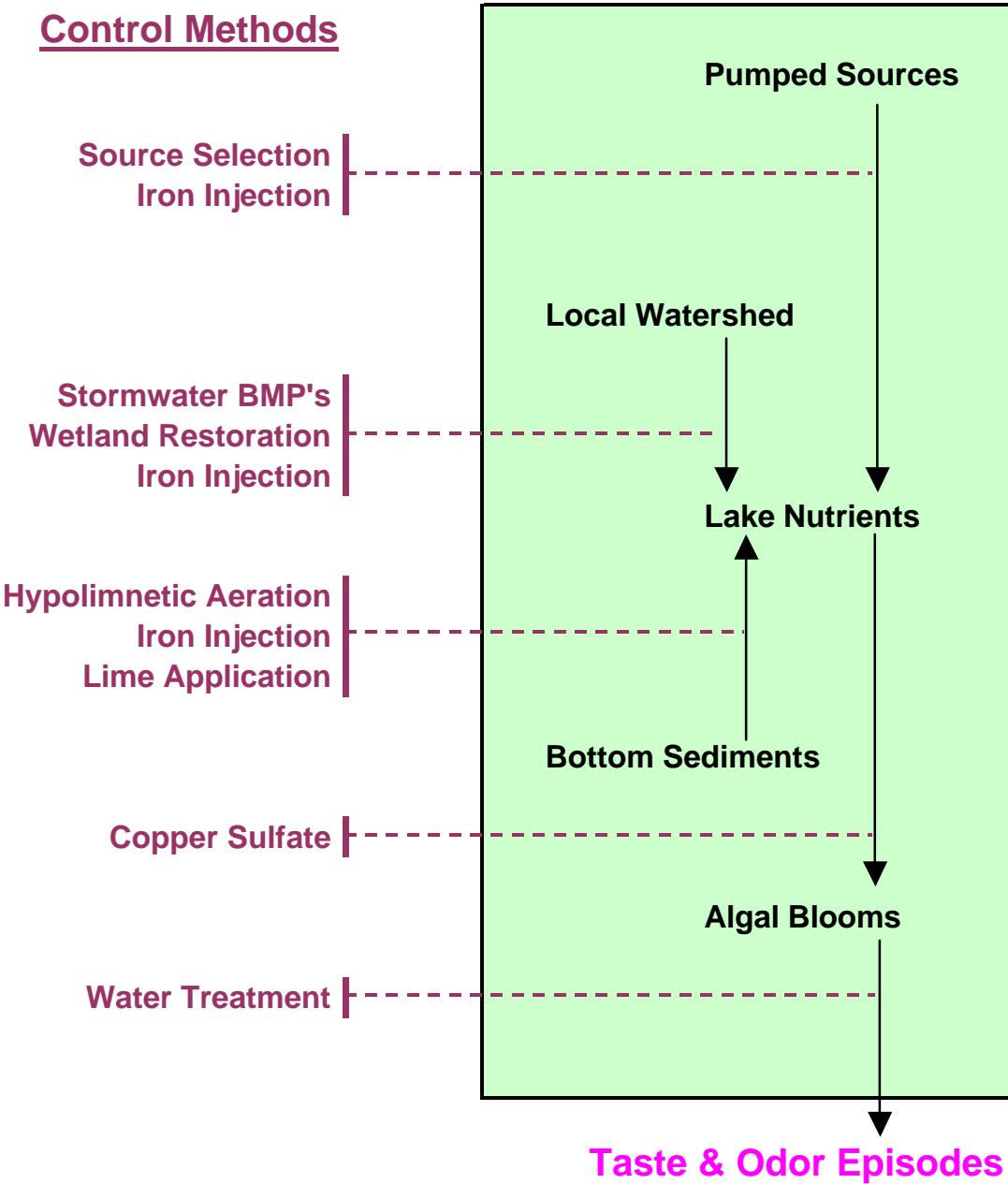


7-Day Rolling Averages

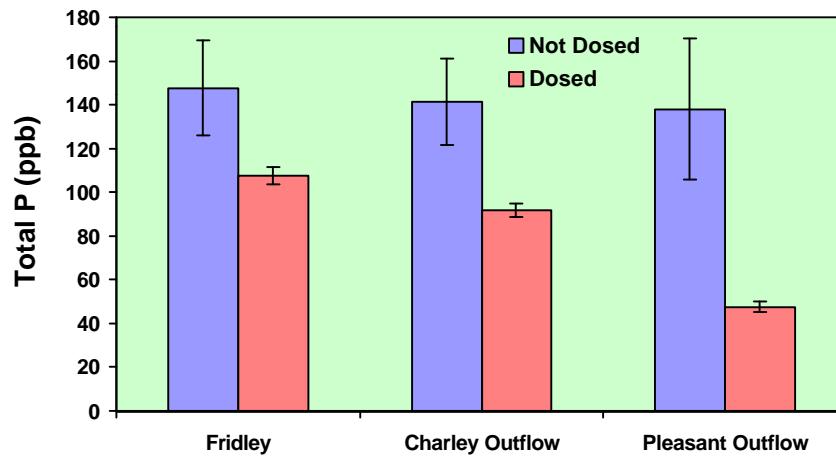
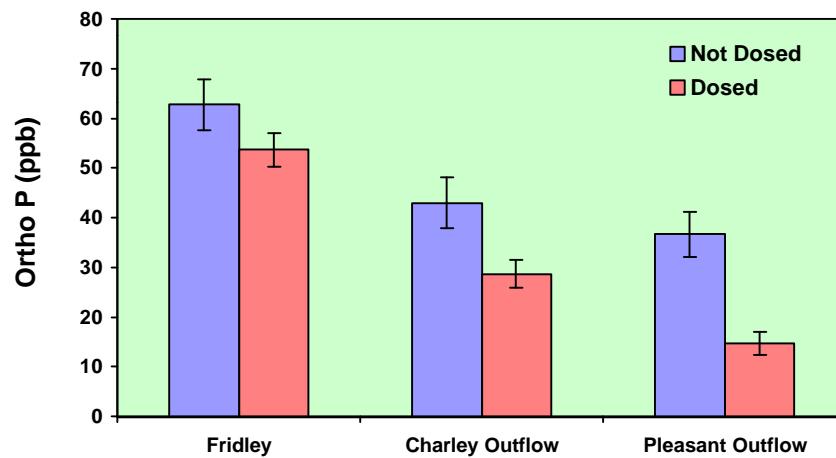
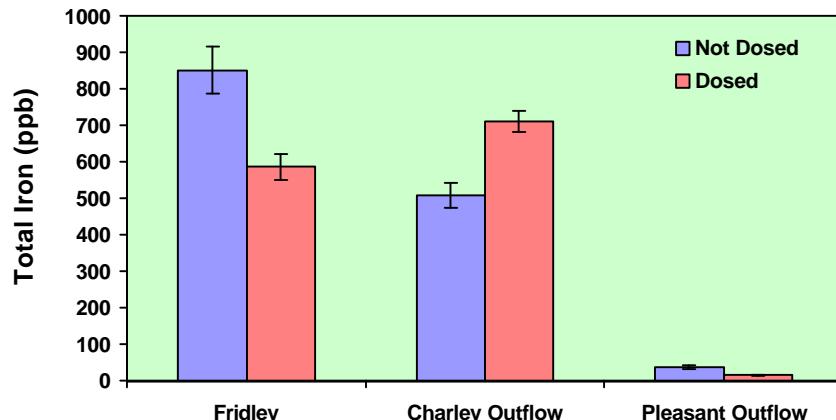
## Treated Water Turbidity & Total Chemical Costs



