

Experience in Developing Phosphorus TMDL's for Shallow Lakes

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Basic Concepts

Case Studies

Lake Okeechobee, Florida

Upper Klamath Lake, Oregon

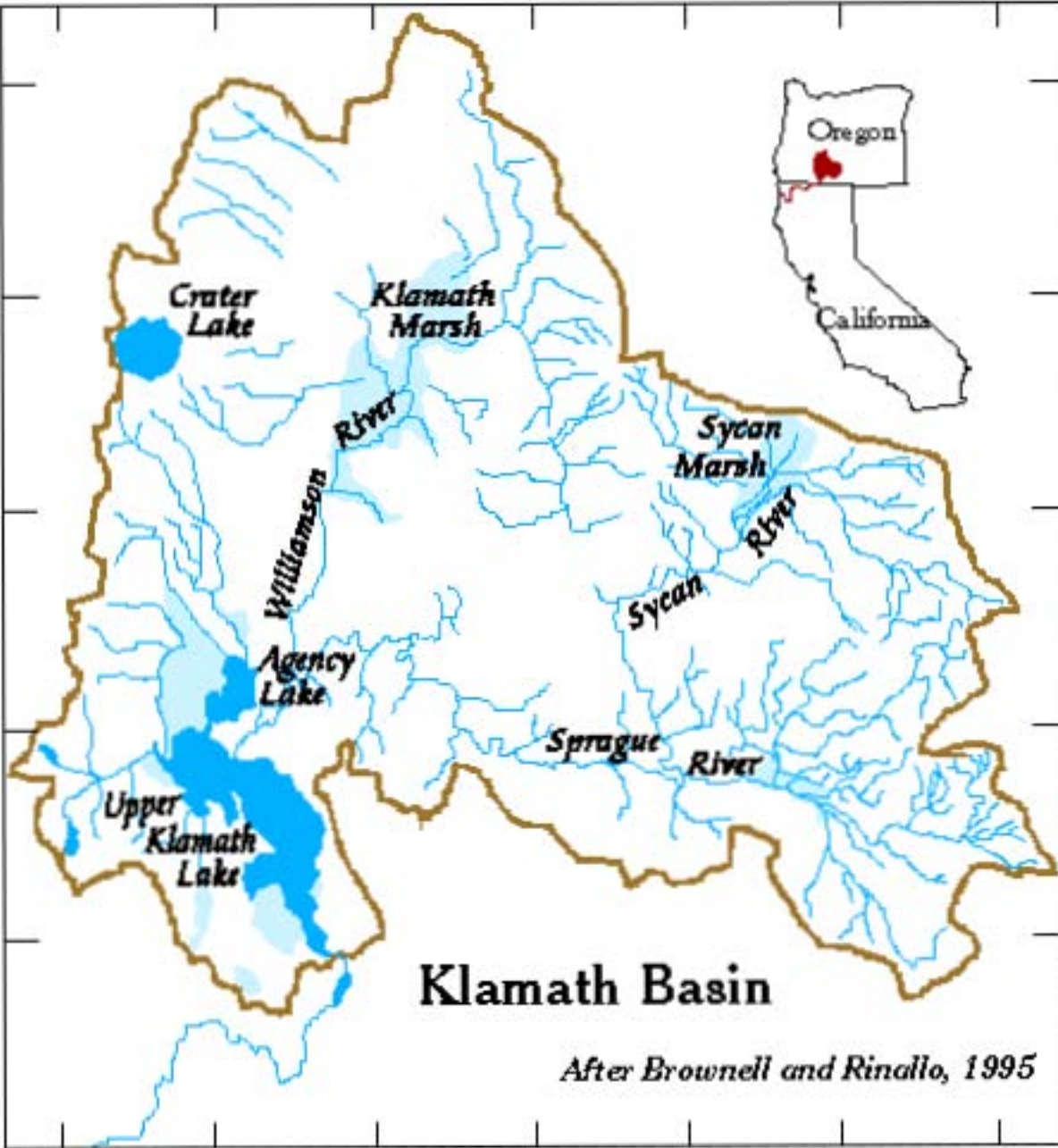
??? **Total Maximum Daily Load** ???





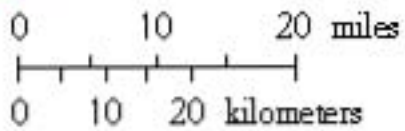
15" 122'00" 45" 30" 15" 121'00" 120'45"

15"
43'00"
45"
30"
15"
42'00"

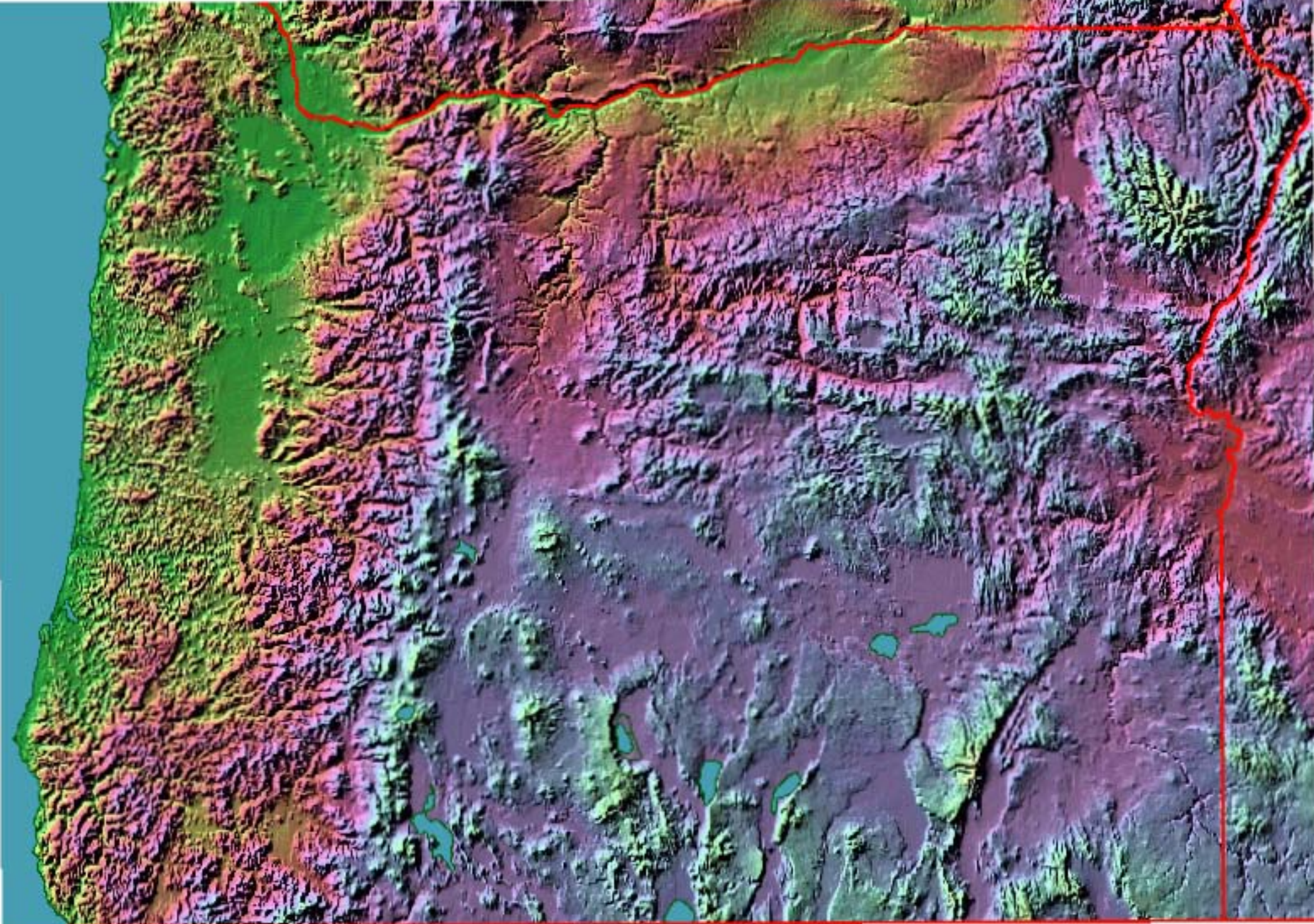


Klamath Basin

After Brownell and Rinallo, 1995



*S.M. Colman and J.S. Hatton
U.S. Geological Survey*





Water Quality Comparisons

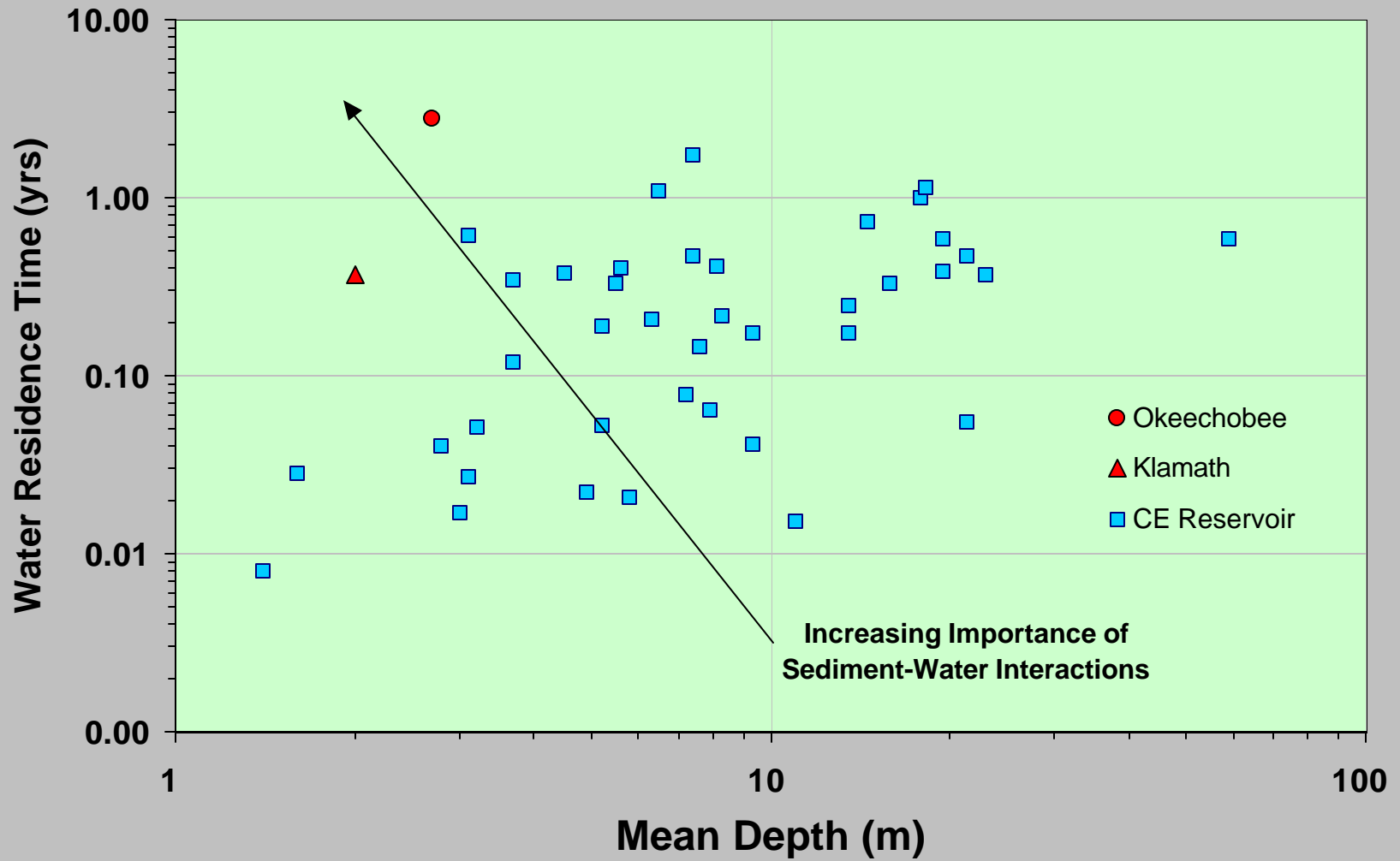
<u>Variable</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Okeechobee*</u>	<u>Klamath</u>
Period of Record	years	27	10
Total P	ppb	87	158
Total N	ppb	1590	1735
Chlorophyll-a	ppb	23	88
Freq. Chl-a > 40 ppb	%	12%	61%
Freq. Chl-a > 100 ppb	%	0.3%	38%
Secchi Depth	m	0.50	0.88
Mean Depth / Secchi	-	5.4	2.3
Mean pH	-	8.2	8.7
Freq. pH > 9	-	1%	38%
Calcium	ppm	41	< 2
Alkalinity	ppm	146	50