# SPWU Taste & Odor Control Strategy

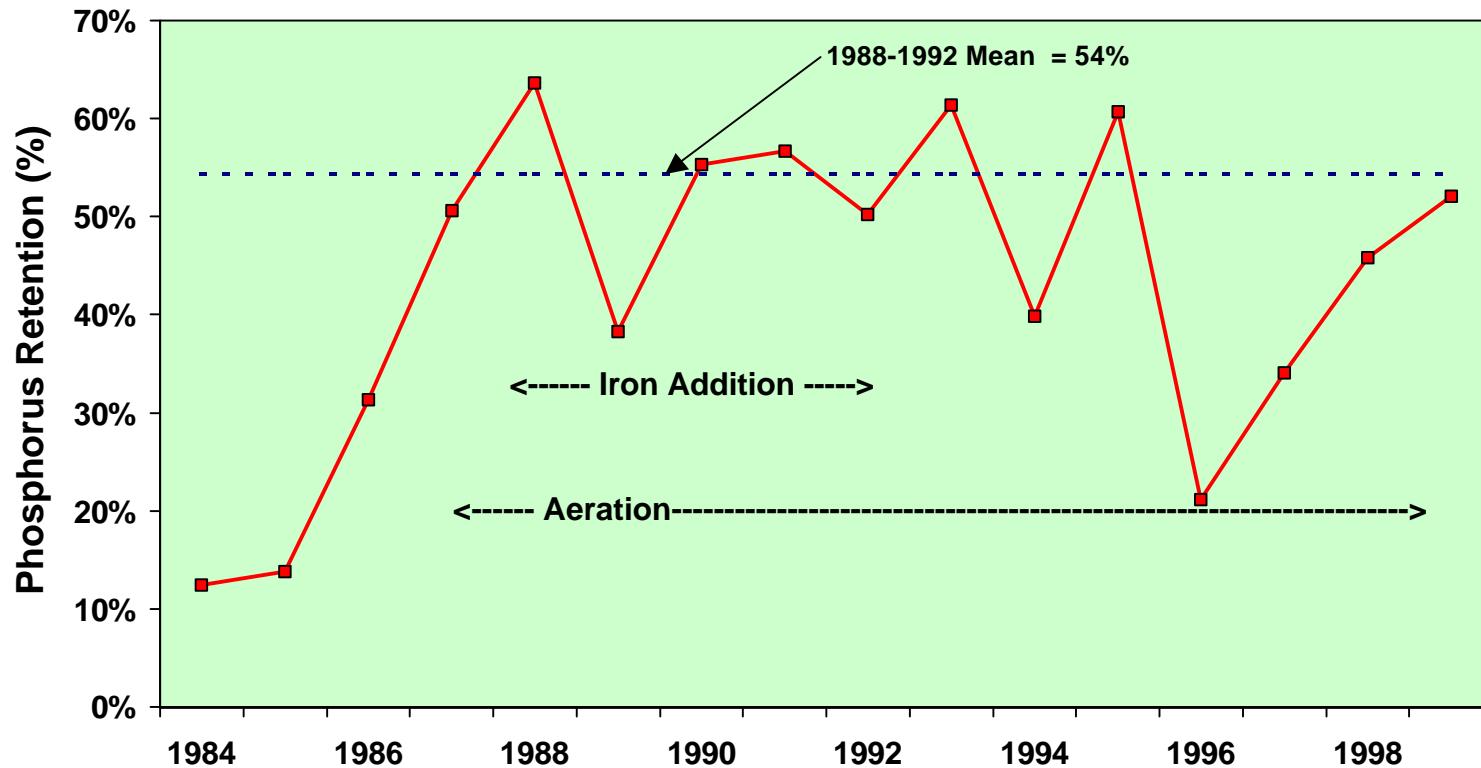


## Responses to Ferric Chloride Injection at Fridley Pump Station



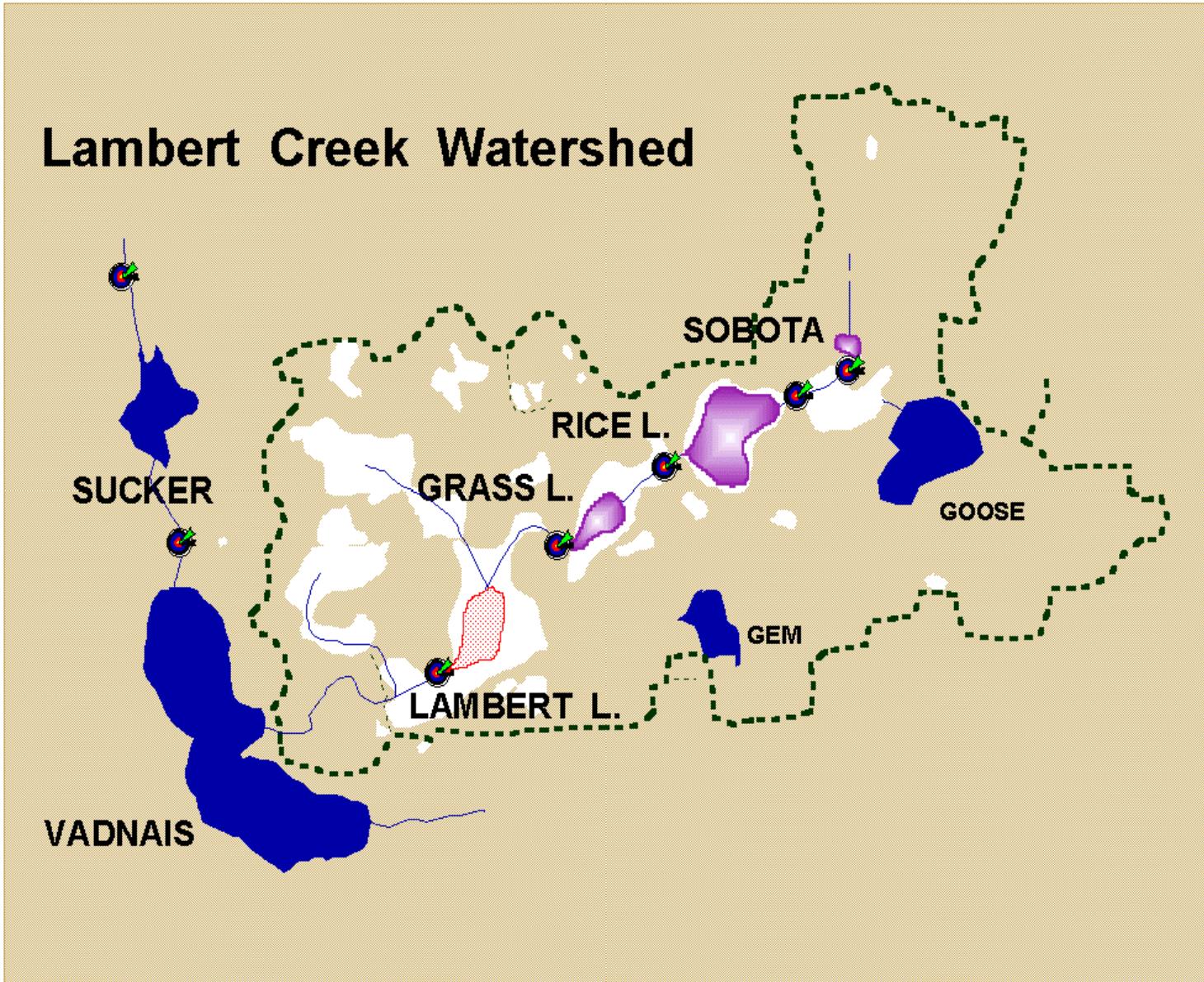
Means +/- 1 Standard Error on days with Fridley pump station operation, April-Sept  
 Paired samples on dates when concentration at Fridley concentration exceeded 30 ppb.  
 Dosed/Not Dosed = samples collected in months with/without iron injection at Fridley