* Pelagic Zone

Morphometric & Hydrologic Features

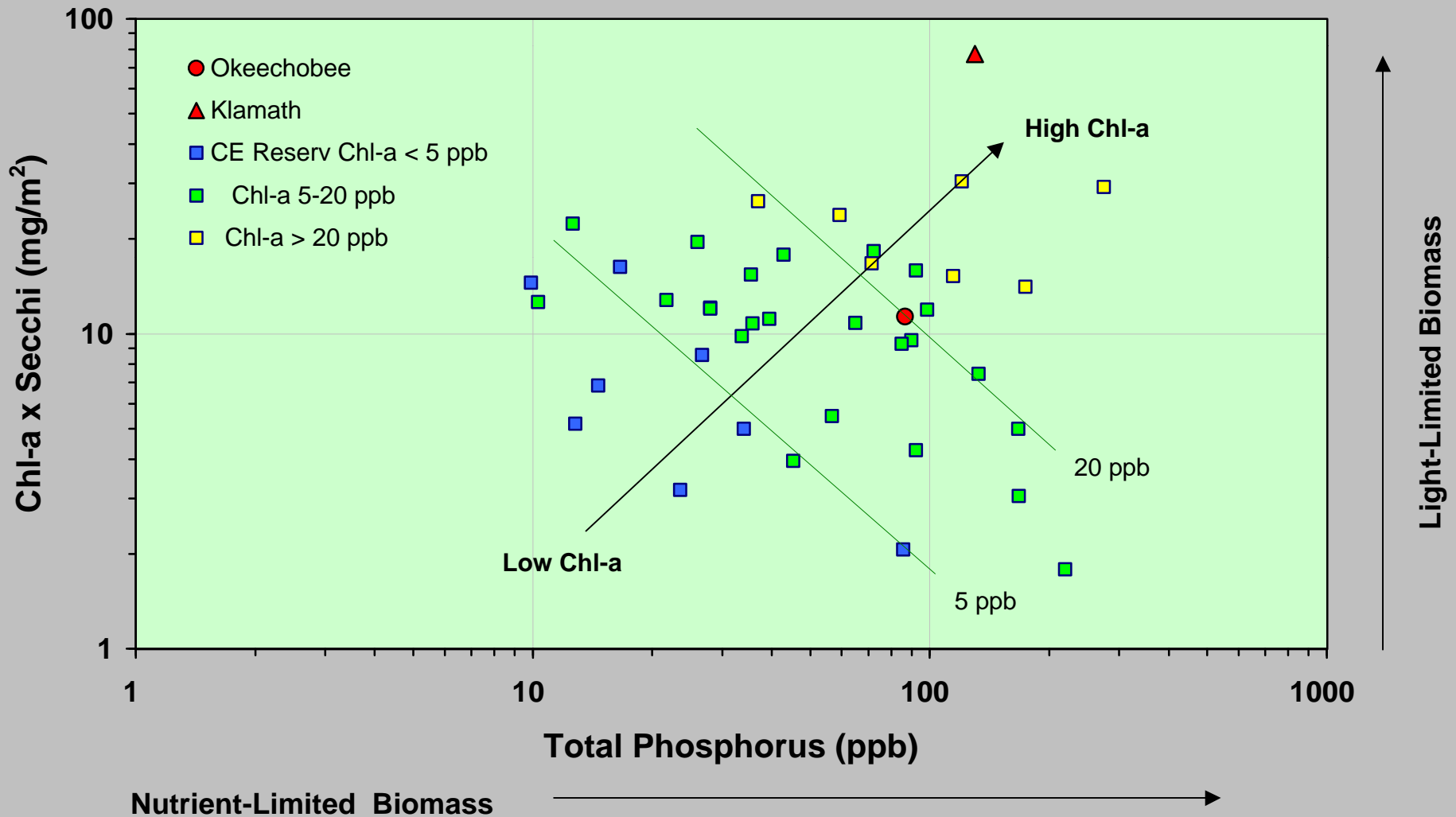
<u>Feature</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Okeechobee</u>	<u>Klamath</u>
Watershed Area	km ²	11,914	9,758
Surface Area	km ²	1,732	271
Mean Depth	m	2.7	2.0
Net Water Load	m/yr	1.0	5.4
Hyd. Residence Time	years	2.8	0.4
Evap. / Total Outflow	%	65%	15%

Factors Controlling Phosphorus Retention

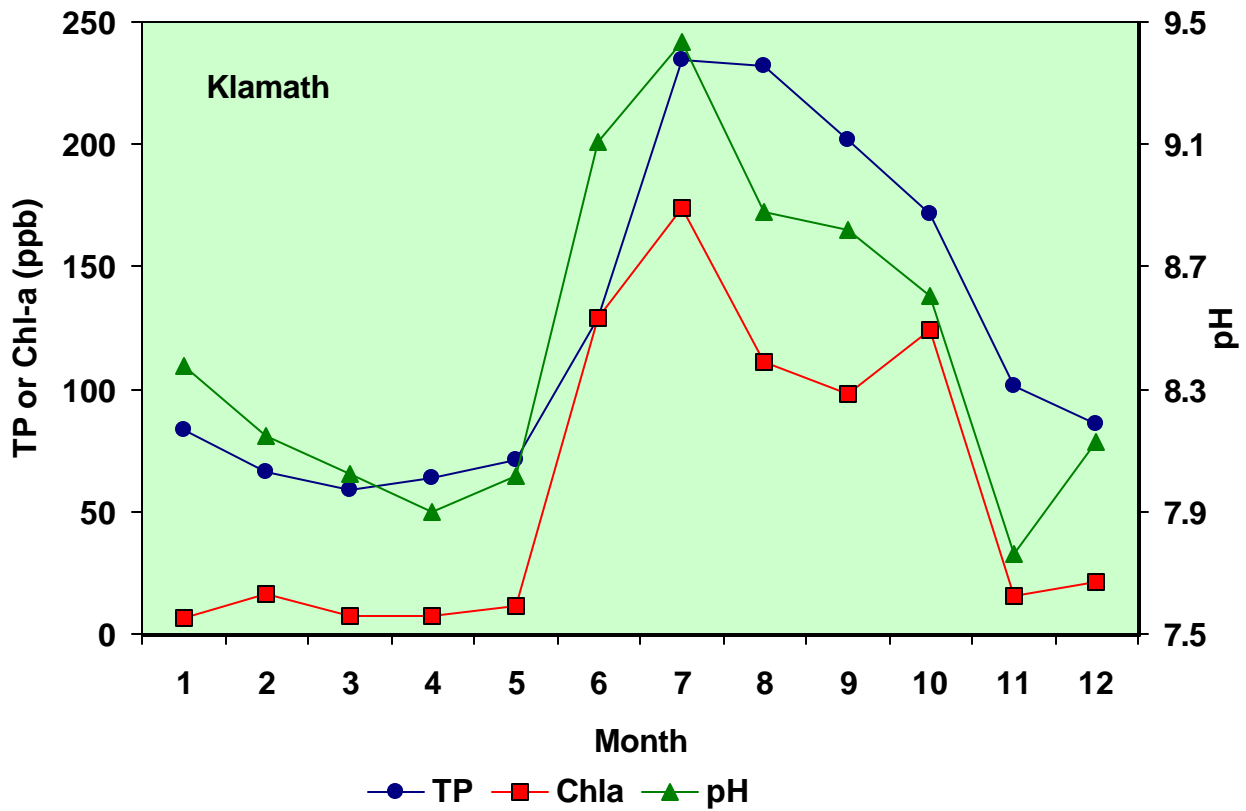
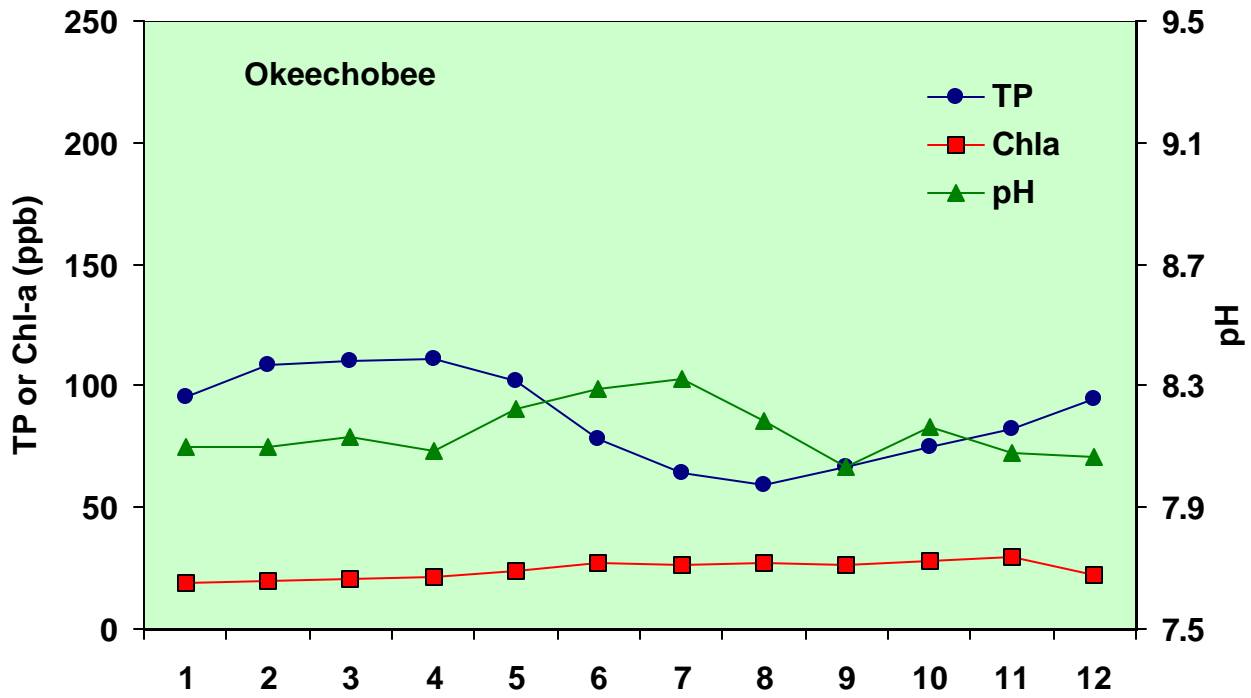