## Phosphorus Retention in Vadnais Lake

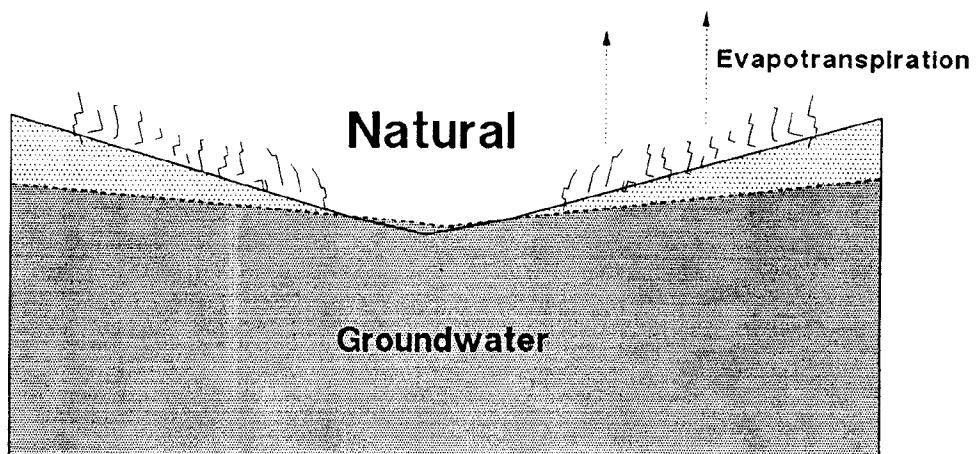


Percent of total phosphorus retained in Vadnais Lake sediments computed from April-September mass balances  
Dashed line shows average retention in years when ferric chloride was injected into hypolimnion (1988-1992)

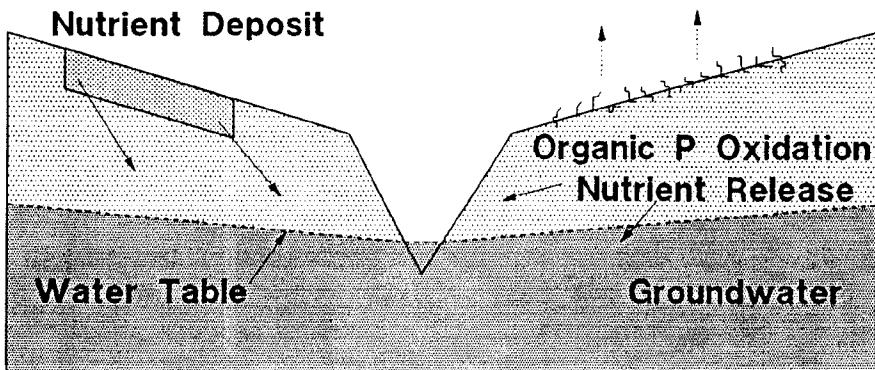
## Lambert Creek Watershed



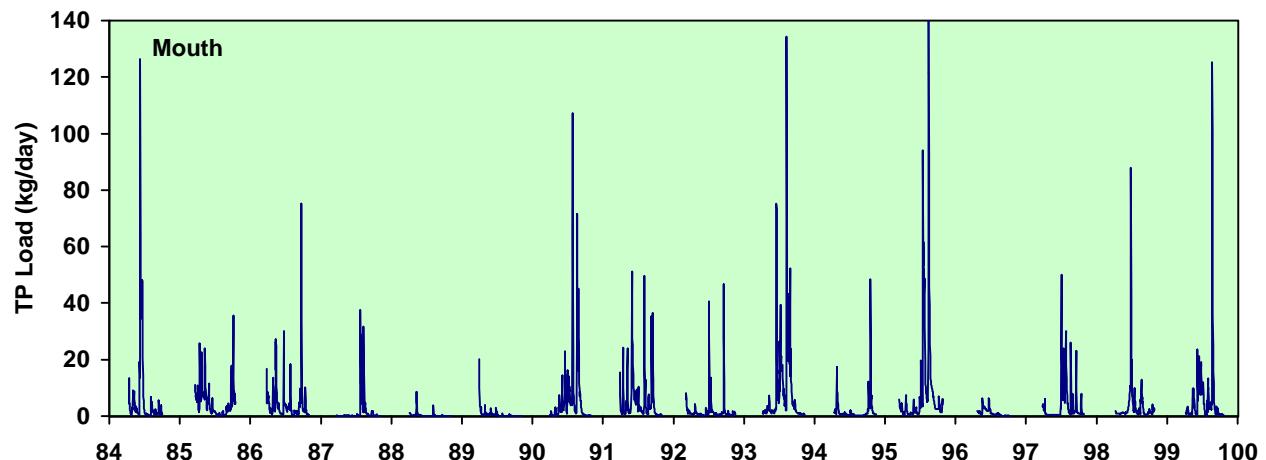
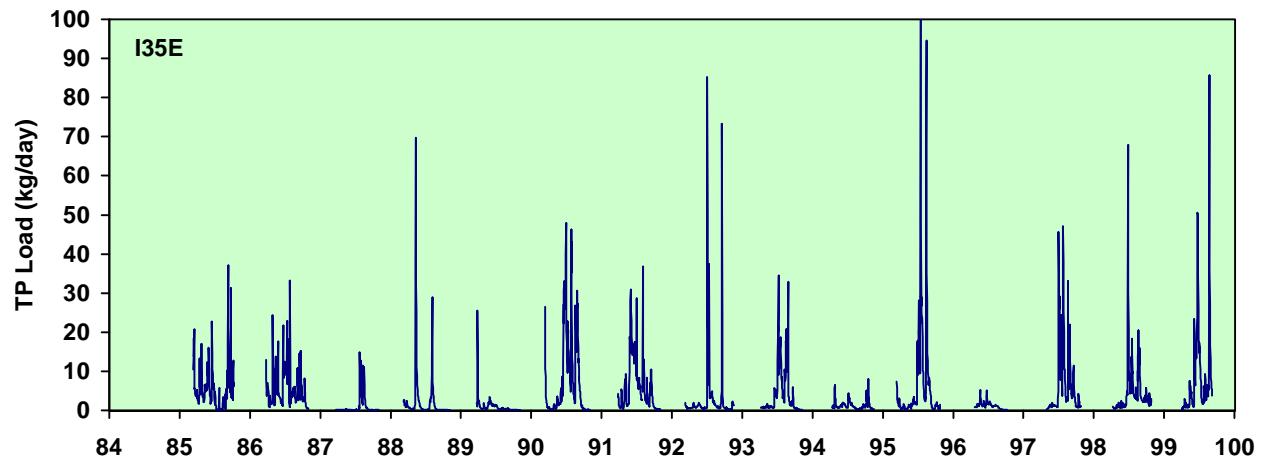
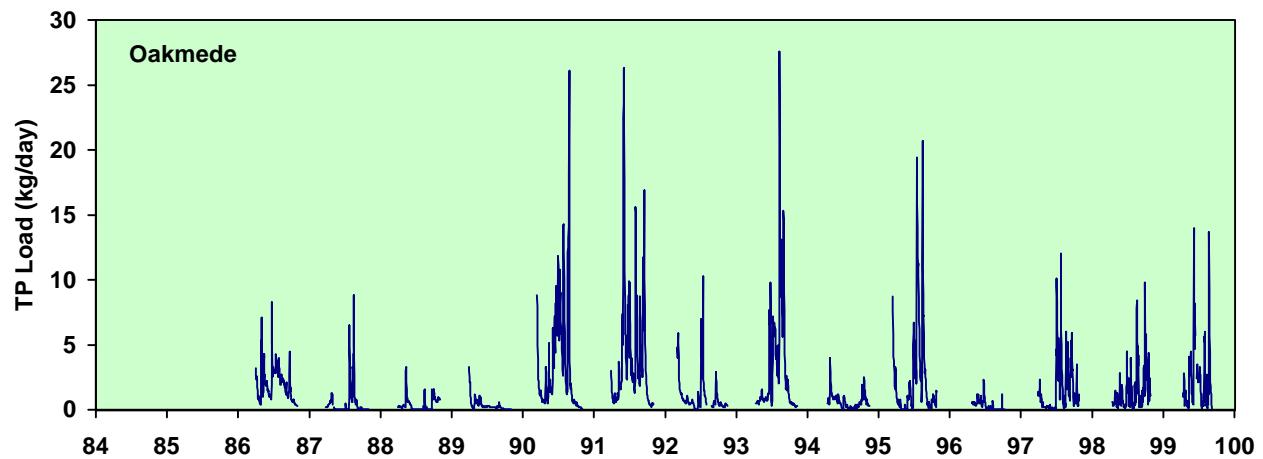