Trophic State Classification System for Reservoirs

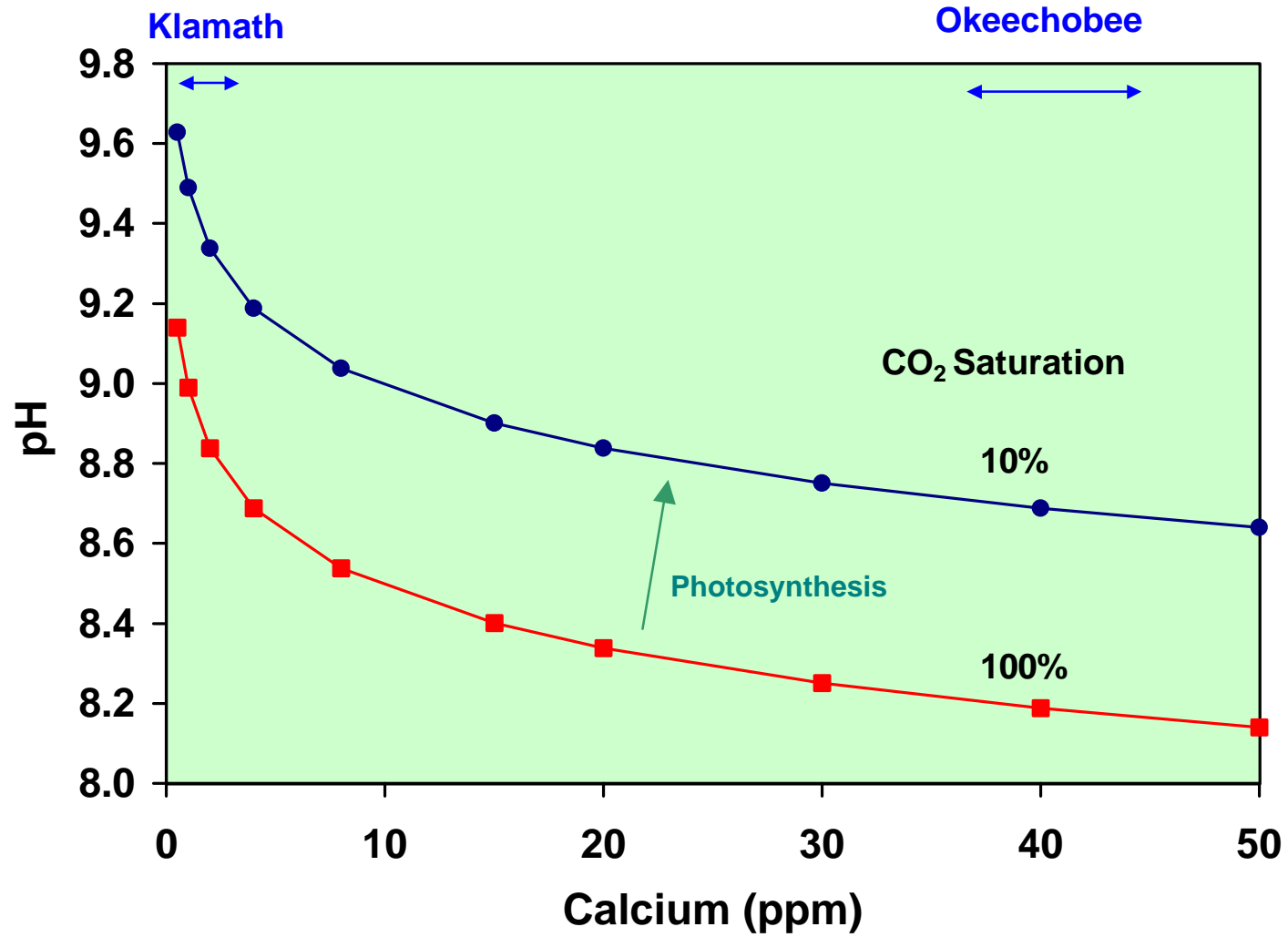
Walker, 1985



Seasonal Variations in Total P, Chl-a, & pH

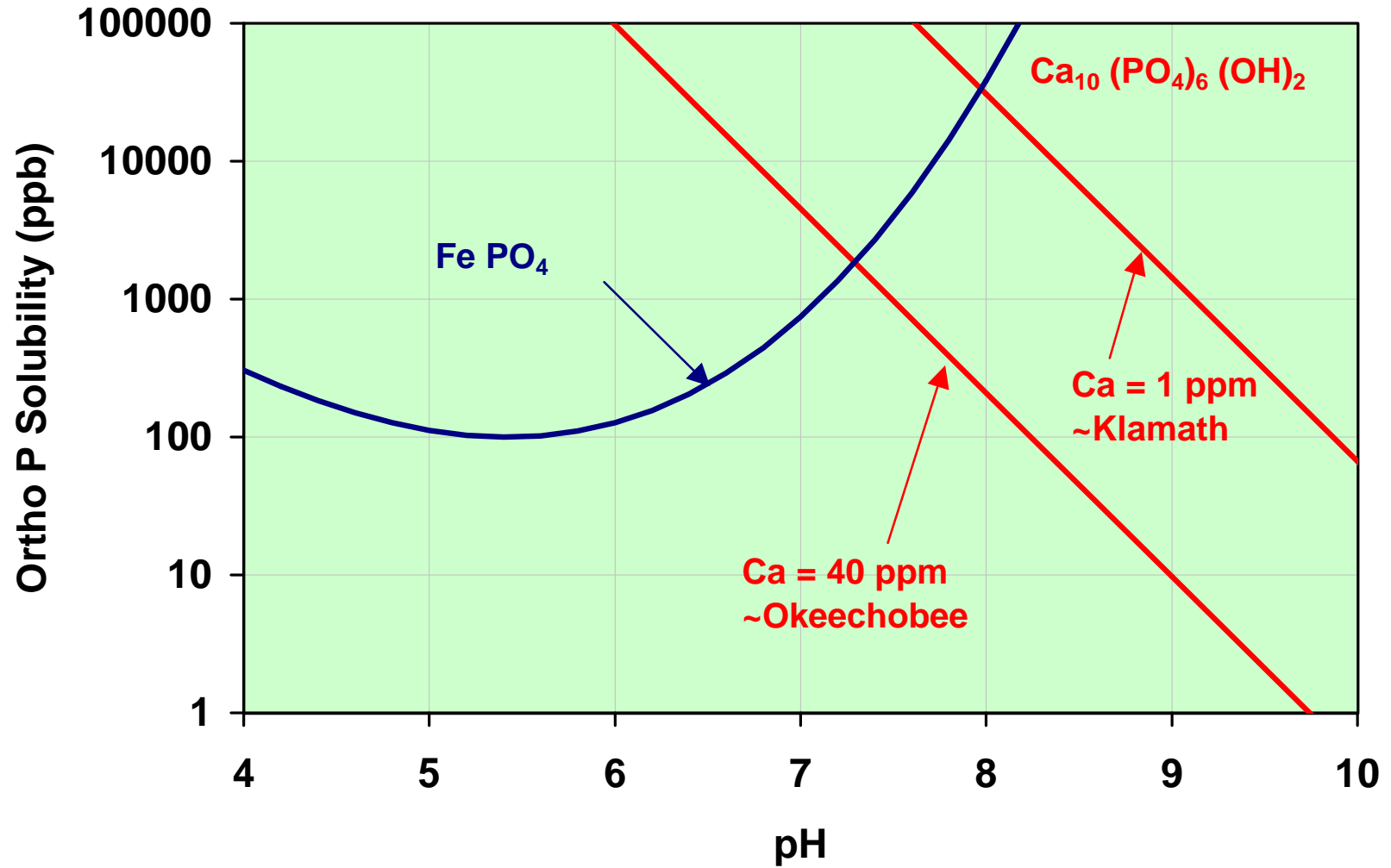


pH vs. Calcium & Dissolved Carbon Dioxide

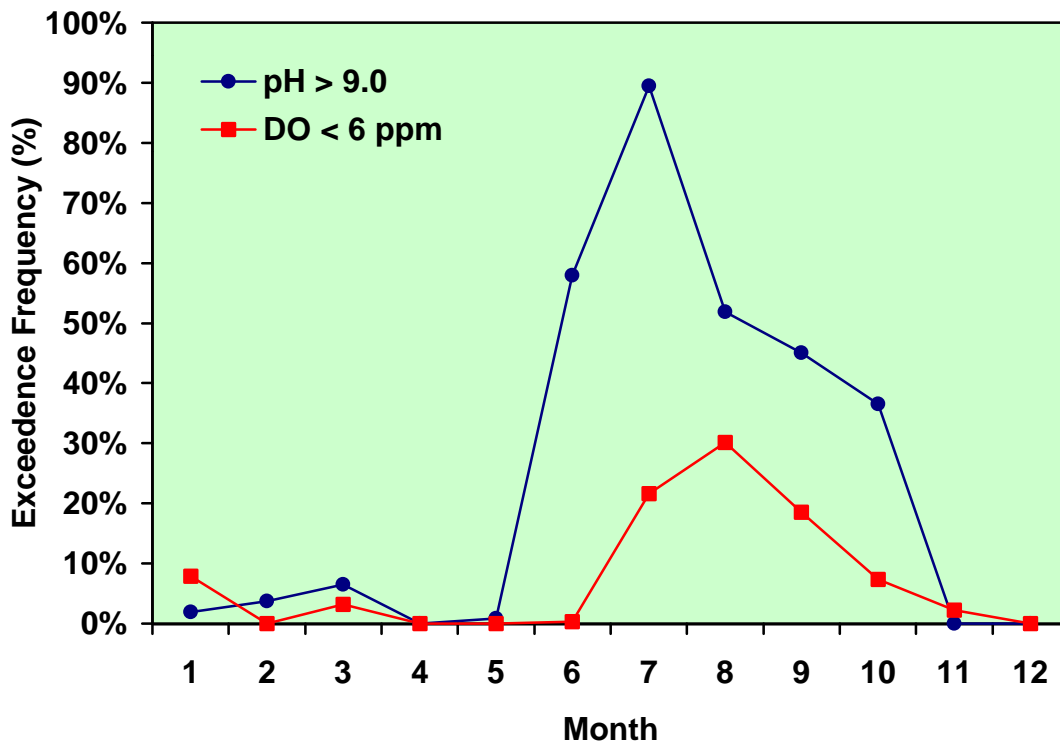
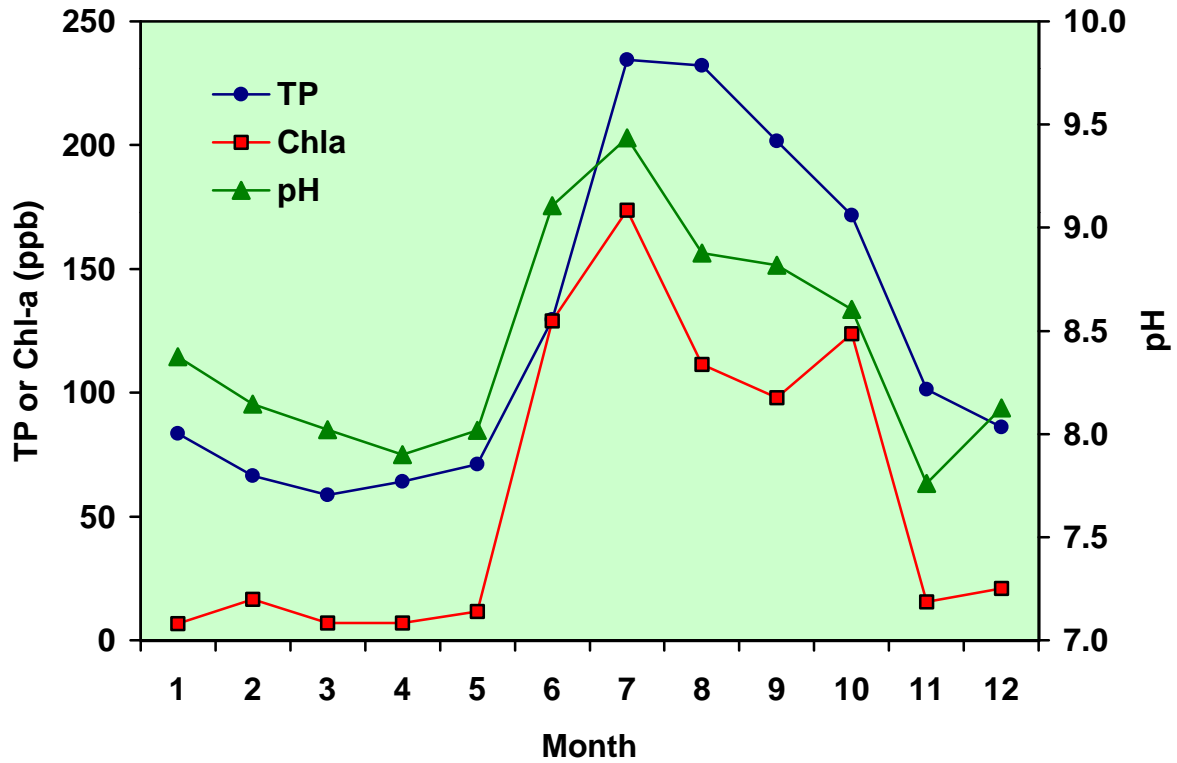