## Wetland Cross-Sections



## Ditched

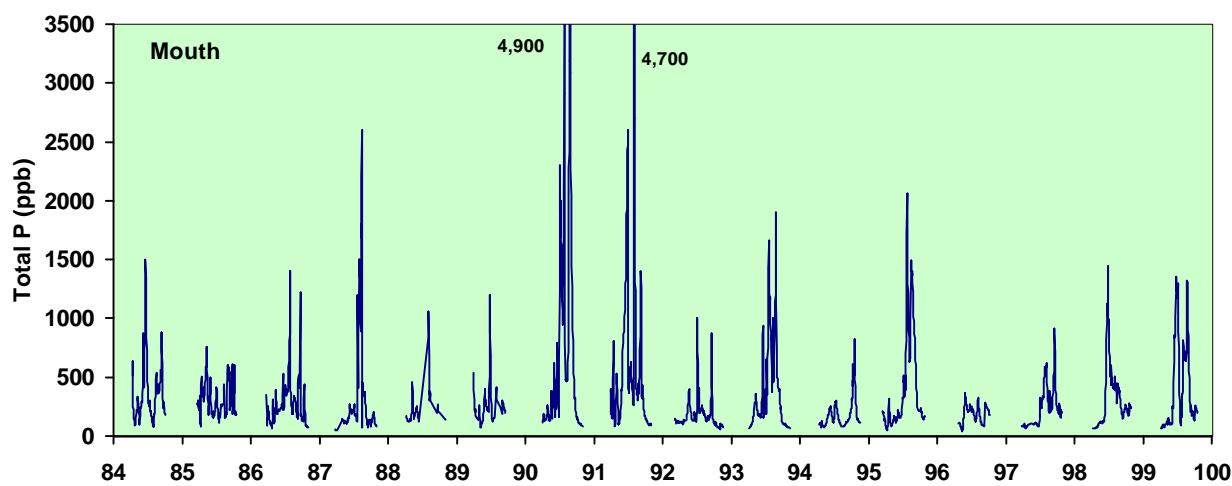
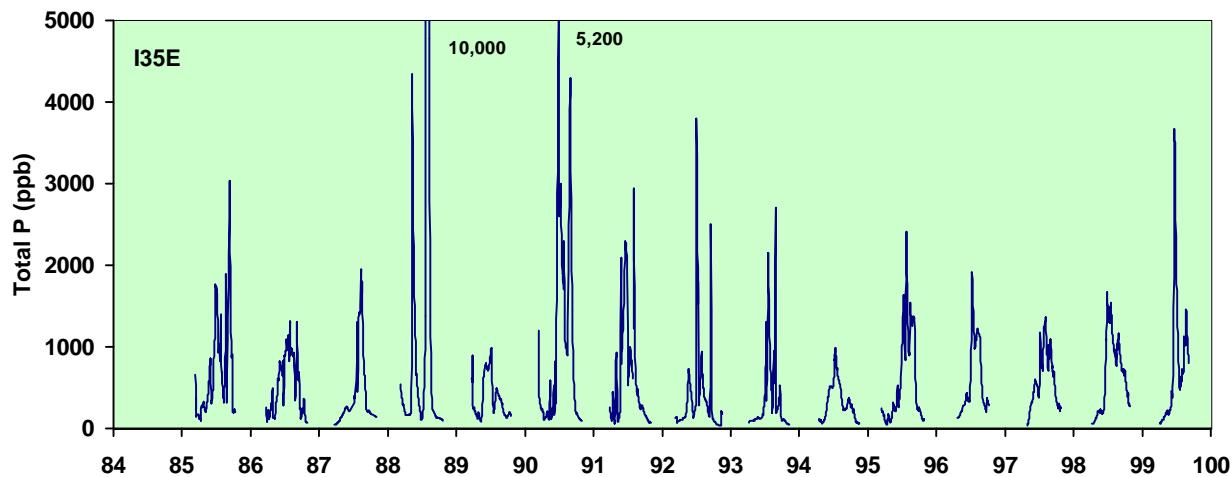
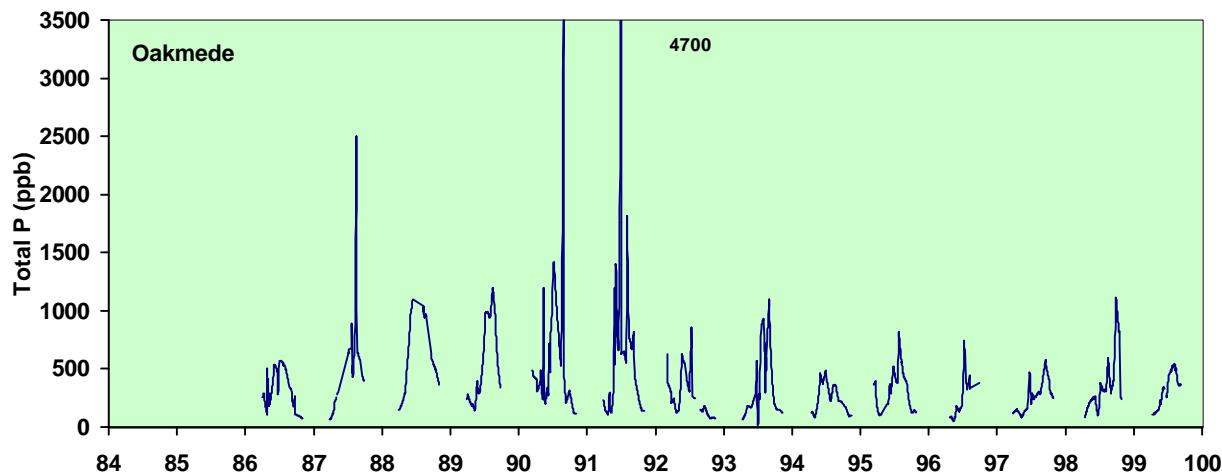