Temp = 25 deg C

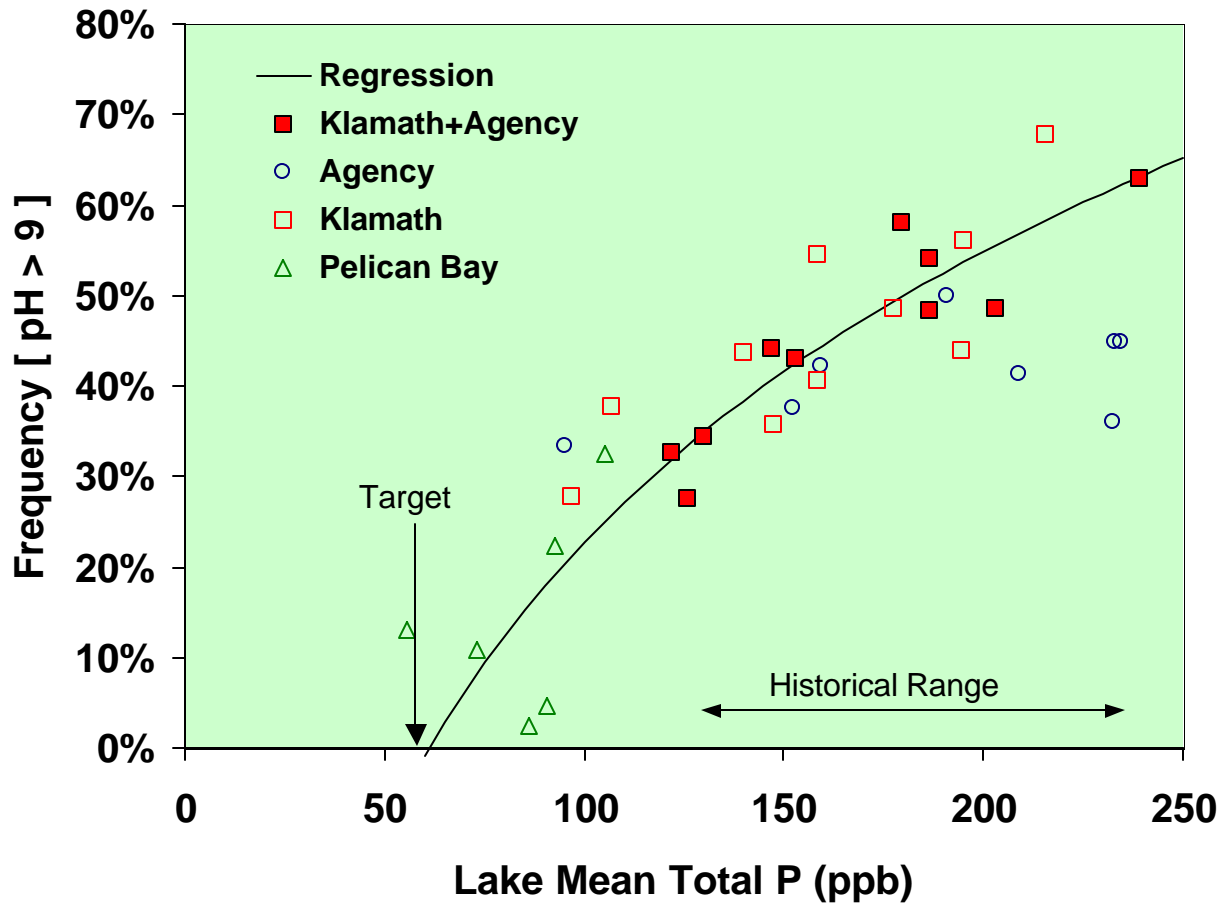
Iron & Calcium Controls on Ortho P Solubility



Seasonal Variations - Upper Klamath Lake



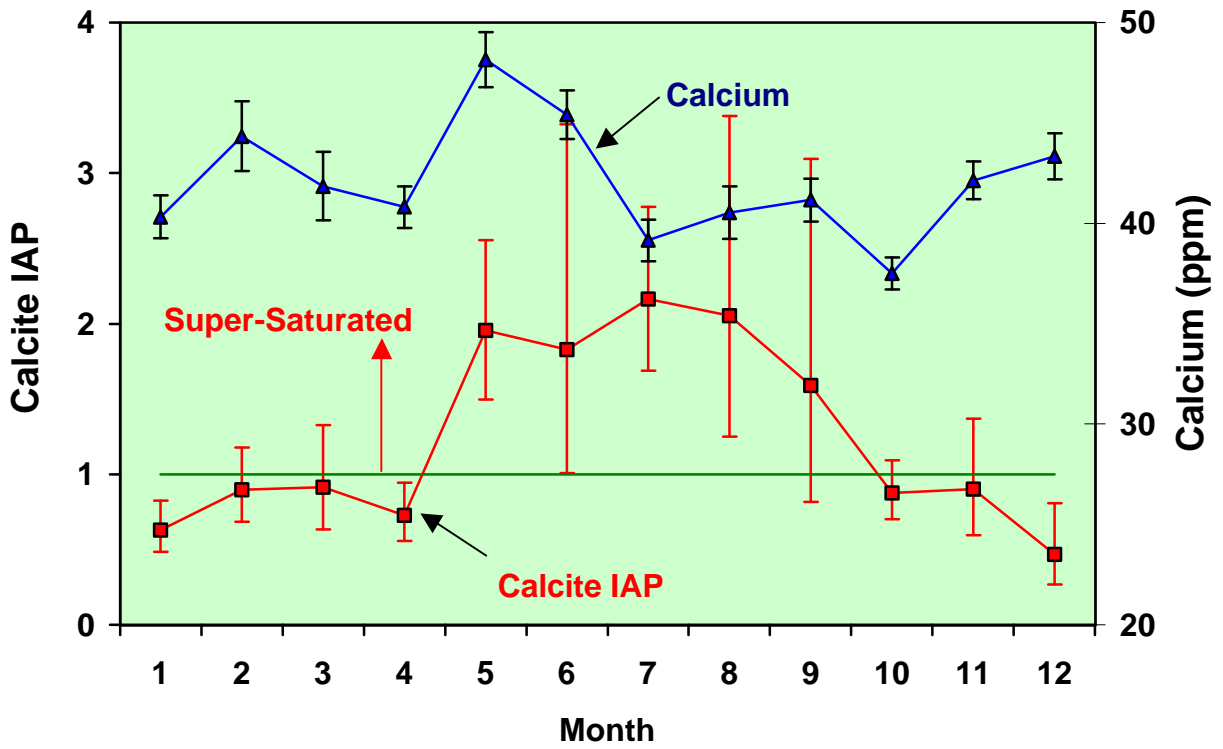
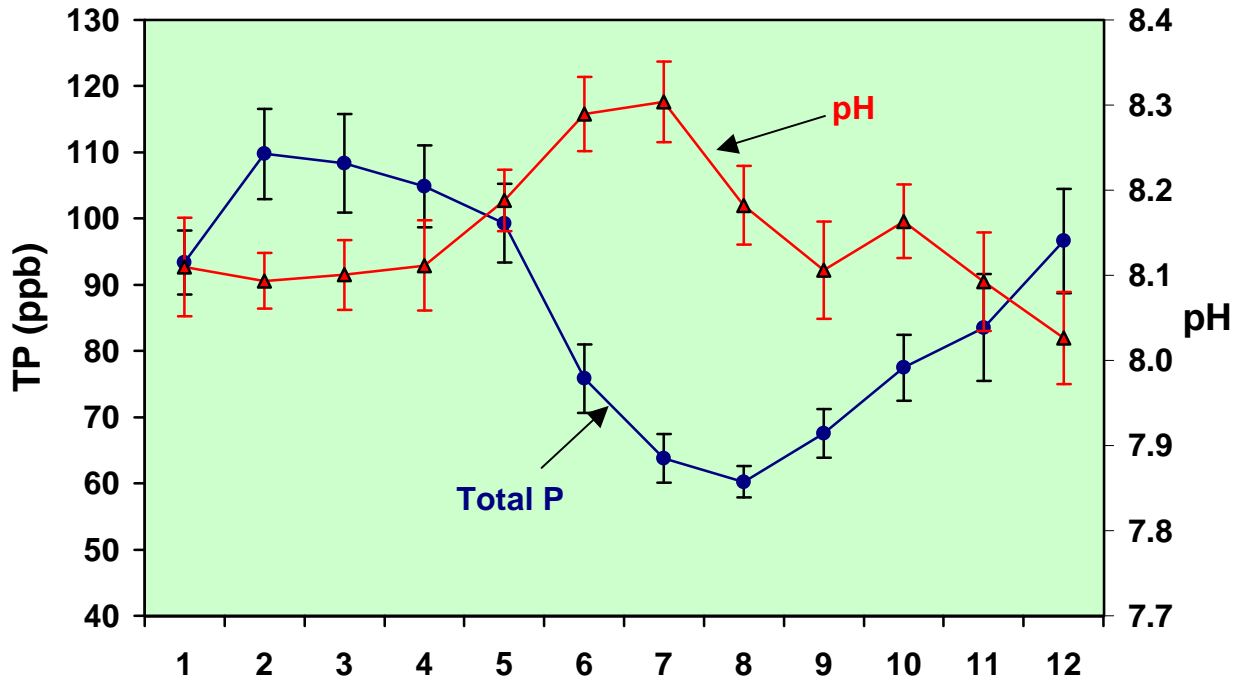
Derivation of Phosphorus Target for Upper Klamath Lake for Compliance with pH Standard