## Lambert Creek Phosphorus Load Time Series



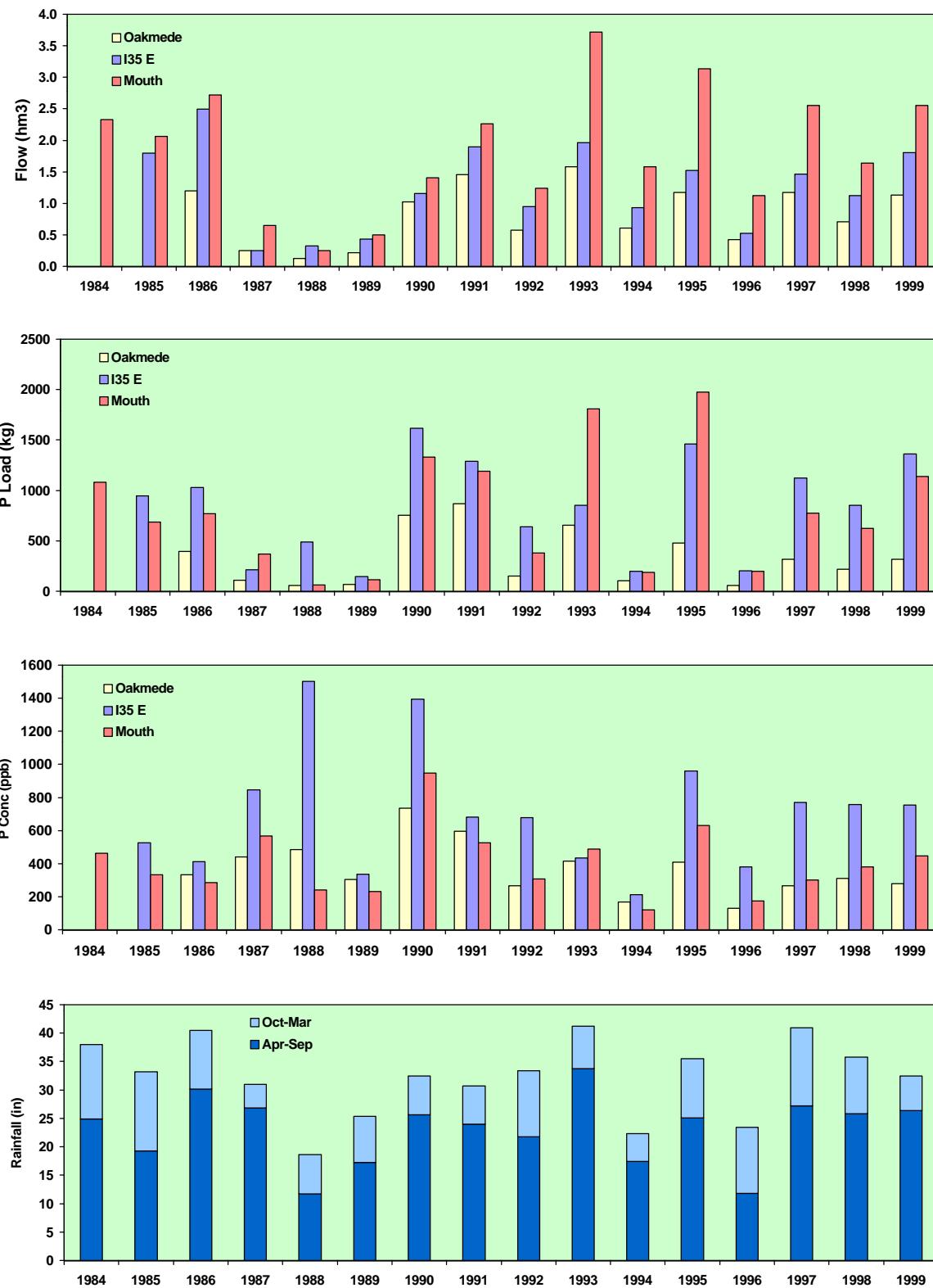
|----- Weirs Constructed ----->

## Lambert Creek Phosphorus Concentrations



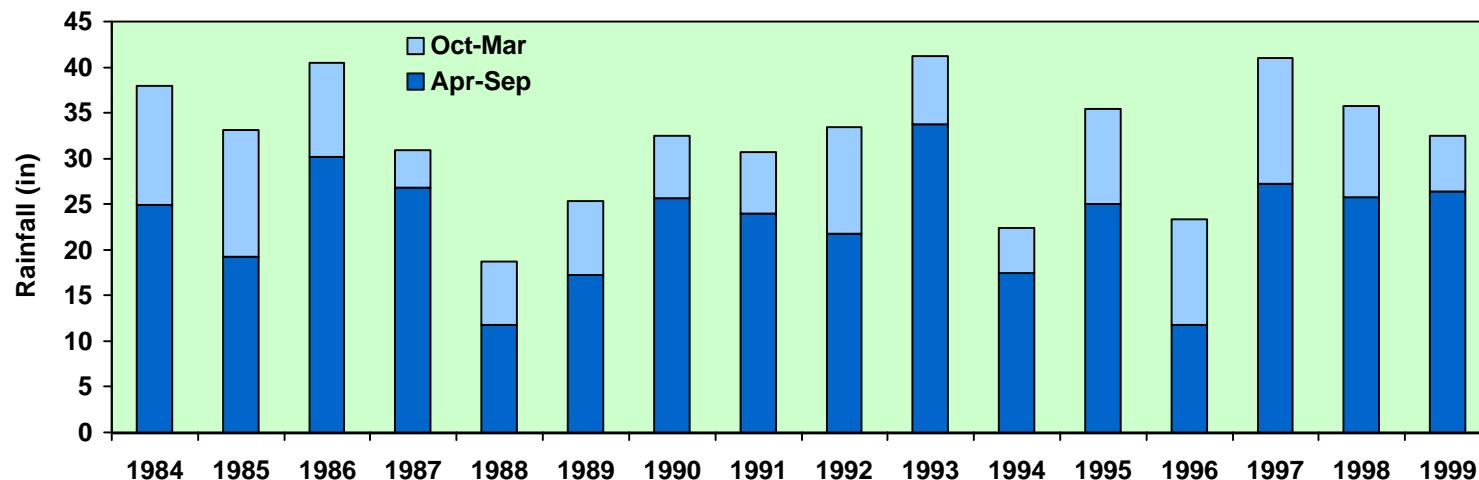
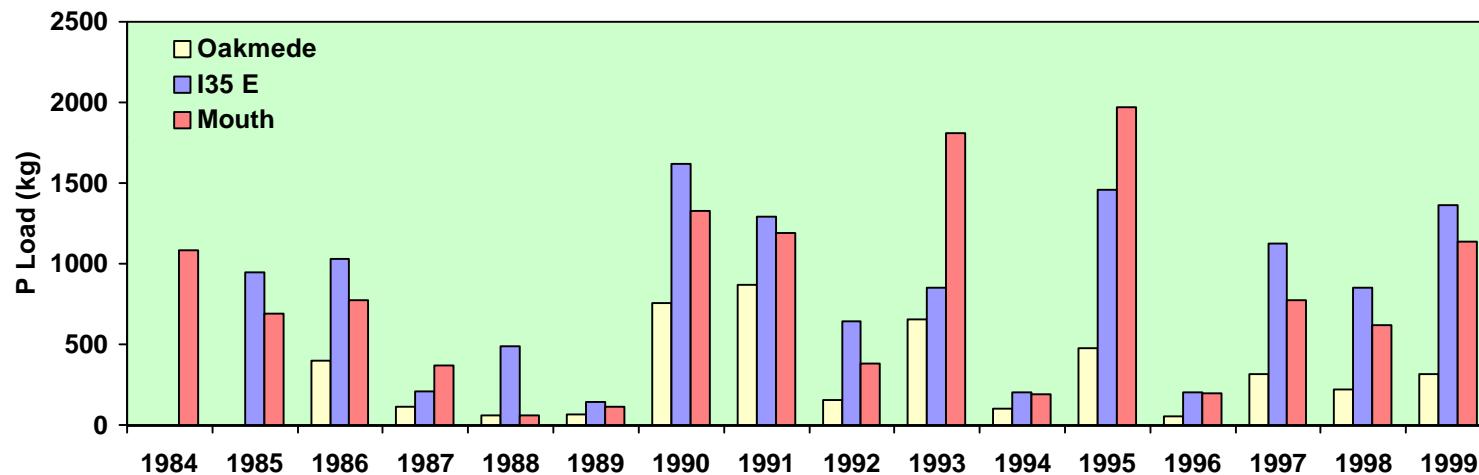
----- Weirs Constructed ----->

## Yearly Flows & P Loads at Lambert Creek Stations



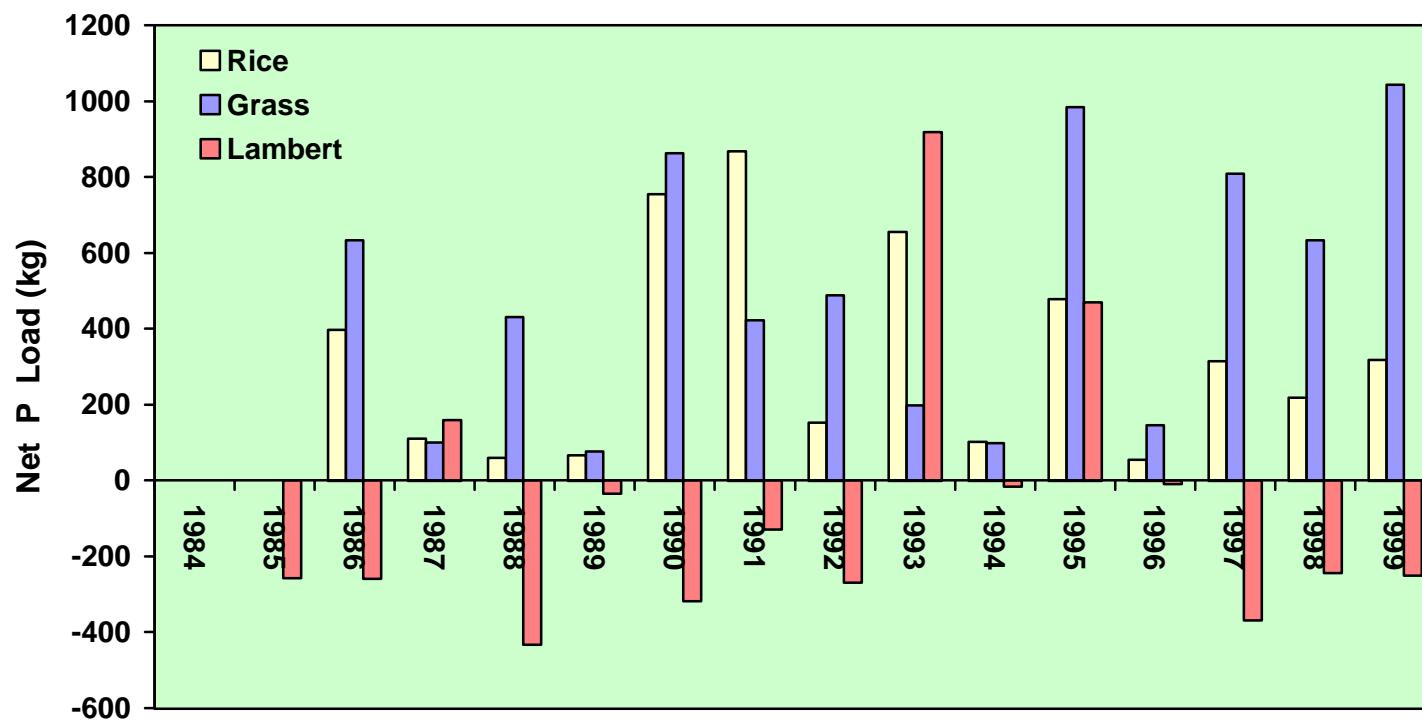
Flows & Loads in April-September of Each Year

## Lambert Creek Yearly P Loads & Rainfall



P Loads in April-September of Each Year

## Incremental P Loads from Lambert Creek Wetland Basins



April - September

Rice = Total Load Above Oakmede Station

Grass = Grass Lake = I35E - Oakmede

Lambert = Lambert Lake = Lambert Mouth - I35E

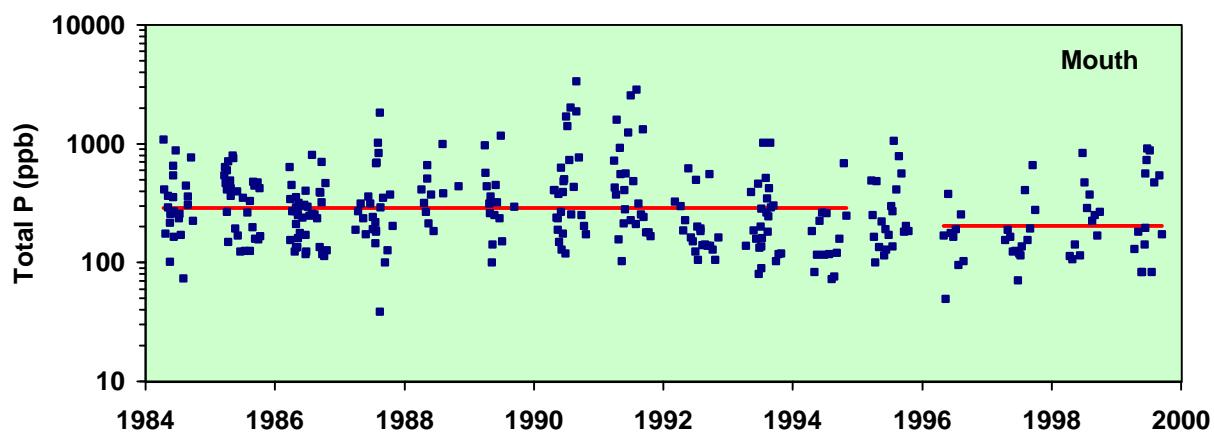
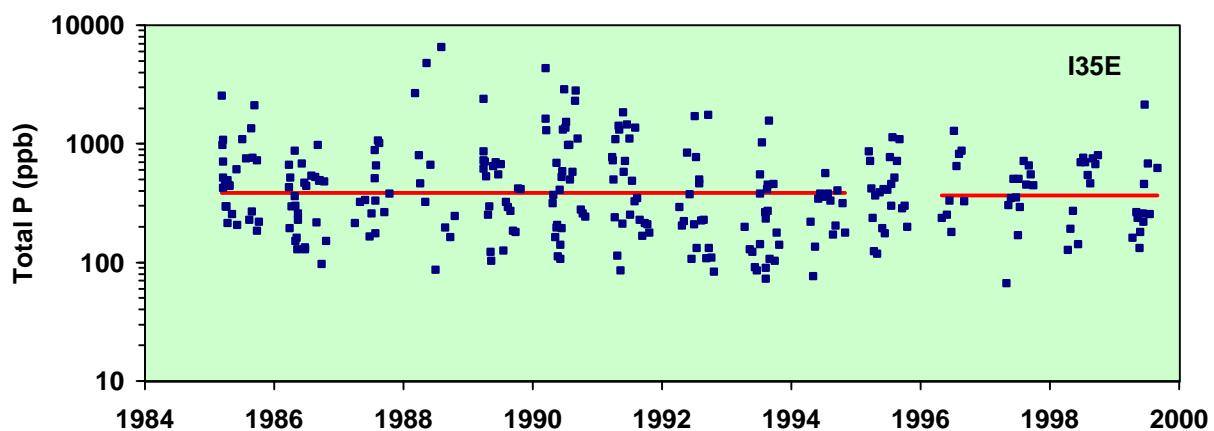
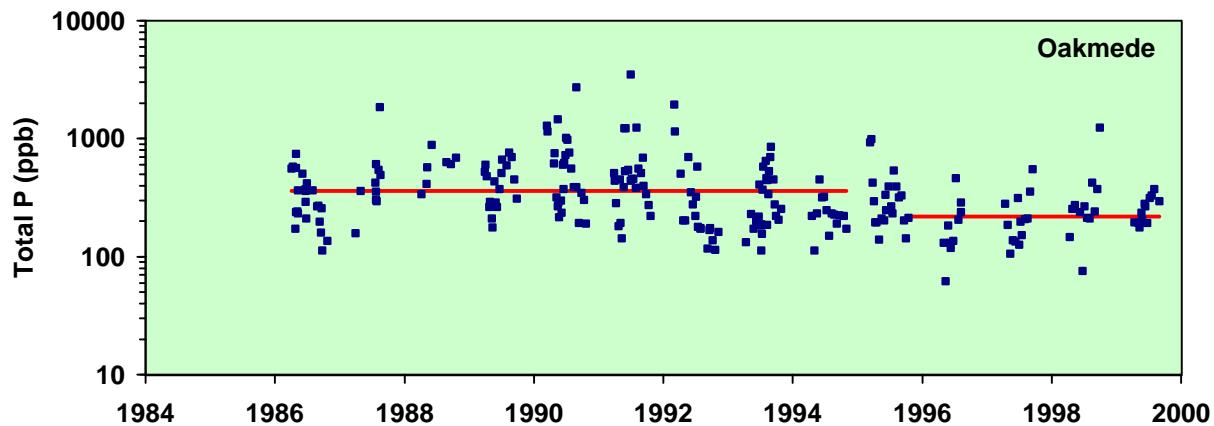
No Data 1984-1985