Yearly Means by Lake Region, April-October
 Frequency = % of Measurements (All Stations & Depths) Exceeding pH 9

DRAFT

Seasonal Variations in Total P, Calcium, pH, & Calcite IAP



Phosphorus TMDL's for Lakes

Watershed Mass Balance:

$$\text{TMDL} = \text{NLA's} + \text{SWLA's} + \text{Background} + \text{MOS}$$

Total Maximum Daily Load
Non-Point Sources
Point Sources
Natural or Unregulated
Margin of Safety

Lake Mass Balance:

$$\text{TMDL} = Q_o P^* + K_{NET} A P^* + L_i$$

Input
Flushing
Net Retention
"Internal Load"

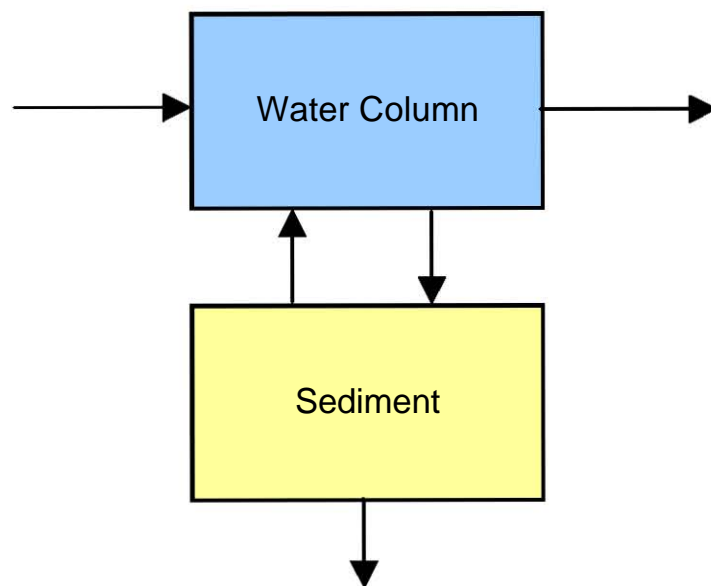
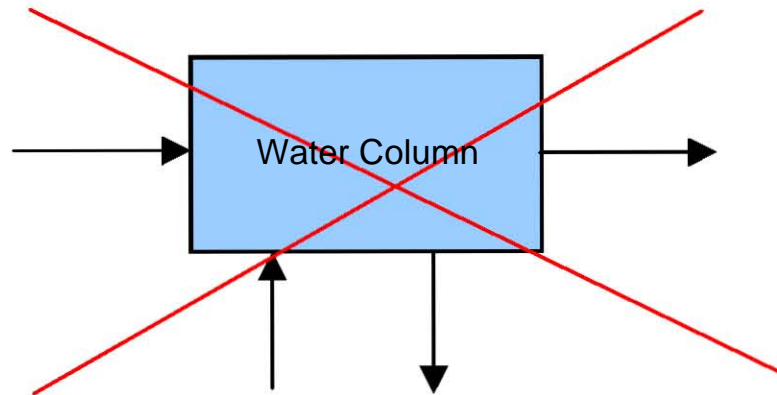
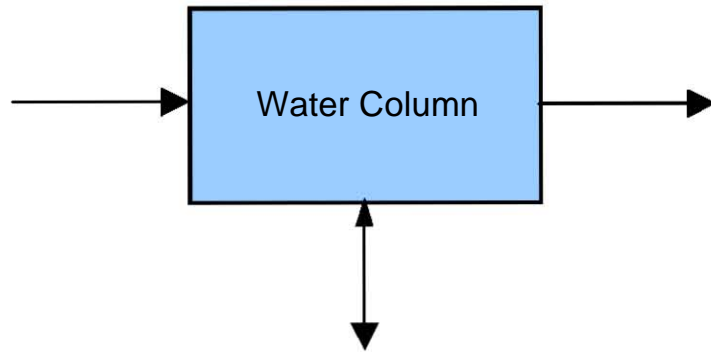
Decisions:

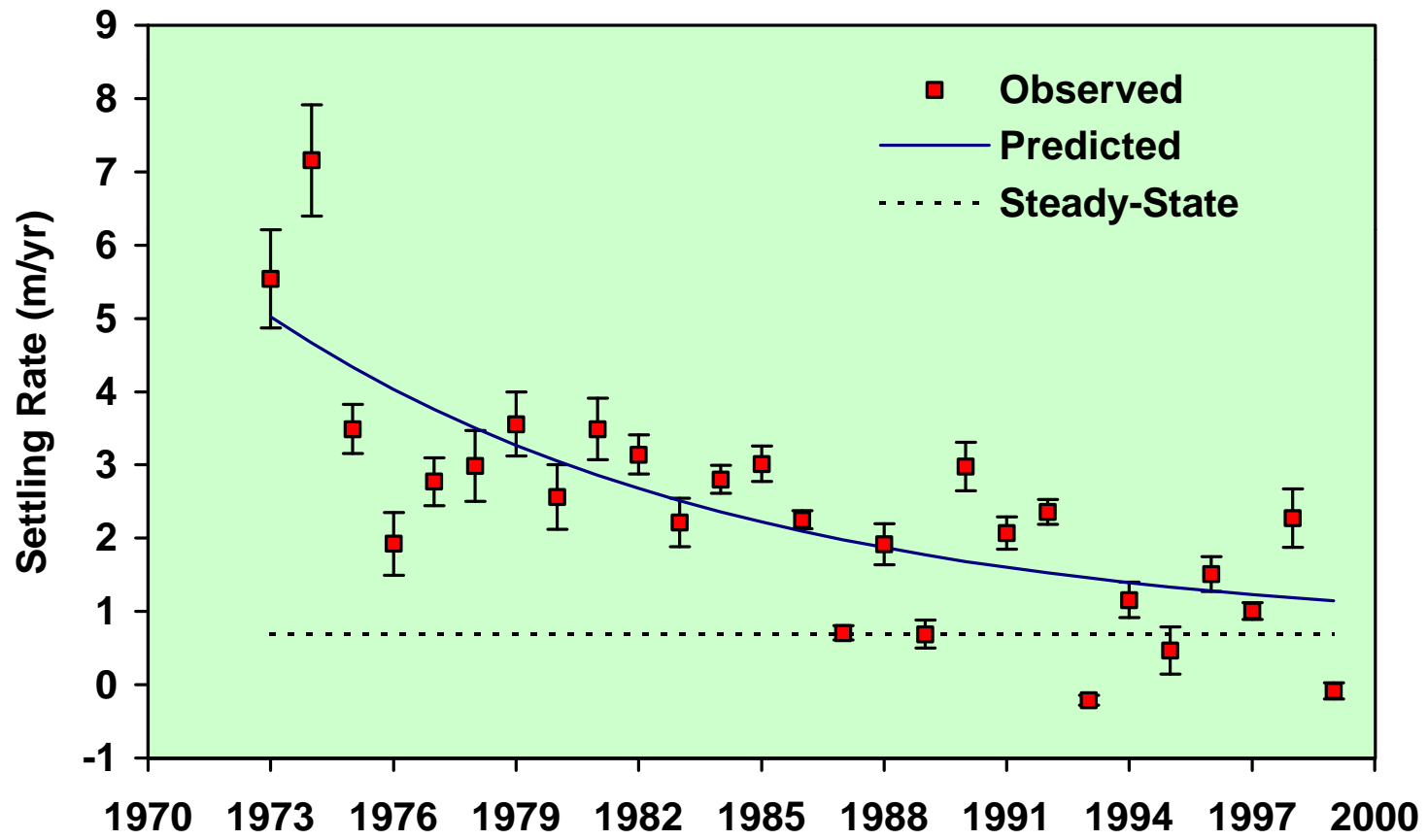
- Water Quality Objectives
- Phosphorus Target (P*)
- Spatial & Temporal Scales
- Model Development
- Control Technologies
- Allocations
- Implementation Schedule