No Data 1984-1985

No Data 1984

Weirs Installed ----->

### Lambert Creek Total P Concentrations Before & After Weir Installation



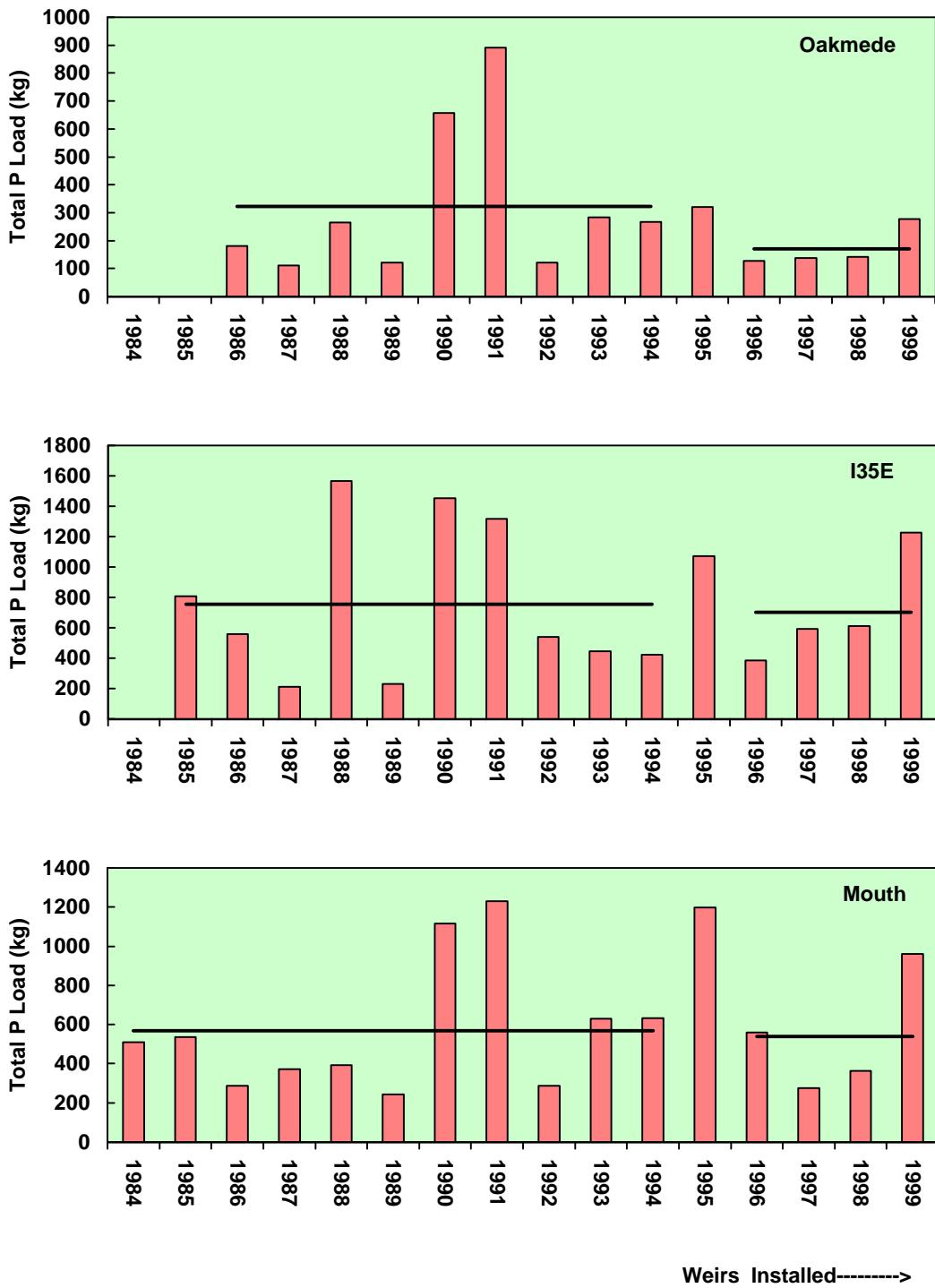
Values Adjusted for Seasonal & Flow Effects

Weirs Installed ----->

#### Geometric Means (ppb)

	<= 1994	>= 1996	Reduc.	% Reduc	Std Error	Signif.
Oakmede	363	220	143	39%	9%	0.000
I35E	384	366	18	5%	11%	0.328
Mouth	289	203	86	30%	11%	0.001

### Lambert Creek Total P Loads Before & After Weir Installation



April-September Loads Adjusted for Variations in Water Year Rainfall

	Seasonal Load (kg)		Reduc	%Reduc.	Std Error	Signif
	<=1994	>=1996				
Oakmede	322	171	151	47%	30%	0.074
I35E	755	703	52	7%	32%	0.418
Mouth	567	540	27	5%	32%	0.442

# Lambert Creek Wetland Restoration Projects

## - Rice Lake

Pool Elevation Raised to Design Levels 1994-1995  
~40-50% TP Reductions Detected  
--> *No Changes Recommended*

## - Grass Lake

Pool Elevation Raised in 1994-1995  
Permanent Pool Volume ~40% of Design Value  
TP Reductions Not Detected  
Major Phosphorus Source  
---> *Raise Pool to Design Elevation*

## - Lambert Lake

Phase II Project - Not Implemented  
Pool Elev. Limited by Flooding Constraints  
Hydraulic Analysis Complex  
Phosphorus Sink Under Existing Conditions  
---> *May Be Necessary to Achieve Lake Target*  
---> *Reconsider at Later Date*

## - Measured Improvements at Lambert Creek Mouth

Declining Trends in Concentration  
TP, Ortho P, TN, NO<sub>2</sub>N  
Decrease in Seasonal Maximum P Conc.  
Reduction in Load Pulse after Dry Period (?)  
Reduction in Mean TP Load Not Detected

## - Measurement of P Load Reductions Hindered by:

Short Duration of Post-Implementation Monitoring  
Hydrologic Variability  
Offsetting Load Increases due to Urban Development  
Time Lag in Wetland Response  
---> *Continue Monitoring*

# **Conclusions**

## **Analysis of 1984-1999 Monitoring Data**

- Vadnais Lake Chain Water Quality Generally Improving**
  - Total P, Ortho P, TN / TP Ratio**
  - Algal Bloom Frequency, Turbidity, Transparency, Oxygen**
- Declining P Trends in Supply Sources**
  - Mississippi River**
  - Sucker & Pleasant Lakes**
  - Lambert Creek (?)**
  - Vadnais Creek**
- Vadnais Lake Phosphorus Levels**
  - No Trend over 1988-1999 Period**
  - Average ~30 ppb (vs. 25 ppb goal)**
  - Decreased by ~ 50% vs. 1984-1986 Baseline**
  - Correlated with Rainfall in Recent Years**
  - Increased Sensitivity to Lambert Creek Loads**
  - Limited by Lab Analytical Precision (?)**
- Numeric Goals for Vadnais Lake**
  - Achieved:**      **TN /TP , Si / TP, Fe / TP**
  - Approached:**    **TP, Bloom Frequency, Taste & Odor**
- Reductions in Treated Water Turbidity & Chemical Costs**
  - Improvements in Intake Water Quality**
  - Improvements in Water Treatment Plant**
- Benefits of Existing Controls not Fully Realized**
  - Lag Time in Wetland Response**
  - Lag Time in Lake Response**

# **Recommendations**

- **Support Aggressive Management of Watersheds:**
  - Mississippi River**
  - Lambert Creek**
  - Other Local Watersheds**
- **Changes to Control Program:**
  - Restart Vadnais Lake Iron Injection**
  - Raise Grass Lake Elevation**
  - Defer Lambert Lake Project**
  - Continue Others**
- **Future Evaluations:**
  - Track Data vs. Goals Yearly**
  - Re-evaluate Entire Program in ~5 years**
- **Reduce TP Goal from 25 to 20 ppb**
- **Long-Term Monitoring Essential for Management**
- **Refinements to Monitoring Program:**
  - Improve TP Analytical Method**
  - Reduce Frequency for N Species**
  - Sample Upper Watersheds Every 3 Years**
  - Daily Chl-a at Pleasant & Vadnais Only**