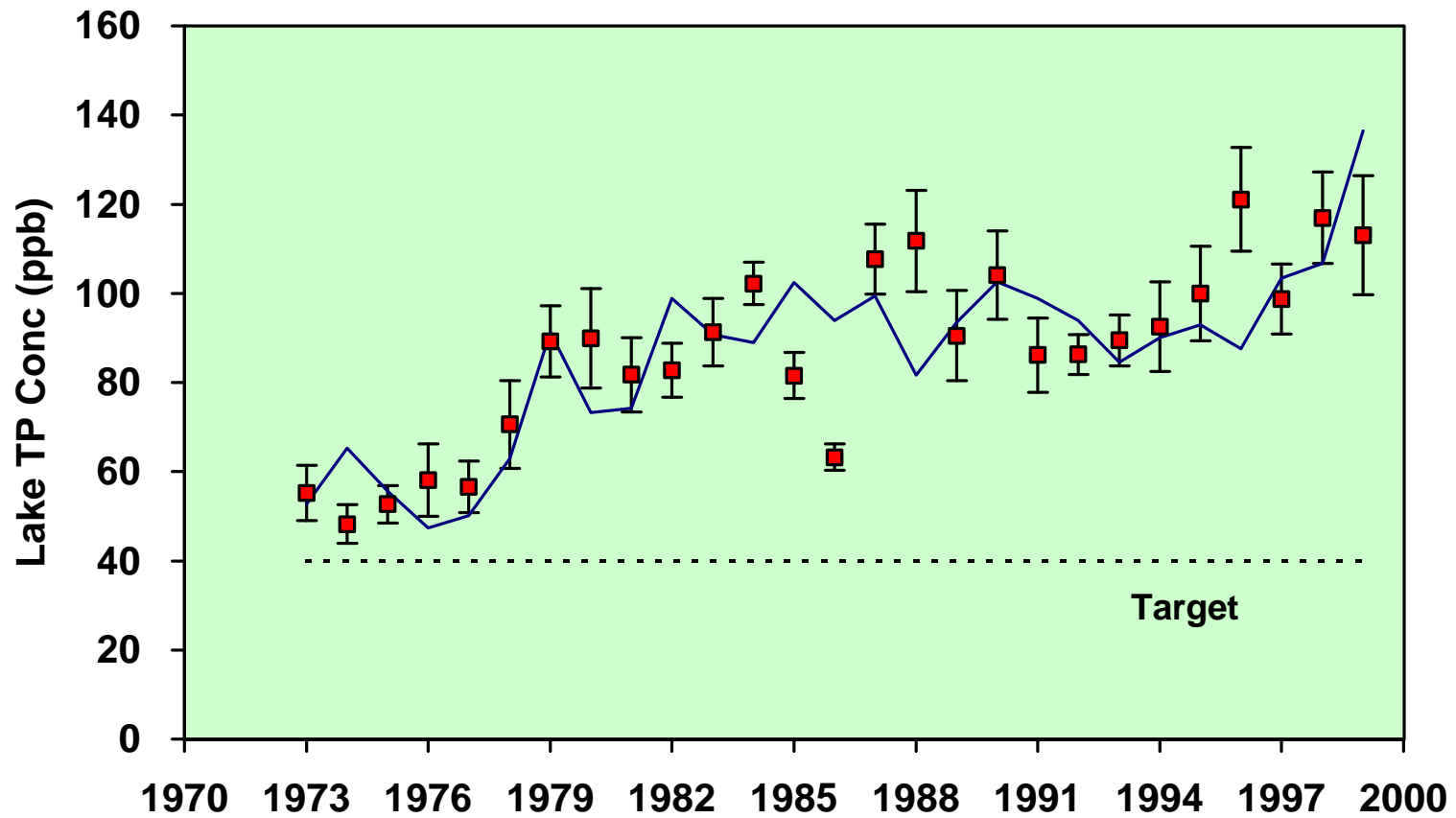


~ 5 years

Alternative Mass Balance Models

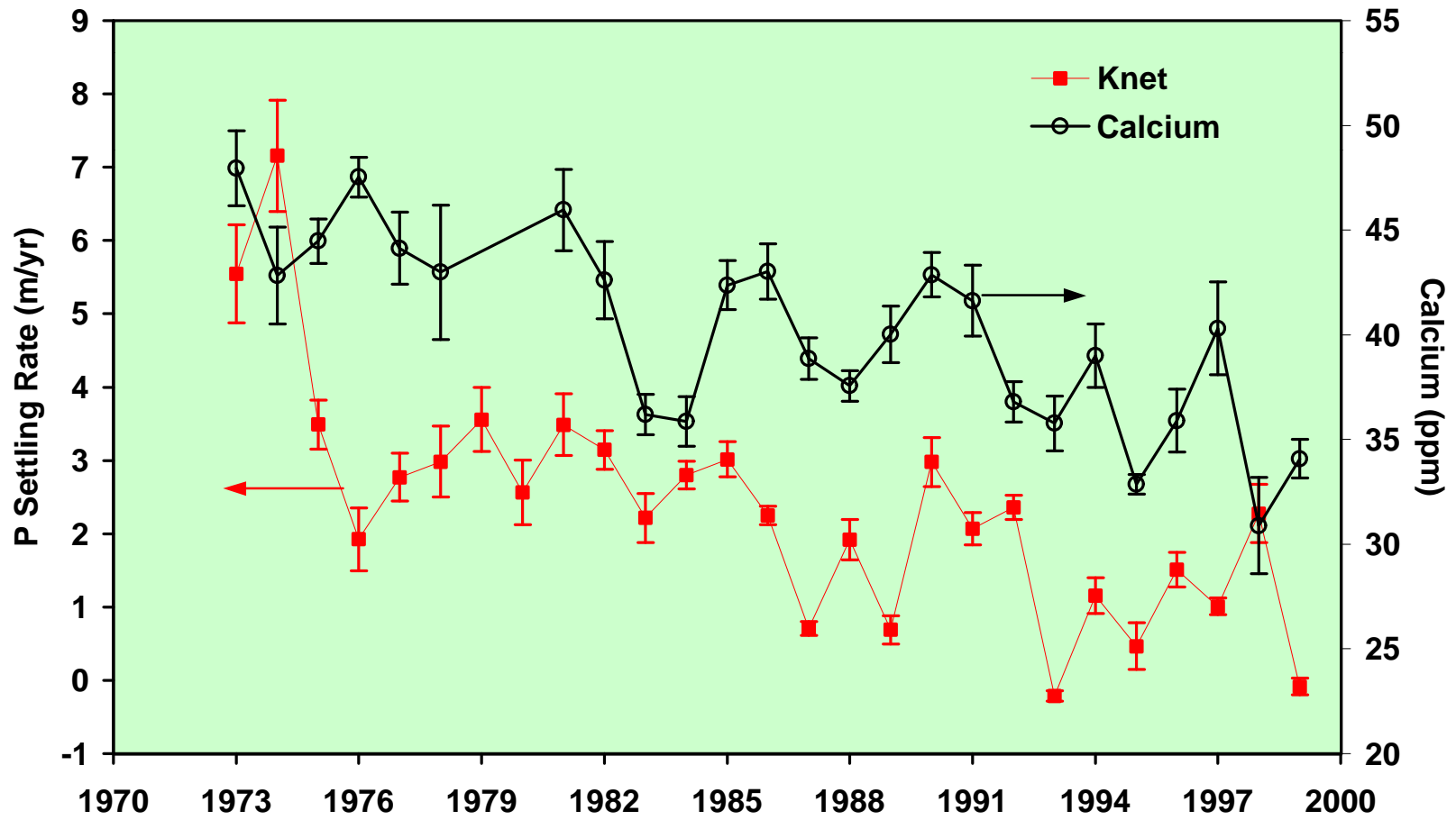






Mass Balance: $dM / dt = L - Q C - K_{NET} A C$

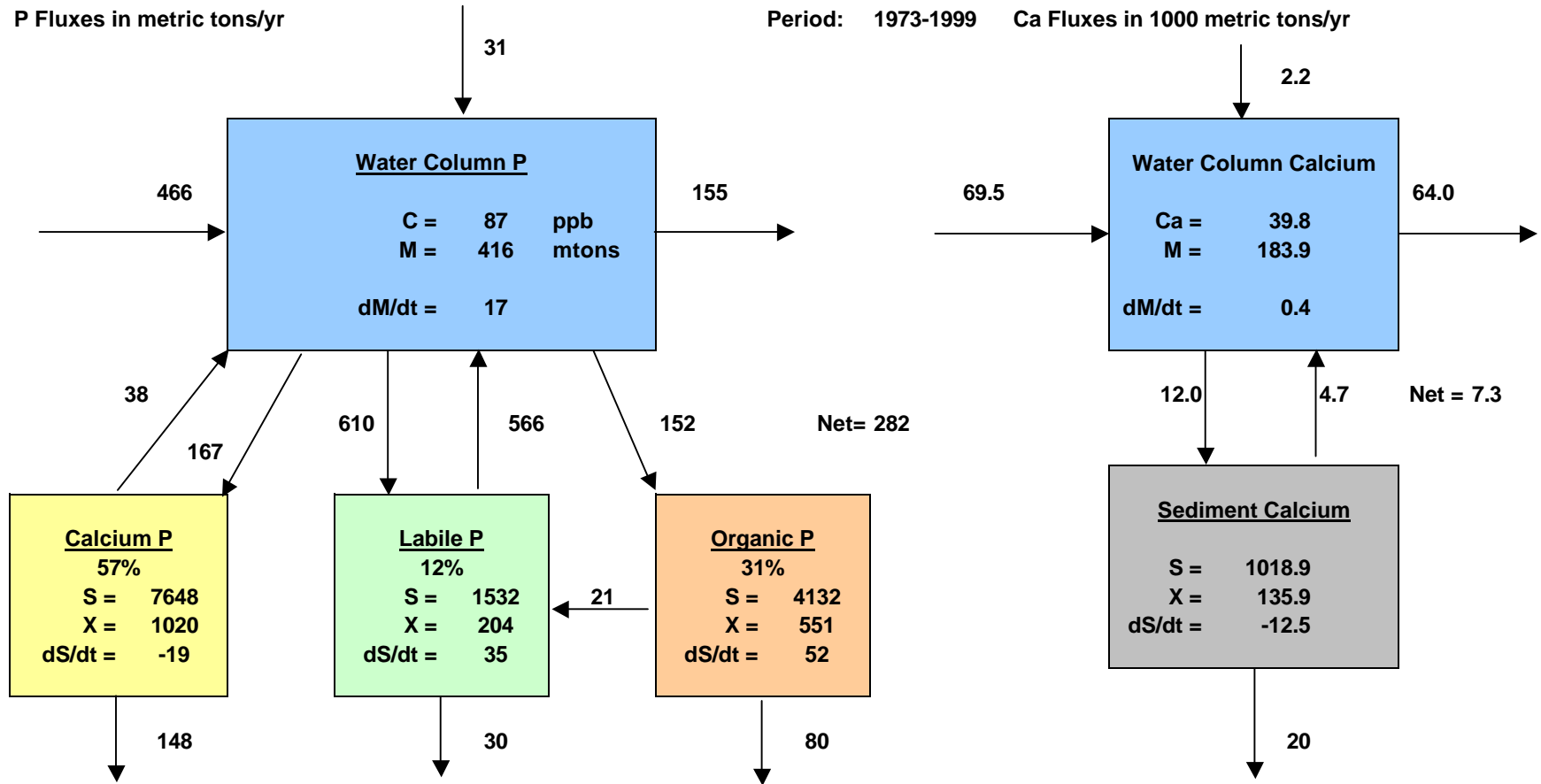
Phosphorus Settling Rate & Calcium Concentration



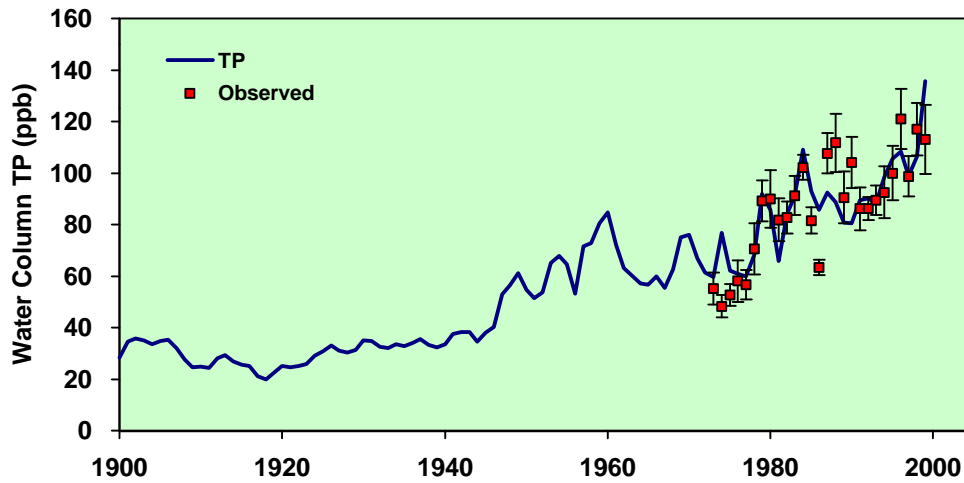
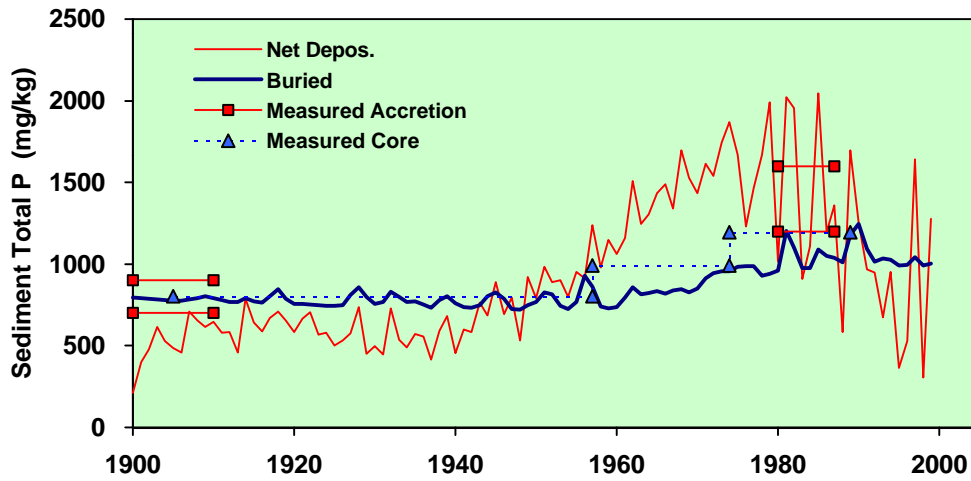
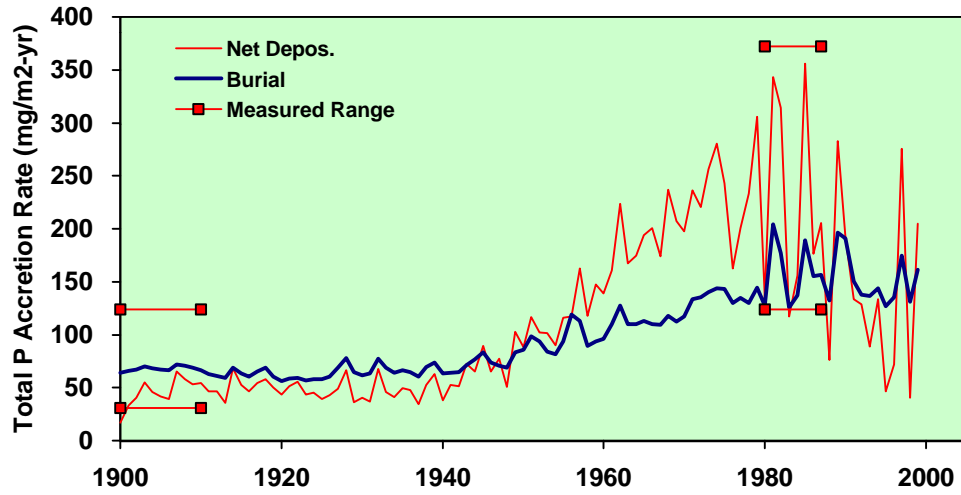
Phosphorus & Calcium Balances

P Fluxes in metric tons/yr

Period: 1973-1999 Ca Fluxes in 1000 metric tons/yr



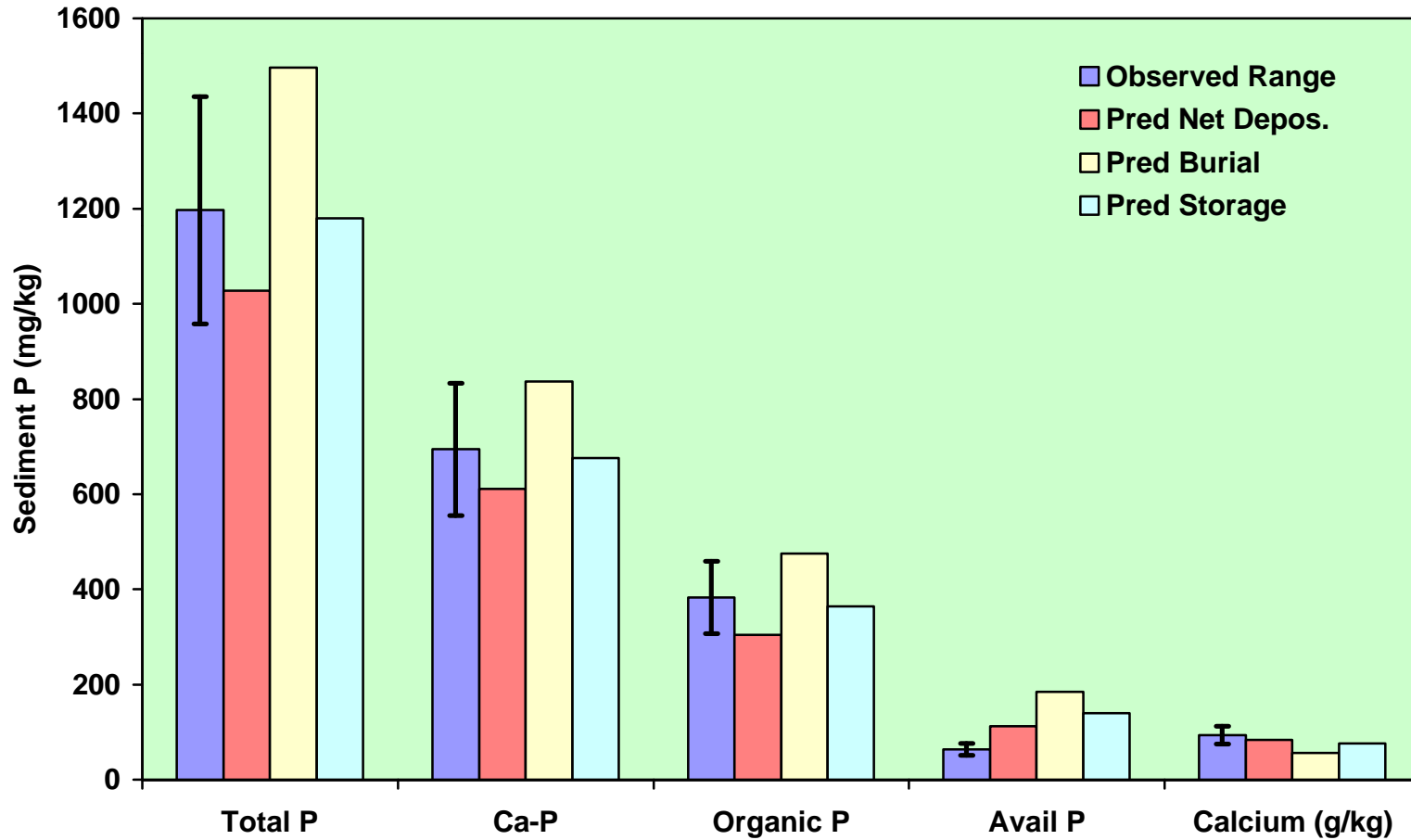
Observed & Predicted Sediment & Water-Column Phosphorus



$R^2 = 0.60$ $SE = 13.0$ ppb

Observed & Predicted Sediment Composition

Mud Zone 0-5 Cm Core (~1989)

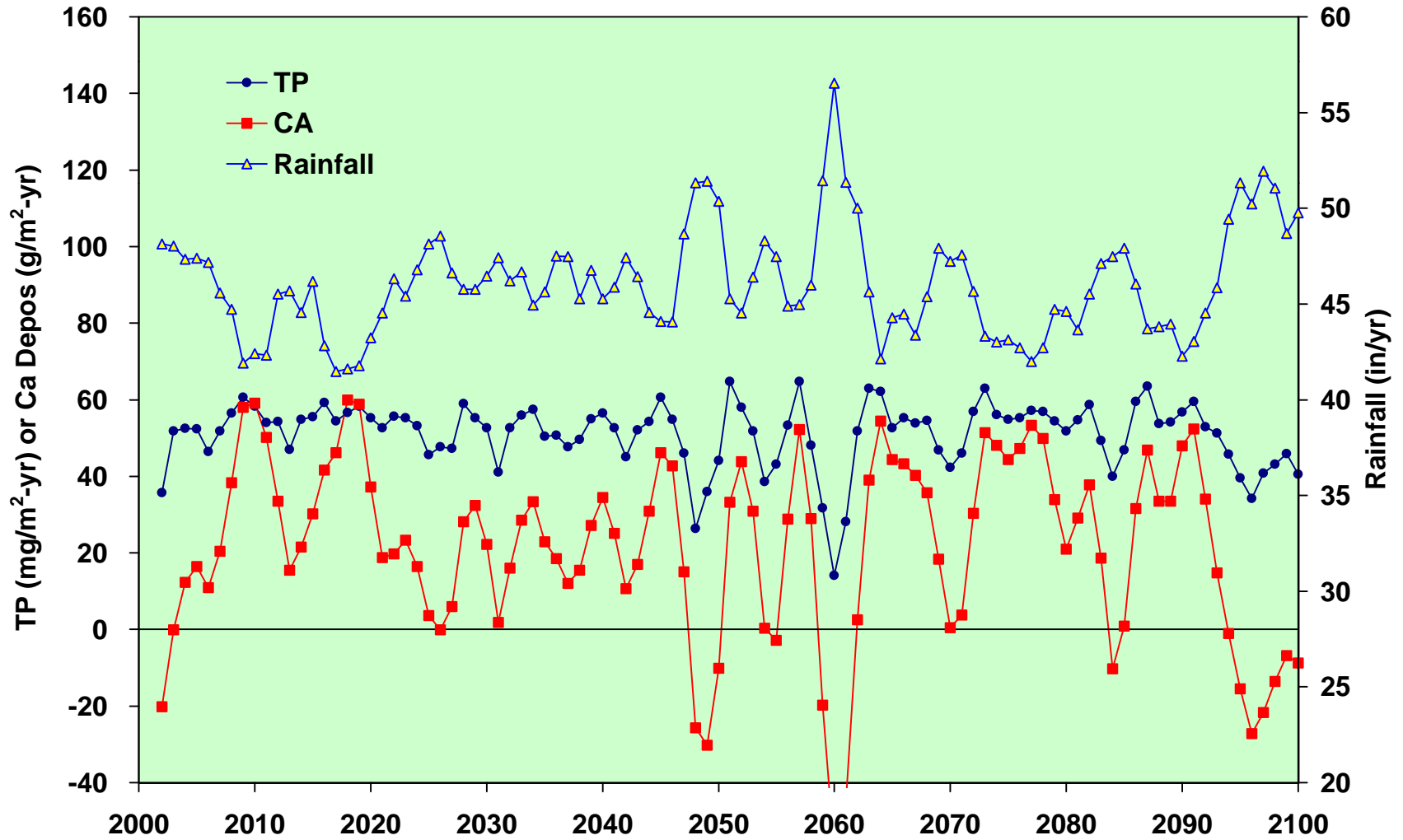


Observed values from 0-5 cm core collected in 1989 by Olila et al (1995) at Station K8 in mud zone; +/- 2 standard errors

Model available P pool compared with measured $\text{NH}_4\text{CL-P} + \text{NaOH-P} + \text{Loose Organic P}$.

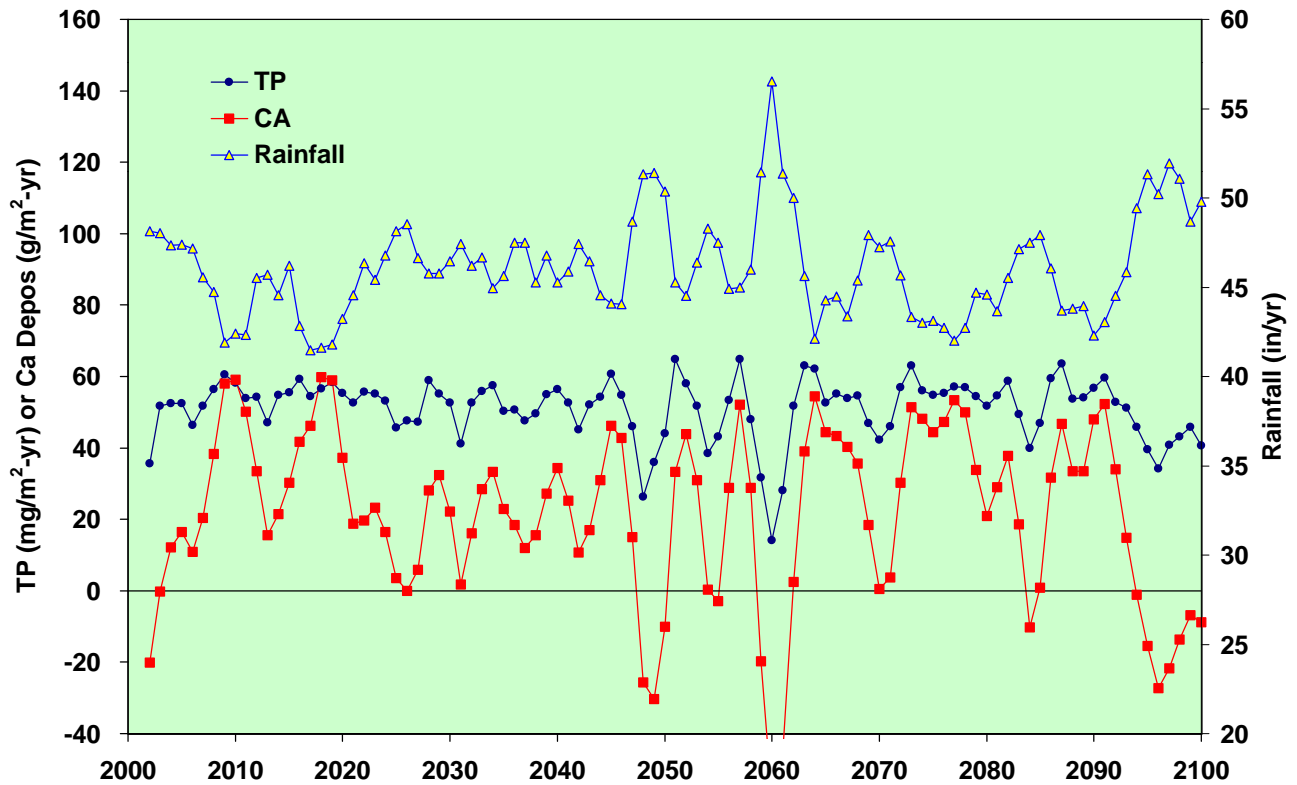
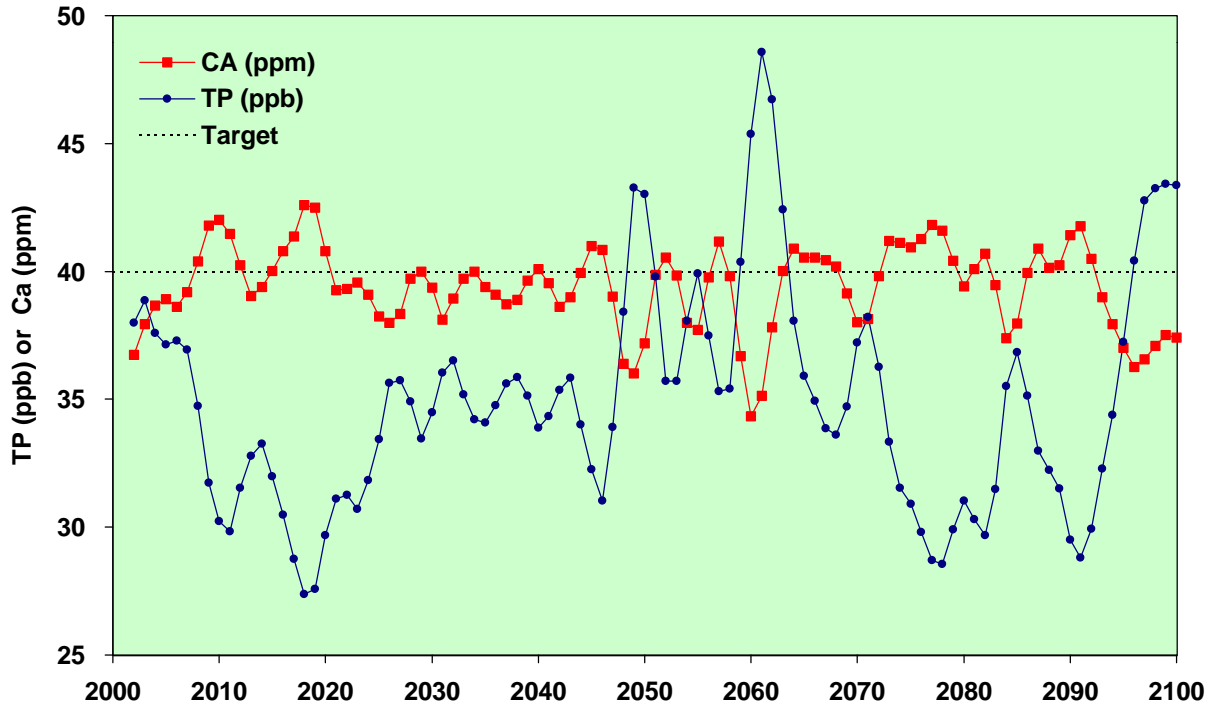
Predicted composition of active storage, net deposition from water column, & burial from storage over time interval represented by core.

Rain-Driven Variations in Calcium & Phosphorus Deposition



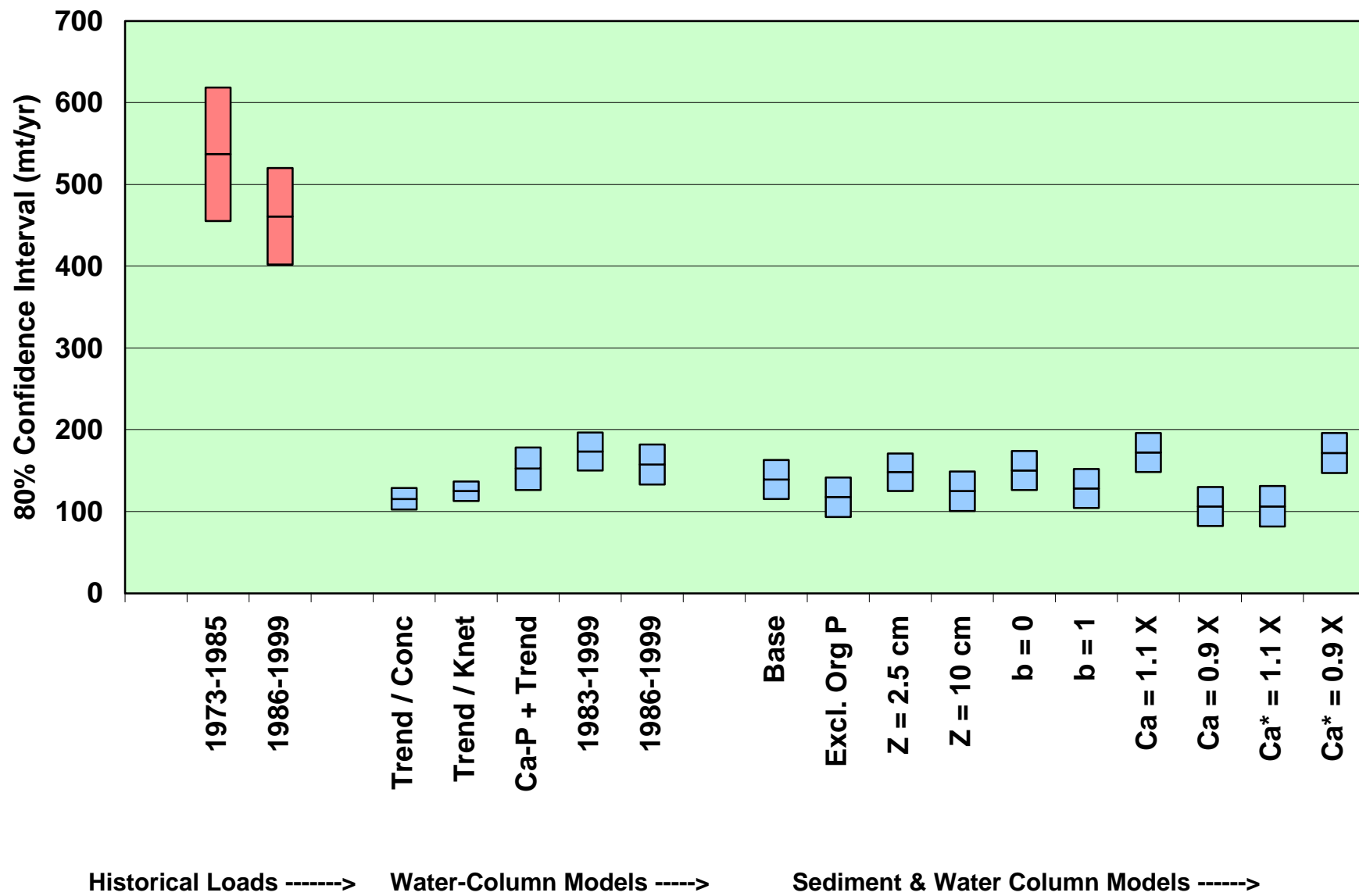
Three-Year rolling averages using simulated hydrology based upon 1900-1999 rainfall record & TMDL Conditions

Rain-Driven Variations in Calcium & Phosphorus Under TMDL Conditions



Three-Year rolling averages using simulated hydrology based upon 1900-1999 rainfall record

Lake Okeechobee Historical P Loads vs. Alternative TMDL Estimates



Phosphorus Concentrations & Loads

<u>Feature</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Okeechobee</u>	<u>Klamath</u>
<u>Historical Conditions</u>			
Lake P Conc	ppb	87	158
Inflow P Conc	ppb	194	120
Total P Load	mg/m ² -yr	288	656
Anthropogenic Load	%	74%	40%
Retention Coef.	%	57%	14%
<u>TMDL Conditions</u>			
Lake P Target	ppb	40	? 50 - 70 ?
Basis for Target	-	Algal Blooms	pH, DO, Blooms
TMDL	mg/m ² -yr	70 - 90	200 - 400
Load Reduction	%	65 - 80%	40 - 60%
Inflow Conc	ppb	45 - 65	40 - 60

